The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 9209.—VOL. LVI. **TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1867.** **PRICE THREEPENCE.**

BIRTHS.

On the 19th instant, at Camperdown, near Camden, Mrs. E. G. MANTON, of a son.

On the 20th instant, at her residence, 105, Stanley-street, Woolloomooloo, Mrs. H. C. HUMPHREYS, of a daughter.

On the 23rd instant, at Piper-street, Woollahra, Mrs. JOHN WHITE (late of Dunedin, New Zealand), of a daughter.

On the 23rd instant, at her residence, 674, George-street South, the wife of Mr. EDWARD HORDERN, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

On the 6th instant, at the residence of the bride's brother-in-law, T. Rowland, Government surveyor, Orange, by the Rev. J. O'Donovan, P.P., EDWARD B., eldest son of the late JOSEPH MCELLER, Esq., of Bredalbigh, Orange, to JOHANNA M., second daughter of the late C. WALKER, Esq.

DEATHS.

On the 12th instant, at Rockhampton, MARGARET FLORENCE, only daughter of EDWARD DENNY DAY, junior, aged 6 months.

On the 22nd instant, at her residence, 404, Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst, MARY ANN TERESA, the beloved wife of Captain J. W. CLARK, aged 29 years.

On the 23rd instant, suddenly, at the residence of his parents, Hunter's-hill, ALFRED JOHN, the beloved second son of Mr. WILLIAM CLARKE, aged 23 years, deeply regretted.

On the 24th instant, of bilious fever, at the residence of Mr. R. M. Hiscox, Station-street, Newtown, WILLIAM ARTHUR FARNESTER, Esq., youngest son of the late C. G. Bannister, Esq., Solicitor to the War Office, aged 23 years and 1 month.

On the 25th instant, at his parents' residence, Crescent-street, Church-hill, NEWMAN WINTERBOTHAM, infant son of Alfred and Mary Wheeler, aged 10 months. Hull papers please copy.

On the 25th instant, at Balmain, CHARLES MORANT, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. ATLAS FOWLER, of Stephen-street.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO ENGLAND.—The PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship
GEELONG,
1584 tons, 250-horse power,
N. J. Skottowe, commander,
will be dispatched for GALLE, with her Majesty's mails, passengers, specie, and cargo, on TUESDAY, the 24th December, 1867, at 2 p.m., touching at MELBOURNE and KING GEORGE'S SOUND.

Cargo will be received until 5 p.m. on the 21st, and specie and parcels until noon of the 23rd.

For particulars regarding freight and passage, with information on all subjects connected with the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Lines, apply to
HENRY MOORE, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, Sydney, 25th November, 1867.

Passengers embarking on the return passage within six months after arrival in England, or vice versa, will be allowed a reduction of one-fifth from the amount of passage money.

PANAMA, NEW ZEALAND, and AUSTRALIAN ROYAL MAIL COMPANY (Limited).
STEAM TO ENGLAND, CALIFORNIA, and NEW YORK via PANAMA,
in conjunction with the steamships of the Royal Mail Steampacket Company, of London, and Pacific Mail Steamship Company, New York.
The screw steamship
RAKAIA,
1500 tons register, 500-horse power,
S. H. Wright, R.N.R., commander,
is appointed
to leave Sydney for PANAMA,
via WELLINGTON, N.Z.,
SUNDAY, December 1st, at 9 a.m.,
with her Majesty's Mails,

Through bills of lading are issued at moderate rates, and shippers may rely on regular delivery, in good order, in schedule time.

This company's steamers leave Sydney on the 1st, and Wellington on the 8th of each month; are due at Panama on the 5th or 6th of following month, and will form regular connection there as follows:—
FOR SOUTHAMPTON,
Leave Colon on 6th or 7th, arriving at Southampton 26th of each month.
FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
Leave Panama on 9th, arriving at San Francisco 22nd of each month.
FOR NEW YORK.
Leave Colon 12th or 13th, arriving at New York 20th or 21st of each month.

Passengers booked from all this Company's agencies, at through rates to Jamaica, St. Thomas's, Havana, Trinidad, Vera Cruz, and Demerara.

First-class passengers are allowed 336 lbs. or 20 cubic feet for luggage; second-class, 168 lbs., or 15 cubic feet, which must be delivered at the Company's Office twenty-four hours before the departure of the steamer, when it will be labelled, manifested, weighed, and measured.

All excess to be paid for as measurement goods, without primage.

For full particulars, rates of freight, passage, &c., apply at the Company's Offices.
H. B. BENSON, General Manager.
RETURN TICKETS,
at a fare and a half for the double journey, for Southampton or Panama, available for twelve months.

STEAM TO HOKITIKA DIRECT.
REDUCED FARES.
The Panama, New Zealand, and Australian Royal Mail Steamship
PHŒBE,
E. Wheeler, commander,
will be dispatched for HOKITIKA, GREY, NELSON, PICTON, and WELLINGTON,
On or about December 5th,
Taking cargo and passengers for TARANAKI, NAPIER, LYTTELTON, OTAGO, and BLUFF, and cargo for WANGANUI.

For freight and passage apply at the Company's Office, Grafton Wharf,
H. B. BENSON, General Manager.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND TO ENGLAND.
(VIA ISTHMUS OF PANAMA)
THE ROYAL MAIL STEAMPACKET COMPANY'S STEAMERS leave COLON (ASPINWALL) with her Majesty's mails on or about the 6th and 23rd of each month, and will convey Passengers, Specie, and Goods from New Zealand and Australia, brought to Panama by the monthly steamers of the Panama, New Zealand, and Australian Royal Mail Company (Limited).
THROUGH FARES AND FREIGHTS FROM AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND AT FAVOURABLE RATES.
Trains run daily across the Isthmus, and the time for the voyage from Colon to Southampton is about three weeks.
THROUGH PASSAGE TICKETS can be procured at the Agencies of the Panama, New Zealand, and Australian Company, in Australia and New Zealand, or tickets from the Isthmus from C. A. HENDERSON, Esq., H.B.M. Consul, and Agent of the Royal Mail Steampacket Company, at Panama; or from D. R. MARTIN, Esq., Traffic Manager of the said Company, at Colon, from whom the fullest information can also be obtained.
Passengers for New Orleans can proceed by the Royal Mail Steampackets from Colon (Aspinwall) to Havanna, from which place steamers run constantly to New Orleans. Passengers can also proceed to St. Thomas' and the principal ports in the West Indies. Hand-books of the Royal Mail Steampacket Company, giving the places touched at, can be had at the Agencies of the Panama, New Zealand, and Australian Company.
J. M. LLOYD, Secretary,
Royal Mail Steampacket Company,
55, Moorgate-street, London.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
REDUCED FREIGHT TO BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, GLADSTONE, and ROCKHAMPTON.
TO MELBOURNE.—Alexandra, this afternoon, Tuesday, at 4.30; and City of Melbourne, Friday afternoon, at 4.30.
TO HUNTER RIVER.—Collaroy, to-night, Tuesday, at 11; and Williams, Thursday morning, at 7.
TO CLARENCE TOWN.—Williams, Thursday morning, at 7.
TO PATERSON RIVER.—Goods received on Saturday, and forwarded per Williams, on Monday night.
TO BRISBANE.—City of Brisbane, this afternoon, Tuesday, at 5; and Florence Irving, Friday afternoon, at 5.
TO MARYBOROUGH, via Brisbane.—Yarra Yarra to-morrow afternoon, Wednesday, at 5.
TO ROCKHAMPTON direct.—Balcutha, to-morrow afternoon, Wednesday, at 5.
TO PIONEER RIVER and Port Denison.—Balcutha will take cargo to be transhipped at Rockhampton per Tinonee.
TO CLEVELAND BAY, via Gladstone and Port Denison.—Boomerang, about Wednesday, 4th December, at 5 p.m.
FROM BRISBANE TO ROCKHAMPTON, calling at Maryborough and Gladstone.—Leichardt, about Saturday, 30th instant.
FROM ROCKHAMPTON to Pioneer River and Port Denison.—Tinonee, about Monday, 2nd December.
Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
No cargo received for the steamers going to Melbourne or Queensland after 3 p.m. on their day of sailing.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.
A. S. N. Company's Wharf, Sussex-street.

C. AND R. R. S. N. CO.—For GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE, the AGNES IRVING, on THURSDAY, at 10 p.m.
W. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

STEAM to HOBART TOWN, via EDEN.—CITY OF HOBART, 9th December. Willis, Merry, and Lloyd.

WATSON'S BAY STEAMER, THIS DAY, leaves Queen's Wharf, 10.30 a.m., 2.30 p.m. Return, 1s.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

ILLAWARRA S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS TO
WOLLONGONG.—Illalong, TO-NIGHT, at 11.
KIAMA.—Illalong, TO-NIGHT, at 11.
SHOALHAVEN.—Illalong, TO-NIGHT, at 11.
MORUYA.—Kamba, TO-MORROW, at 4 p.m.
CLYDE RIVER.—Kamba, TO-MORROW, at 4 p.m.
MERIMBULA.—Hunter, THURSDAY, at noon.
ULLADULLA.—Hunter, MONDAY, at noon.

PARRAMATTA RIVER STEAM COMPANY'S STEAMERS for COCKATOO, HUNTER'S HILL, GLADESVILLE, RYDE, PENNANT HILLS, SUBIACO, and PARRAMATTA, THIS DAY.
From PATENT SLIP WHARF, of KING-STREET,
6, 9, 11 a.m.; 1, 3, 5 p.m.; extra to RYDE, 6 p.m.
From PARRAMATTA, 6.50, 8.50, 11 a.m.; 1, 3, and 5
From RYDE, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 11.40 a.m.; 1.40, 3.40, 5.40
From GLADESVILLE, 8, 8.45, 9.50 a.m.; 12, 2, 4, 6 calling at HUNTER'S HILL and COCKATOO.
Fares throughout: Cabin, 1s; steerage, 9d; children (return ticket) 6d, being one-third of the railway fares.

HUNTER RIVER NEW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMERS until the 30th November, inclusive:—
FROM SYDNEY TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, and MORPETH.
CITY OF NEWCASTLE, MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 11 p.m.
MORPETH, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 11 p.m.
Goods received for CLARENCE TOWN on WEDNESDAYS; MILLER'S FOREST on THURSDAYS; PATERSON Township on MONDAYS.
Freight on goods for Miller's Forest and Paterson must be paid in Sydney.
FROM MORPETH TO SYDNEY (via RAYMOND TERRACE and NEWCASTLE);—
MORPETH, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 6.30 a.m.
CITY OF NEWCASTLE, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 6.30 a.m.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices—foot of Market-street.

QUEENSLAND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIP
LADY BOWEN,
for
BRISBANE,
FRIDAY, 29th instant, at 5 p.m.,
taking passengers and cargo for transhipment to
S.S. QUEENSLAND,
for
MARYBOROUGH, GLADSTONE, and ROCKHAMPTON.
For further particulars apply to
W. WESTGARTH, Manager.
Q. S. N. Co.'s Offices, Sussex-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE (sailing at TWOFOLD BAY).—The fast and powerful steamship YOUNGS, John Pain, commander, will be dispatched from the Commercial Wharf, on THURSDAY next, at noon.
Passages at the following reduced rates, viz.:—
Saloon £4 0 0
Ditto return 7 0 0
Steerage (further reduction) .. 1 10 0
For freight or passage apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.
N.B.—No goods taken after 11 a.m. on the date of sailing.

MANLY BEACH. MANLY BEACH.
FURTHER REDUCTION OF FARES.
TICKETS will be issued at the office of the Manly Beach Steamers, for December, January, and February, at TWENTY SHILLINGS per month, instead of thirty shillings, as heretofore. THOMAS J. PARKER.

INCREASED ATTRACTION TO MANLY BEACH.
A SNIFF OF THE BRINY BEFORE DINNER.
SEA AIR AS AN APPETISER.
The Public are informed that Return Tickets, at 1s 6d, are issued to parties desirous of availing themselves of the PHANTOM'S trip, leaving Circular Quay at 4.30 and Manly Beach at 5.30, available for that trip only, and on the day of issue.
THOMAS J. PARKER.

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.—The HANNAH, from Commercial Wharf, THURSDAY EVENING.
H. F. CAMROUX, agent.

RICHMOND RIVER, going up the river to CORAKI.—The barque SCHOOL BOY receives cargo TUESDAY MORNING. Apply COX and CO., Baltic Wharf.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER and Coraki.—Schooner Lookout, Freight, &c., apply on board, Wright's Wf.

GIPSY, for TWOFOLD BAY and TATHRA, on WEDNESDAY, 27th instant. Commercial Wharf.

FOR BRISBANE direct.—The new clipper engagement, will have quick dispatch. Apply on board; or J. THORNE and CO., 69, Pitt-street.

FOR PORT DENISON, CLEVELAND BAY, AND THE GULF OF CARPENTARIA.—The clipper schooner CAPTAIN COOK, N. Brodie, master.
O'DOUD and CO., Commercial Wharf.

RELIANCE, for ROCKHAMPTON.—CLEARS at the Customs THIS DAY.—Shippers are requested to complete shipments, pass ENTRIES, and forward Bills of Lading for signature at once.
For freight or passage apply on board, at the Market Wharf; or LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

ONLY VESSEL FOR GULF OF CARPENTARIA and INTERMEDIATE PORTS.—The clipper schooner JASON, will have immediate dispatch.
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

HOKITIKA.—JANE LOCKHART, to follow LIZZIE COLESON with quick dispatch.
W. S. LOCKHART.

FIRST VESSEL for HOKITIKA.—The favourite regular trader LIZZIE COLESON, J. Dunn, master, Campbell's Wharf, will positively clear the Customs THIS DAY. Shippers, please pass ENTRIES before noon. For freight or passage, apply to
W. S. LOCKHART, 44, New Pitt-street.

ONLY VESSEL for the BULLER RIVER.—The favourite clipper schooner SUSANNAH BOOTH, Willing, master, fast loading, will clear at the Customs on WEDNESDAY. For freight or passage apply to
W. S. LOCKHART, 44, New Pitt-street.

FOR BROAD SOUND, the Colleen Bawn (hourly expected), with quick dispatch. Laidley, Ireland, and Co

FOR THE FIJIS.—The favourite barque CAMDEN, 400 tons burthen, having the greater part of her cargo engaged, will sail on or about the 1st December. Has splendid accommodation for passengers. For freight or passage apply to T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

FOR S. S. ISLANDS, FIJIS.—The fine schooner GEM, 150 tons, Robert Bryce, master, receiving cargo at Campbell's Wharf, and will sail on or about 28th instant. Two cabin berths disengaged.
For freight or passage apply on board; or C. M. DEANE, 36, Bridge-street.

CIRCULAR SAW LINE OF PACKETS.—Only Vessel for AUCKLAND.—The favourite regular trader ALICE CAMERON, P. Carter, commander, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will have immediate dispatch. Shippers are requested to make their arrangements at once.
For freight or passage apply on board, at the Market Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

FOR WELLINGTON direct.—The regular trader FANNY FISHER, J. B. Thompson, master, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will meet with quick dispatch.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Grafton Wharf; or to LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

ONLY VESSEL FOR TARANAKI.—The fine new clipper schooner THOMAS AND HENRY, Captain Bastian, having nearly all her cargo engaged, will be dispatched immediately.
For freight or passage apply to W. R. HILL, Grafton Wharf; or J. J. WRIGHT and CO., 324, George-street.

FOR NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA.—The clipper brig FREAK, W. Linklater, master, will be dispatched in a few days.
For freight or passage apply to CURCIER, HAWKE, and CO.

ONLY VESSEL FOR CALCUTTA.—The clipper barque CHARLOTTE ANDREWS, J. W. Vandervord, commander, will have quick dispatch.
Has room for passengers only, for which immediate application is necessary to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

FOR HONGKONG.—The Al Prussian ship ALSEN, 800 tons, Captain Gromsch, will have dispatch.
For passage or light freight apply to
JOSEPH WARD and CO., 3, Bridge-street.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.—The Al American clipper barque ETHAN ALLEN, 620 tons, H. P. SNOW commander.
Passengers are requested to be on board the morning of the 30th instant.
A few first-class cabins disengaged.
For passage apply to H. H. HALL, U. S. Consul, 11, Bridge street.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—Intending PASSENGERS for SAN FRANCISCO can obtain a guarantee of 12 months' employment on the Pacific Railroad by booking through this Office, 21, Bridge-street. H. H. Hall, U.S. Consul.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO Direct.—The Al American clipper-barque SILAS FISH (new ship), 1150 tons, William Brand, commander. Has superior accommodation for First and Second Cabin Passengers; also Intermediate, having 7 feet 3 inches 'tween decks clear. Immediate application is necessary to insure a passage.
For freight or passage apply to H. H. HALL, U.S. Consul, 21, Bridge-street, Sydney; or to GEORGE MITCHELL, U.S.V. Consul, Hunter-street, Newcastle.

FOR LONDON,
For Gold and Passengers only,
The AGNES ROSE.
This beautiful new clipper ship will be towed to sea on THURSDAY, the 26th instant, at daylight.
Has unrivalled accommodation for saloon passengers,
Apply on board to
Captain PURVES; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR LONDON.—
THE JASON.
This well known and favourite clipper ship will be dispatched as above, on the 15th December.
Has splendid saloon accommodation, carries an experienced surgeon.
Wool received at Flood's stores.
Apply on board to Captain BIRNIE; or to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—For LONDON.—The Al clipper ship COLONIAL EMPIRE, 1305 tons register, James Bruce, commander, having the whole of her dead weight alongside, and a large portion of her wool engaged and down, will sail during first week in January, 1868. Intending passengers are invited to inspect her roomy and superior saloon accommodation.
Apply to Captain BRUCE, on board, Circular Quay; or to MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

STEAM TO LONDON direct.—Money Wigram and Son's Line of Steam and Sailing Packets from Melbourne to London.—To sail on TUESDAY, December 3rd, the splendid new screw steamship SOMERSETSHIRE, 2200 tons, 300 horse-power nominal (1500 indicated), J. S. Attwood, commander.
The accommodation for all classes of passengers are unrivalled, and she carries an experienced surgeon.
RATES FROM MELBOURNE.
Saloon (according to accommodation required).
Second class .. .. .. £32 to £35
Third class .. .. .. £20 to £22
Steerage £18
J. B. METCALFE and CO., Bridge-street

FOR LONDON direct.—In time for the February Sales.—For Wool and Passengers only.—To sail on the 10th December—The splendid Al clipper ship SWIFTSURE, 1326 tons, M. B. Mayhew, commander, lying at the Circular Quay. This splendid ship is one of the celebrated fleet of Messrs. R. and H. Green, of Blackwall.
The accommodations for all classes of passengers are very superior, and she carries an experienced surgeon.
Wool received at Marsden's, Circular Quay.
TERMS
Saloon (according to accommodation required)
Second cabin, £25.
Third cabin, £20.
J. B. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

FOR FEBRUARY WOOL SALES.—For LONDON, the regular trader GENERAL LEE, 987 tons register, Al at Lloyd's 14 years, William Cruikshank, commander. Wool received at Flood's Stores, Circular Quay.
YOUNG, LARK, and BENNETT.
WILLIS, MERRY, and LLOYD.

TO FOLLOW THE GENERAL LEE.—For LONDON, the clipper ship CALDBECK, W. Brown, commander, 761 tons register, classed Aal at Lloyd's and Al 20 years at Liverpool. Wool received at Flood's Stores.
YOUNG, LARK, and BENNETT.
WILLIS, MERRY, and LLOYD.

SHIP COLONIAL EMPIRE, from London.—CONSIGNEES of GOODS per above vessel are requested to pass their ENTRIES for the Circular Quay, without delay. As the vessel will be lumped out, any goods impeding the discharge will be landed and stored at the expense and risk of consignees. Bills of Lading must be produced, and freight paid, at the office of the undersigned, where delivery orders may be obtained. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

SCHOONER ÆGIDIUS, Captain Moehlman.—All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate, THIS DAY, before 12 o'clock noon, to the undersigned, or they will not be recognised.
WALLACH, BROTHERS, 152, Lower George-street, November 26,

O'[illegible] [illegible] CONSIGNEES are requested to call at once for Circular Wharf. Any goods impeding the discharge will be cleared, landed, and stored at consignees' risk and expense, and the ship will not be responsible for any damage to, or loss of cargo, after being landed. Bills of lading must be produced at the office of the undersigned, and orders for delivery obtained, before any goods can leave the wharf.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Agents.

FOR FREIGHT or CHARTER.—The Al clipper ship CLARA SAYERS, James Brenner, master.
Apply to GEORGE THORNTON, 388-379, George-street.

FOR SALE.—The Clipper Brig SUSAN, carrying 240 tons coal, and admirably adapted for the Intercolonial or Coasting Trades.
For all particulars apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

SKIFF, for SALE, complete, 22 feet long, built by Reynolds, Balmain. To be seen at Miller's boat wharf, next to Gas Works

FOR SALE, the well-known fast-sailing Dingy BETSY BAGAR, with sails complete.
Apply to Mr. SHIPLEY, Crimean Cove, North Shore.

VESSELS wanted, for SINGAPORE, SHANGHAI, and CALCUTTA. Highest rates given. Apply to R. TOWNS and CO.

THE CADIANGULLONG CONSOLIDATED COPPER MINING COMPANY (Limited).—NOTICE is hereby given, that an adjourned Special General MEETING of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Offices of the Company, Spring-street, on MONDAY, the 2nd day of December next, at half-past 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering the present state of affairs of the Company, and to determine if the operations at the mine are to be carried on or discontinued.
By order of the Board,
J. H. MILLER, Manager.
Sydney, 22nd November, 1867.

ASSIGNED ESTATE OF CHURCH, BROTHERS.
In conformity with a Requisition, dated 15th instant, we hereby convene a MEETING of Creditors in the above Estate, to be held at the Chamber of Commerce, THIS DAY, 26th instant, at 3 p.m.
JOHN TODD,
S. A. JOSEPH,
GEORGE THORNTON,
Trustees.
Sydney, November 18, 1867.

SYDNEY RAGGED and INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.—A Special GENERAL MEETING of the subscribers and friends of the above institution will (D.V.) be held in the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY EVENING, the 28th instant.
The chair will be taken by the Lord BISHOP OF SYDNEY, at 7.30 p.m.
EDWARD JOY, Hon. Secretary.

FLOOD RELIEF FUND.—The next MEETING of the Working Committee will be held in the Chamber of Commerce, Exchange, on WEDNESDAY, 27th instant, at 11 o'clock a.m.
ALFRED CHANDLER, Secretary.

VICTORIA CLUB.—Notice.—A BALLOTING MEETING will be held on WEDNESDAY next, the 27th instant, between the hours of 1 and 3 p.m.
W. H. CATLETT, Secretary.
23rd November.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS of the Volunteer Force are requested to meet at the Hyde-park Barracks, TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7.30, to consider the desirability of forming an OFFICER'S MESS.

SMALL-BORE RIFLE CLUB.—1000 yards range THIS DAY, at 4 p.m. H. W. STRONG, Hon. Sec.

MASONIC Furnishing Committee.—W. M.'s, P.M.'s, and Wardens of Lodges and Principals of Chapters, E.C., are requested to Meet at the Hall, York-street, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp. F. WYATT, Secretary.

MASONIC.—St. Andrew Scotch R. A. Chapter, No. 110.—Monthly Convocation, This Evening, at 7.30.

MASONIC.—Volunteer Artillery Lodge MEETING, This Evening, 7.30, election of W.M. J. Evans, Sec.

S. H. Literary Institute.—Weekly Meeting This Evening. Business: Essays. Subject: "Abyssinia."

ESTABLISHED in 1839.—W. R. ELDRIDGE, Dyer, Scourer, and Hotpresser, 137, York-street, Sydney, Bunting, for FLAGS, Dyed True Blue or Red, at the shortest notice.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

JAMES DUFTON KITCHIN.—Wanted, the address of Mr. James Dufton Kitchin, formerly of Leeds, in the county of York, or the particulars of his death or any information respecting him. Mr. Kitchin was last heard of in July 1860, when he was at Melbourne, in the colony of Victoria, Australia. A reward will be given. Apply to MARKLAND and DAVY, Solicitors, Leeds, England.

JOHN MAXTED, formerly of Pinner, near Harrow, Middlesex, Shopkeeper, afterwards Under Bailiff to a gentleman at Barnet, left England in October, 1856, in the ship Walter Hind, arrived at Sydney, February 1857, in charge of cattle for Mr. Wilkie, Moreton Bay; lodged at the Post Office Hotel; afterwards waiter there; then went to Mr. Pitt's, Waverley; in 1858 at John Hay Goodlet's, Esq., Red Farm, near Sydney, and timber merchant; left Sydney for Queensland in 1862, where he was a groom or gentleman's servant. Any further information will be thankfully received by H. TUCK, at Messrs. Coombe and Co.'s, Castle-street, Long Acre, London, England. If dead, a certificate will be paid for.

MARGARET GERGISON, of Hobart Town, call immediately at 229, Macquarie-street, about situation.

RICHARD THOMPSON, who left Allora 7th April last for New Zealand, and is now supposed to be in Sydney or its neighbourhood, is anxiously requested to return, or write at once to his friends in Queensland.

SCOTS' CHURCH, CHURCH-HILL.—The Annual Sabbath School EXCURSION to the Grounds of C. ABERCROMBIE, Esq., Parramatta River, will take place on SATURDAY, November 30th, (St. Andrew's Day). The steamers VESTA and ATALANTA will leave the Corporation Wharf, foot of Erskine-street, at 8.30, 9, and 10 a.m.; returning at 4.30, 5, and 5.30 p.m. Tickets, 2s; children, 1s; to be had of Mr. M'Nab, ironmonger, Brickfield-hill; Mr. Miller, grocer, Clarence-street; Mrs. Miller, confectioner, George-street; Mr. Dingle, William-street; or of any of the Committee. An efficient Band engaged.
A. HORNIMAN, Hon. Secretary.

ELEVENTH ANNIVERSARY of the CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH, NEWTOWN.—Tea on the table at half-past 6 o'clock, THIS DAY, November 26th. Tickets, 1s 6d each. The Revs. Messrs. Graham, Slatyer, Johnson, Fraser, Vetch, Howden, Gainford, and other gentlemen will address the meeting.

MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.—The LECTURE, upon "Phrenology," by J. D. KELLEY (Professor of Phrenology), will be concluded THIS EVENING, 26th instant, at 8 o'clock.
Members, free; non-members, 6d.
JOHN ROGERS, Secretary.

NEWTOWN.—The Singing Class at the School of Arts having finished their first course, will be formed into a choral Union, and invites the co-operation of amateur singers, to meet on WEDNESDAY EVENINGS.
C. CHIZELETT, Teacher.

No. 67-127. Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 19th November, 1867.

ELECTION OF EIGHT ALDERMEN FOR THE CITY OF SYDNEY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that, in accordance with the provisions of the Sydney Corporation Act of 1857, an ELECTION, to supply the vacancy in each Ward of the city, occasioned by the retiring of Eight Aldermen, in terms of the 16th Section of the said Act, will take place on MONDAY, the second day of December next. Notice of the Nomination of parties for Election will be received by the Returning Officer, at this Office, until the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, on THURSDAY, the 28th instant.
By Order of the Returning Officer,
CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

BRISBANE WARD.—A public MEETING of the electors and supporters of Mr. W. PRITCHARD, will be held at the Masonic Hall Hotel, York-street, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, the 26th November, at half-past 7 o'clock sharp.

SPEER FOR BRISBANE WARD.
The Committee for securing the re-election of Mr. Alderman SPEER will MEET EVERY EVENING, till day of election, at Mr. Bat'gham's, White Hart, corner of King and Clarence streets.
R. THORNE,
ANDREW TRIMBLE,
Honorary Secretaries.

TO THE ELECTORS OF PHILLIP WARD.—A MEETING will be held at the Railway Family Hotel, corner of Botany and Parramatta streets, on TUESDAY EVENING, 26th instant, to nominate a fit and proper person to represent the interest of Phillip Ward. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock sharp.

ELECTION OF CITY AUDITORS.—In compliance with an influentially signed requisition, I have the honour to offer myself a candidate for the office of City Auditor, and respectfully solicit the votes of the citizens.
Bells-chambers, Pitt-street.

MOORE FOR BOURKE WARD.
ELECTORAL LISTS may be seen, and all information obtained, at the Central Committee Rooms, Tierney's Currency Lass, Pitt and Hunter-street; also, at
Mr. Riley's, Supreme Court Hotel, King-street
Mr. Conway's, Bengal Arms, Bridge-street
M'Grath and Punch's Hotel, King and Pitt streets
Mr. Hicking's, Crooked Billet, George-street
Mr. Kelly's, Red House, Pitt-street
Mr. Kearney's Colonnade Hotel, King-street.

BOURKE WARD.—The Committee for securing the return of Mr. CHARLES MOORE will meet daily, at the Currency Lass, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets.

BOURKE WARD.—The Committee for securing the return of Mr. CHARLES MOORE, meet daily, at the Currency Lass, corner of Pitt and Hunter streets.

BOURKE WARD ELECTION.—Mr. BUCHANAN THOMSON'S Committee will meet THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at Barkhausen's Hotel, corner Castlereagh and Hunter streets.

BRISBANE WARD.—The Committee for securing W. PRITCHARD'S return will MEET at the Central Committee Rooms, THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock sharp, previous to the Public Meeting at the Masonic Hall Hotel.

CARAHER FOR GIPPS WARD.
ELECTORS rally round your tried and faithful representative, ALDERMAN CARAHER, and support him on the day of election. LET YOUR MOTTO BE—
When you find a man faithful and true,
Don't change the old for the new.

GIPPS WARD.—A Public MEETING of the Friends and Supporters of ALDERMAN CARAHER will be held at the Black Dog Inn, Gloucester street, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, 27th instant, at 8 o'clock.
THOMAS M'CAFFREY,
JAMES COLEMAN,
Hon. Secretaries.

GIPPS WARD.—In reference to an advertisement in your paper of yesterday, in which my name appears as Terence M'Mahon, Esq., relative to a water famine meeting on the Flagstaff, I now demand the name and address of the anonymous writer of this scurrilous article and forgery. If he is a gentleman, or a man, which I deny, he will give me his name and address, as I pledge myself to give him all the satisfaction he requires.
I remain, yours truly,
TERENCE M'MAHON.
Clare Villa Cottage, 40, Upper Fort-street.

IN THE ESTATE OF ROBERT KOLL, deceased, late of Marrickville.—It is requested that all ACCOUNTS may be rendered immediately, at the office of Messrs. Saddington and Sons, 93, York-street.
ROBT. SADDINGTON, Administrator.
25th November, 1867.

SAINT ANDREW'S DAY.—The Establishments of the undersigned will be CLOSED on SATURDAY next (St. Andrew's Day) from 9 in the morning till 6 in the evening, and in order to suit the convenience of many customers they will remain open till 9 o'clock the Friday night previous.
J. G. HANKS,
London Tea Warehouse,
520, George-street,
and Newtown Road.

SAINT ANDREW'S DAY.—The Establishment of the undersigned will be CLOSED on SATURDAY next from 9 in the morning till 6 in the evening, and will remain open till 9 o'clock the Friday night previous.
RICHARD THAME,
Australian Tea Mart,
478, George-street,
Opposite the Markets.

NOTICE.—SATURDAY next, being a Public Holiday, the business of the undersigned will be CLOSED on that day. PEATE and HARCOURT, Grocers and Wine Merchants, 258, 260, and 262, George-street.

HOMEBUSH RACES.—NOTICE.—All Horses found loose on the course will be impounded, and all dogs destroyed. Persons will be employed specially to carry out this rule. THOMAS DAWSON, Lessee of Homebush Racecourse.

I HEREBY CAUTION the Public NOT to give credit to any one on my account, as I will not be responsible for it after this date. WILLIAM SUNDERLAND.
Kurrajong, November 20, 1867.

MR. W. J. COEDNER'S PIANO CLASSES.
COMBINED REHEARSAL, at Mr. PALING'S Music Warehouse, THIS EVENING, at half-past 7 o'clock.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Table of FEES at the Office, 137, Castlereagh-street.

ACARD.—Mr. E. READING, Dentist, 128, Phillip-street.

ACARD.—Mr. G. A. TUCKER, Bay View House, Private Lunatic Asylum, Cook's River.

BOOKKEEPING or Writing, 1 Guinea.—NORRIS'S Writing Institute, 166, Phillip-st. Established 1861.

CHAS. ARTLETT, Upholsterer, SYDNEY CARPET BEATING GROUND, Rushcutter's Bay.

D. BUIST and SON, Pianoforte Makers, Tuners, and Repairers, 235, George-street, opposite Bridge-st.

EDWARDS, Phrenologist. Established 5 years in Sydney. Estimate of character, 1s. 342, George-st.

GLUE'S Governor's Luncheon and Refreshment-room, select for ladies. 162, Pitt-street.

GLUE'S Governor's Luncheon and Supper Rooms, opened This Day. J. C. Glue, 162, Pitt-street.

GLUE'S Counter Luncheons and Depôt for Sale of Australian Wine, in pint or quart bottle, iced.

GEORGE FOX and CO., Carriers, 479, George-street, Branch offices, Mittagong and Weatherboard.

HAMBURGER, BROTHERS, and CO., General Importers,
Removed to 309, George-street,
opposite former place.

HEALTH.—BELMORE LODGE, North Kurrajong.—This spacious lodge, recently built, is replete with every convenience for families or persons desirous of change of air. It is situated at an elevation of about 2000 feet, and commands one of the most delightful and extensive views to be seen in the colony.
The proprietor hopes that those gentry who favoured him last season with their patronage may rely on the same attention being paid to their comfort. He will also have provision made to enable visitors who may honour him with their custom to visit all the romantic and delightful scenery with which, as is well known, the Kurrajong abounds.
Address C. DONNELLY, Wheeney Creek.

TO THE LADIES OF SYDNEY and its surroundings.—Mrs. HAMMOND begs to call attention to her superior style of making LADIES' DRESSES, which she can confidently recommend to their notice for elegance of style, superior finish, and perfect fit. The newest Parisian and London Novelties in Fashions to select from.
Mrs HAMMOND, 19, High-st., next Turkish Baths.

£5 REWARD will be given for the conviction of any person SETTING FIRE to the bush or grass on the Point Piper or Waterloo Estate, or injuring the fences.
D. COOPER and CO.

£5 REWARD.—LOST, at the Masonic Hall, a POCKET-BOOK, containing Letts's Diary, some letters and papers, and a £5 note on the Bank of New South Wales. Whoever will return the same to the Masonic Hall will receive the above reward.

£1 REWARD.—LOST, a 15 foot DINGY, painted black outside, with gilt ribbon. W. BRENAN, Peacock's Point, Balmain.

£1 REWARD.—LOST, a waterman's SKIFF, 2 pairs of paddles, sail, &c., painted yellow inside, light blue outside. The above reward on returning to Mr. W. CLARK, Athol Gardens, near Bradley's Head.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—Lost on Sunday Evening, between Pyrmont and the Railway Bridge, a Gold BROOCH. The finder will receive the above reward, by applying to Mrs. WILKS, Cricketers' Arms, Strawberry Hills.

LOST, a small Letts's Diary POCKETBOOK. Finder rewarded, at Taron Inn, Parramatta-street.

LOST, on Saturday evening, between Brisbane and Edward streets, South Head Road, a PURSE, containing sum of money and bills

LAW.

SUPREME COURT.—MONDAY.
SITTINGS FOR THE TRIAL OF CAUSES.
JURY COURT.

BEFORE his HONOR SIR ALFRED STEPHEN, C.J., and a jury of four.

CAMPBELL v. HUGH AND WIFE.

This was an action of ejectment, to recover possession of a property at the Richmond River.

Mr. Butler appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Stephen for the defendants.

The plaintiff claimed under a mortgage and assignment of the same. The defendants relied upon a grant from the Crown of the property in question, which grant had been issued subsequently to the mortgage forming the basis of the plaintiff's title. His Honor held however (under the doctrine of estoppel) that the defendants, having taken upon themselves to mortgage this land, as having then a complete title to give such mortgage, could not set up the subsequent grant to defeat their own deed

Verdict for plaintiff accordingly.

KING v. JAMES.

This was an action for waste. The plaintiff was the landlord of a farm of 160 acres at Castle Hill, on (or near) the Windsor Road, and the defendant held a lease of that farm. The waste complained of was the cutting down of various trees, and the stripping of bark, &c. The defence was that no more had been done than the defendant had a right to do, according to the custom of the country as occupant of this farm. That some of the bark, &c, had been used for improvements or repairs to the demised premises, and that there had been leave and license. The plea of leave and license was added by leave of his Honor, during the progress of the trial. Damages were laid at £100.

Dr. Paterson appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Windeyer for the defendant.

The evidence was conflicting. The plaintiff's case was that the farm had, when it came into possession of the defendant, been well timbered and that it had suffered very much during such possession. Thirty-four good sized trees had been cut down besides saplings, bark had been taken and shingles split. The defendant's case was that the trees had been taken to do certain fencing which he was bound by agreement with plaintiff to complete; that this bark had been taken by plaintiff's consent for improvements. That the saplings had been used and the shingles split according to the custom of the country as between landlords and tenants, the shingles having been taken from dead wood, which was of no use to other parties. It was further averred on the one hand, and denied on the other, that there had been free permission to use the dead wood.

His HONOR told the jury that, although there might be a custom to use the timber on a farm for the benefit of such farm, or even, when it was in large quantities, to burn such timber on the ground, there could be no custom—recognisable by law—to carry off and sell any such timber.

Verdict by majority (taken by consent before the lapse of six hours) for the defendant.

INSOLVENCY COURT.
MONDAY.

BEFORE the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

In the estate of Charles Cramer Finch, an adjourned certificate meeting. The first application for a certificate had to stand over for explanations of accounts filed, which, though sworn, were impossible to correct, and as to various bills apparently of an accommodation character. The subsequent evidence of insolvent showed his belief of having been in insolvent circumstances two years before his surrender, which—together with the trading as a principal, though in fact but the agent of J. and E. Row—rendered a suspension for some months necessary. The further evidence, as to the handing over a lump sum to his solicitor for costs to sequestrate his estate has resulted, after dilatory proceedings, in the proper balance being repaid to the official assignee on the 20th instant, being exactly one year after the receipt of that lump sum by insolvent's solicitor. The justice and merits of this application will now be satisfied by the certificate being suspended for four months from the 25th July last, when the insolvent corrected his sworn accounts, and the foundation was laid for the recovery of the balance of money then in his solicitor's hands, but in law and in equity due to his official assignee for his creditors.

In the estate of Francis Smith, an adjourned certificate meeting. Insolvent and two witnesses were examined. His Honor reserved his decision.

In the estate of John Higman, a special meeting. William Henry Higman was examined. Section 75 of 5 Victoria, No. 17, was read to the witness prior to his refusal to hand money of the estate to the special messenger. The meeting terminated.

Before the REGISTRAR.

In the estate of John Higman, a first meeting. No creditor attended.

In the estate of Bridget Turner, a first meeting. No appearance.

In the estate of Arthur Cubitt, a first meeting. Six debts were proved.

SCHEDULE FILED.

Edward Fender Philpott, of Talbragar River, mail contractor. Liabilities £430, of which £330 is secured. Assets, £144 19s. [The surrender of this estate on Saturday has been cancelled, as an error. The estate had been previously compulsorily sequestrated.]

CERTIFICATE MEETINGS.

Tuesday, November 26.—At 11: Abraham John Thompson, John Mulligan, John Short, Owen Moriarty, Henry Alfred Croft, Michael Burton Bindon, Lawrence Flynn, Richard Gelliatt, Edward M'Hugh, Francis James Kennett, Charles Hardy, John Cunningham.

MEETING OF CREDITORS.

Wednesday, November 27.—At 11: James Thompson, Edward Mercer, clothier, and Munn, third. James Kennedy John Bowen, single. *At Wollongong*: Peter Ferguson, Henry Crawford, Walter Willson, James M'Cann, single.

Friday, 29.—At 10: Peter Ressler, adjourned special. At 11: William Chisholm, deceased. William W. Walters, third. John Woods, second, Henry Easton, junior, Charlotte C. Stuart, Thomas Peters, Henry Batcup, Michael Scott, David and Emanuel Crabb, single. *At Maitland*: Joseph Daniels second. Noah J. Buckley, single; Thomas P. Borthwick special, to receive offer of composition.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.
MONDAY.

BEFORE their Worships the Police Magistrate, Messrs Murphy, Spence, Evans, Powell, Hunt, and Oatley.

Of twenty-five prisoners brought before the Court, six were discharged and one was remanded.

Seven persons were fined 5s. each, one 10s., and five 20s. each, for drunkenness, and one was fined 10s. for riotous behaviour.

William Dunn, 17, was charged with having assaulted Daniel Beatty, a constable of police, while in the execution of his duty. Constable Beatty deposed that on the 6th October prisoner was given into his custody for assaulting with intent to rob John Dwyer; prisoner became very violent, kicking and striking, and threw times threw him, and in the scuffle one of his (witness's) teeth was knocked out; prisoner made his escape. To pay a penalty of £5 or to be imprisoned two months.

Mary Ann Korn, apprehended for being drunk and disorderly, was dealt with as an idle and disorderly person, having neither fixed abode nor lawful means of support, and was sentenced to be imprisoned seven days.

Henry Clarke was found guilty of having, by furiously riding a horse in George-street at 6 a.m., endangered the safety of persons then passing, and was sentenced to pay a penalty of 40s., or to be imprisoned one month.

Michael Purcell was charged with having, on Saturday last, in the Police-paddock, off Hay street, indecently assaulted Jane Aitken, 9. Thomas Gabriel, labourer, deposed that, between 12 and 1 o'clock on Saturday, he was in the Police-paddock, and saw the prisoner sitting against the fence with the child Jane Aitken on his lap, in an indecent manner; on seeing him, prisoner started to his feet and ran; he pursued and overtook him, and gave him into custody. Jane Aitken described the prisoner's conduct. Dr. Moon deposed that he examined the child; she had evidently been interfered with, but was not injured. The prisoner was committed for trial at the Quarter Sessions. Bail allowed.

On the summons paper were six cases, one of which was struck out for want of prosecution; and, in another a warrant was granted for the apprehension of the defendant. In O'Neill v. Medina, and Lukins v. Burgess, for assault, the defendants were fined 10s. each. William Gilbert was fined 10s. for carelessly driving. In Lenton v. Cross, for the recovery of wages, an order was made for the complainant.

In M'Guckin v. Yates, his Warship, Mr. Dangar, refused to grant a summons for a rehearing, as asked for by Mr. Thompson on Saturday.

THE ROSTER.—Messrs. Armitage, Cohen, Dangar, and Hogg have been summoned for Bench duty on Tuesday.

WATER POLICE COURT.
MONDAY.

BEFORE the Water Police Magistrate, with Mr. J. Williams, Mr. A. Levey, and Mr. W. Chatfield.

George Morris and Charles Pearson, both seamen, were committed for trial at Quarter Sessions on a charge of stealing an opera glass, fishing basket, and fishing tackle, from the yacht Iris, lying at Double Bay, the property of Major Roberts. The property stolen was valued at £2. Some of the fishing tackle was found in their possession, and the opera glass was discovered to have been pawned by one of them.

Thomas Jones and John Watkin, seamen of the Swiftsure, were convicted of absenting themselves from duty without leave. Jones, committed to three weeks' imprisonment, and Watkin sent to gaol till the rising of the Court.

James Kerman, silversmith, charged with stealing Munts's metal, value 1s., from Talbot's store, Circular Quay, was fined 10s.

Samuel Wright, found drunk in George-street, was fined 5s. Annie Connally, for drunkenness in Campbell-street, fined 5s, and for using obscene language fined 40s., or to be imprisoned fourteen days. Henrietta Burgess, for using obscene language in Cambridge-street, was fined £3, or to be imprisoned three weeks.

Charles Mahon, for furious driving in the streets, was fined 10s. with costs; and William Crom and Robert Pronch, for riding on the footway, were fined 5s. each. John Hackett, butcher, for hanging meat over the footway in William-street, was fined 20s. with costs. Warren Epps, for being at such a distance from his horse as not to have control of it, was fined 5s. with costs.

Patrick Donnelly and Richard Cochrane, for obstructing the carriage way in William-street and Riley-street, were fined 20s. each with costs.

Peter Handcock and Thomas Monkman, for breaches of the Police Act, in conveying meat without a proper covering, were fined, Handcock 20s., and Monkman 5s., with costs.

LIBEL.—(Before the Water Police Magistrate.)—Kenneth Stewart appeared on summons, charged, on the information of John Davis, with having uttered a false, scandalous, defamatory, and malicious libel. Mr R Forster appeared for the prosecution. Mr. Hollyer for the defence. Plaintiff is council clerk of the municipality of Paddington, of which defendant is an auditor, and the matters complained of were contained in the following letter which was addressed to and read before that Council. "Paddington, 14th October, 1867. Gentlemen,—I have the honour to submit for your serious consideration the following statement and particulars. The Government and myself for the last half-year of 1866 was lost to the council through the neglect and incompetency of the council clerk. He did not have the half-yearly statement of 1867 ready for auditing until the 12th July. He laid before you for adopting a statement of accounts for the first half year of 1867 which was incorrect. He erased a correct entry in the cash book to make that book correspond with the false statement of accounts. He did not exhibit to the auditors a detailed statement of accounts supported by the necessary receipts and vouchers of the expenditure for the last half year. He did not furnish the Government with a statement of the revenue and expenditure as required by the Municipal Act. He, as an officer and servant of the municipality, paid money in connection with the last election, the receipts and required statement of the same he has not laid before the council in conformity with the 68th section of the Act. He has repeatedly put false statements on the minute book of the council. He put the council to ten guineas expense in paying special auditors, through his blundering and imperfect system of bookkeeping. He paid money in connection with last election; he received receipts for the same; those receipts became the property of the council, and by their clerk were in their possession. He did not exhibit these receipts to the auditors in direct violation of the 38th section of the Act. What has he done with those receipts or vouchers. Have the council, by their clerk, these receipts still in their possession. If they have not, documents of very great importance have been withheld or made away with. I beg leave to suggest that the clerk be called upon to produce them, and that if he does not, his sureties be at once communicated with, to make good any loss sus ained by the council in consequence of the withholding or making away with the property of the council. I had the honour to caution you by letter about six months back, and if what I then said had been duly considered, and not treated with contempt, the council, through the incompetency of the clerk, would not be placed in such an unpleasant and humiliating predicament as it now stands. What I then stated is fully borne out by the report and statement of the special auditors. As a ratepayer and citizen I call upon you as elected and sworn representatives of the ratepayers that you now protect the interests of the municipality at large in this matter, that you lay aside all petty feeling and jealousy, and that you be governed by the stern and uncompromising principles of honesty and justice. I have the honour to be, gentlemen, your most obedient servant, (Signed) KENNETH STEWART, William street." Plaintiff deposed that he was the person referred to as council clerk in this letter, and that the letter was received by and produced before the council, the signature being in defendant's handwriting. He denied the truth of the statement as to the erasure of a correct entry, that as to the putting of false statements in the minute book, and also that with regard to the withholding of receipts. The following letter was put in as evidence of malice:—"Paddington, 2nd April, 1867. Gentlemen,—I received your letter forwarding copy of resolution of council charging me with saying that the last half year's accounts were incorrect, although audited as correct. I deny the charge of saying the accounts were incorrect. The auditors did not sign the accounts or vouchers as correct. I am surprised at the amount of ignorance displayed on this head. I take it that this resolution is a supplement to the false and malicious minute of the 20th of January last. I, however, plead guilty to having said at various times and places, that the system of bookkeeping is not correct, and that the books of account are kept in a slovenly and unbusinesslike manner. In fact, they are a disgrace to the municipality, and if I may be allowed the liberty to suggest (having a due regard to the interest of the ratepayers) that the council clerk should be a person competent to keep the books in an efficient manner. I would also beg to suggest that the minute-book should be strictly a true statement of the proceedings of the council, and not be made a record of the vindictive and insidious effusions of the council clerk. I have the honour to be, Gentlemen, your most obedient servant, (Signed) K. STEWART, auditor. To the Chairman and Councillors Municipality Paddington." Cross-examined. Do not remember erasing a figure in the cash book; in the book for the general entries of cash I partially erased an entry of money received from a ratepayer; do not know who was the ratepayer, but think it was Edward Campbell; he paid me the whole rate due by him, 8s. 9d.; I entered the whole, and erased the ninepence; Campbell was not indebted to the council for this ninepence on account of that erasure; I had omitted to add up the ninepence in the column; it was seen simultaneously by the auditors and myself; I will not swear that they first pointed it out to me; defendant was the first auditor to speak about it; did not say there's an easy way of putting that right, and struck it out with a pen; I said that as the books were balanced we might carry it to error account, to which Mr. Hood, the other auditor, assented, and defendant remained silent; defendant then said this would be putting 9d of this half year into the next; then I said we can add it in if you will; he said not without a special order from the chairman; I then produced a former sheet to show that he had corrected greater errors for my predecessor; it was erased and carried to error account before defendant dissented; after being put to error account it was erased from the pence column to show that it was not added in; did not add up the ninepence in the column of pence before it was carried to error account; I left had been omitted; subsequently I had authority from the chairman to insert the 9d. in its place, and to alter the total to include it, and this alteration was made by my pen in the presence of the two auditors and others; the date of the dispute was July 16, and I got this authority from the chairman after the meeting, and wrote to the auditors telling them I had the authority; the letter dated the 2nd April referred to a letter of mine dated March 28.

The case adjourned until half past 11 to-morrow.

ROWERS.—Tuesday, November 26, Messrs. A. Learmonth, M. Levy, G. Renwick; Wednesday, 27, Messrs. J. Evans, T. Spence; Thursday, 28, Messrs. G. Hull, J. Oatley, S. H. Pearce; Friday, 29, Messrs. H. Armitage, H. C. Burnell, M. Chapman; Saturday, 30, holiday.

LAW PROCEEDINGS THIS DAY.
SUPREME COURT.

JURY COURT.—Gorman v. Gandry, Burgess v. Henriques, Blackmore v. Brady, Dobson v. Rhodes, Cummings v. Cooke.

BANCO COURT.—M'Evoy v. Reverne and others, part heard.

IN EQUITY.—Before his Honor the Primary Judge.—At 11 o'clock: Motions and Petitions.

MASTER'S OFFICE.—At 10.30: Broughton v. Rodd and others, to settle report; Shepherd v. Goodey, to settle advertisement. At 11 a.m.: Nicholson v. Swan and others, adjourned charge.

CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

THE usual fortnightly meeting of the City Council was held yesterday afternoon in the Town Hall, Wynyard-square. Present—The Mayor, with Aldermen Sutherland, Bradford, Steel, Renny, Speer, Merriman, Macintosh, Chapman, Butler, Kippax, Kidman, Oatley, Caraher.

MINUTES.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and confirmed.

REPORTS.

The following reports were laid before the Council:—

From the Sewerage Committee, recommending laying of stoneware sewer in Burnett-lane; extension of sewers in Castlereagh-street and Forbes-street; drainage of Margaret-place, Clarence-street, Clarence-lane, and Napoleon street; and removal of culvert at junction of Castlereagh and Devonshire streets.

From the Finance Committee, recommending payment of sundry accounts, viz.:—City works, £1112 6s. 1d.; water account, £1502 2s. 6d.; sewerage account, £74 13s. 7½.; Sydney Common, £1000; and recommending transfer of Mr. Donovan's contract for sewerage works in Elizabeth and Goulburn streets.

From the Water Committee, recommending laying of water mains for the supply of water to Miller's Point.

PETITIONS.

Alderman STEEL presented a petition from residents of Woolloomooloo, asking for sewerage in Crown, Riley, Stanley, and Yurong streets.

Alderman BUTLER presented a petition from residents of Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo, asking for the extension of a water main to Cowper's Wharf.

Alderman OATLEY presented a petition from certain residents of Union-street and Botany Road, asking that the levels of the former street be carried out as proposed.

Alderman RENNY presented a petition from certain ratepayers of O'Connell-street asking for the laying of a larger water main in that street.

Alderman BRADFORD presented a petition from certain fishermen, praying that a fish market be established at Market Wharf; also a petition from certain merchants and draymen in York street, praying that a portion of that street might be proclaimed a public stand.

Alderman MACINTOSH presented a petition from residents at Newtown Road, praying that a watermain be laid there; also a petition from ratepayers of Macquarie Ward, praying for repairs in Market-street North.

Alderman KIDMAN presented a petition from residents of Surry Hills, praying for the laying of a watermain in Arthur-street.

The petitions were received.

QUESTIONS.

Alderman CARAHER asked the Mayor,—Did your Worship receive any intimation of an objection to my sitting as returning-officer at the late election Gipps Ward. Mr. Merriman and Mr Freehill being candidates for election?

The MAYOR said he had some recollection of an objection having been made to his acting as presiding officer, and had communicated the same to him (Alderman Caraher) when he refused to act, but by whom the objection was made or its exact nature, he could not now remember. He believed Alderman Kippax was present when the objection was made.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The following letter from the Hon. Alexander Campbell, in reference to the Corporation Accounts was read:—

S. S. Geelong at Sea, October 16th, 1867.

To the Right Worshipful the Mayor of Sydney.

Dear Sir,—In compliance with the request contained in the Town Clerk's letter, received by me on the ultimo, I inspected the City Treasurer's books at the Town Hall, a few days before my departure from the colony, in conjunction with Mr. George King. But owing to a difference of opinion between Mr. King and myself, as to the best mode of keeping the City accounts, we were unable to make a joint report, and it was agreed that each of us should address you separately on the subject of our investigation. In accordance with this arrangement I have now the honour to place my own views before you, for the information of your Council.

Mr. Lord, the City Treasurer, exhibited to Mr. King and myself two sets of books, viz., the books in use for many years past, and a set recently opened, intended as an improvement on the old system. These, for the sake of convenience, I shall here refer to as the *old* and the *new* books.

The old books are in Mr. Lord's own handwriting, and appear to be very neatly and correctly kept, and Mr. Lord understands the system on which they are constructed most thoroughly, and explained with great facility and intelligence various entries and matters on which we required information. But I regard the principle on which these books are kept as altogether objectionable. The process of journalising is entirely unnecessary, and involves an amount of clerical labour and a liability to errors, which ought to be avoided; the books are generally from one to three months in arrear, and the state of the City accounts cannot be ascertained from the books alone without the aid of supplementary statement, which can only be supplied by the Treasurer. The new books are free from these objections, but as they are in my opinion, objectionable in some other respects, I cannot recommend their adoption as the best mode of keeping the City accounts. According to my judgement the financial transactions of the Corporation can be recorded in a clear, simple, and faithful manner, by the adoption of the following system, viz.:—A system of Double Entry, consisting of two principal books, only a Cash Book and a Ledger, with two subsidiary books, to be called the "Rough Cash Book," for recording all sums received at the counter during the day, and the "Transfer Book," in which all future entries of accounts should be made. The entries in the "rough cash book," after being abstracted and arranged under the proper heading, should be transferred into the cash book at the close of business each day; and the contents of the cash book, and the cross entries in the "transfer book," (if any) should be posted daily into the ledger in the following manner. In this way the present practice of having the books for months in arrear, and the inability to errors involved by the system of journalising the original entries would be avoided, and this advantage would be secured, viz., that any member of the Council would be able to have either a general account or any particular account of the Corporation accounts, on any given date by reference to the books alone, and without any explanations from the bookkeeper or the Treasurer. For the above and many other reasons which I could urge in its favour, I recommend that this simple and efficient system should be adopted for the future.

I regret that owing to my time being fully occupied, I was not able to address you on this subject before I sailed, but I trust the delay will not be attended with any inconvenience to the Corporation.

I have the honour to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

SEWERAGE.

The following letter from the Health Officer was read:—

No. 1284.
Town Hall, Health Officer's Department,
October 24th, 1867.

Sir,—I have the honour to address you relative to the future deposit and disposal of the city excreta and sewage matter, so that in selecting a site due regard may be paid to public health and convenience, so as not to cause a nuisance.

In England the disposal of sewage matter was found to be one of the greatest difficulties to contend with, in laying down a system of sewage—the discharging of it into rivers or harbours was acknowledged, by all who took interest in the matter, to be a source of great evil. It polluting rivers, and the sea will not take it away, but on full of tide will drift it back shore.

The sewage commissions, appointed to inquire into the best mode of distributing the sewage of cities and towns in England, and applying it to beneficial and profitable purposes, in their third and final report, March, 1866, expressed as the conclusion they had unanimously arrived at, after a long investigation extending over 8 years, that "the right way to dispose of sewage is to apply it continuously to land."

The difficulties as to the disposal of the city excreta have hitherto been great. The depot on the Randwick Road has long been an unhealthy nuisance, and greatly complained of by the inhabitants in the neighbourhood. It now becomes necessary to inquire how we can dispose of the city sewage—so that it shall not be a nuisance or inconvenience.

1. It should be applied to the land as manure, in such a manner as not to injure health, or entail other inconveniences.

2. The site should be at a convenient distance, as the cost of conveying it (the sewage) depends partly on the distance.

3. The best site I know of is on the west side of the Randwick Road, a short distance beyond the gate, near a portion of stone wall now standing intended for a cemetery. This part is considerably out of sight from the new buildings, can be approached by two roads from the city, viz., Randwick Road and Bourke-street.

4. The site having been approved of, the next consideration is the mode of deposit and utilisation of the excreta, so as to be made a valuable manure. I would suggest that holes in the sand, a few feet distance apart should be made, into which should be shot the cartage of one night, on the top of this the street sweepings, and then a layer of earth piled up,—there would be no smell, no sunlight, the following night a fresh hole made as before. Each cart, by *compulsion*, should be provided with an iron screen, through which the contents are to pass through, and thus all heterogeneous matter, as bottles, old clothes, &c., &c. will be removed, for if such are passed into the hole it will destroy the value of the manure. After a time each hole may be dug out, and the contents sold as manure.

I think this will be found inexpensive, and the hitherto nuisance avoided.

I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient humble servant,
HENRY GRAHAM, City Health Officer.

To the Right Worshipful the Mayor of Sydney.

MOTIONS.

Alderman OATLEY moved, and Alderman SUTHERLAND seconded,—"That the report of the Finance Committee, received this day, recommending the payment of sundry accounts, be adopted."

The motion was carried.

SUPPLY OF WATER TO MILLER'S POINT.

Alderman CARAHER moved,—"That the report of the Water Committee, received this day, recommending that in order to afford a better supply of water to portions of Miller's Point, a 9-inch main be connected with the high service supply, at a cost of £2460, be adopted." This main would provide for a good supply of water to Upper Fort-street, Princes-street, the National School, and all parts of Miller's Point.

Alderman MERRIMAN seconded the motion, which was agreed to.

SEWERAGE.

Alderman CARAHER moved, and Alderman MERRIMAN seconded,—"That the report of the Sewerage Committee, received this day, recommending on petition that a stoneware sewer be laid in Napoleon-street, Clarence-lane, Clarence-street, from Jamison-street to Margaret-place and Margaret-place."

The motion was carried.

Alderman MACINTOSH moved, and Alderman CHAPMAN seconded,—"That the report of the Sewerage Committee received this day, recommending on petition the laying of a stoneware sewer in Castlereagh-street, between Bathurst and Goulburn streets, at a cost of £352, be adopted."

The motion was carried.

Alderman KIPPAX moved, and Alderman STEEL seconded,—"1. That the report of the Sewerage Committee received this day, recommending on petition that a stoneware sewer be laid in Burnell-lane, at a cost of £60 be adopted. 2. That the report of the Finance Committee received this day, recommending that the contract for the construction of a sewer at Elizabeth and Goulburn streets, taken by the late Mr. John Bennett, be transferred to his sureties, Mr. John Bennett and Mr. George Allum, be adopted."

The motions were carried.

Alderman BUTLER moved, and Alderman SPEER seconded,—"That the report of the Sewerage Committee received this day, recommending on petition that the sewer in Forbes-street be extended forty feet at the northern end, at a cost of £24 be adopted."

The motion was carried.

Alderman OATLEY moved, and Alderman SUTHERLAND seconded,—"That the report of the Improvement Committee received this day, recommending that the culvert at Castlereagh and Devonshire streets and at Little Buckingham-street be taken up, and relaid in Cleveland Paddock, by contract, be adopted. 2. That the sum of £609 be voted for the preparation of a new Assessment for water rates, under the Act 30 Victoria No. 20, and that tenders be invited for the compilation of the same, either in the whole or for the several wards and the suburbs separately. 3. That the resignation of Mr. J. P. Garran of his office as clerk in the City Engineer's Department, be accepted from the 27th December last."

The motions were carried.

TENDER.

Alderman BUTLER moved,—"That this Council do now proceed to determine on a tender for excavation of a sewer in Thomson's-lane."

Alderman SPEER seconded the motion, which was put and carried, and the Council went into committee.

Only one tender was received, and after some discussion it was resolved that the work be carried out by day labour, at a cost not exceeding the estimate of the City Engineer.

The Council then rose.

PARLIAMENTARY PAPER.

FINANCE.

THE following correspondence has been printed pursuant to an order of the Legislative Assembly, made on the motion of Mr. Samuel. The subject to which it has reference is incidentally alluded to in portions of the correspondence printed by order of the House on 13th August, in connection with the sale of Government Debentures.

No. 1.—The Manager, Oriental Bank Corporation, Sydney, to the Colonial Treasurer.
Oriental Bank Corporation,
Sydney, October 16, 1865.

Sir,—Referring to my letter of 26th ultimo, I have now to request, in consequence of advices since received from London, that you will communicate to me, before the departure of next mail, whether the Government, in the ensuing session, propose to bring forward such measures as will meet the expenditure and provide for the "Deficiency Loan"; together with such other particulars connected with the financial position of the colony as may give our head office confidence, and lead them to ratify the terms submitted in the letter above referred to. It may, perhaps, appear to you that the bank are moving somewhat out of their position in asking for this information; but when it is borne in mind that a large amount of debentures must be disposed of with in a limited period to meet your requirements, and the absence of all confidence in the financial position of the colony existing on the Stock Exchange in London, as evinced by last advices, I trust it will be seen that it becomes almost imperative we should be supplied with information in connection with the foregoing.—I am, &c., S. MURRAY, Acting Manager.

No. 2.—The Manager, Oriental Bank Corporation, Sydney, to the Colonial Treasurer.
Oriental Bank Corporation,
Sydney, December 15, 1865.

Sir,—I am in receipt of your letter of this date, applying for letters of credit on the head office of this Corporation to the extent of £185 7s. 6d. In reply, I beg to state that I do not feel myself in a position to grant any further accommodation. I have arrived at this conclusion with much reluctance; but seeing the large overdraft now existing in London—far beyond the limit contemplated by us, or sanctioned by any agreement ever in existence between this bank and the Government—I should consider that, in granting applications either for credits or cash, would be entering into transactions that would not meet with the approbation of the Court of Directors of the Corporation in London. I may add, that the determined opposition to the financial measures proposed by the Government, as evinced by the late debates in the Legislative Assembly, and the improbability of any reasonable measure for taxation sufficient to extricate the country from its present embarrassed position being met with support by the representatives of the people must inevitably have a most injurious effect on the value of New South Wales debentures in the London market, and together with the already well-known deranged state of the finances of the colony, lead to most disastrous results.—I am, &c., S. MURRAY, Acting Manager.

No. 3.—The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to the Manager, Oriental Bank Corporation, London.
The Treasury, New South Wales,
February 19, 1866.

Sir,—* * * While the Treasurer notices that the state of the London market did not, at the time of your writing, permit of your offering these debentures for sale, he nevertheless anticipates the possibility of an improving value and demand for these securities when the English capitalists become aware of the large additional taxation with which the Legislature has recently supplemented the ordinary revenue of the colony, bringing our current income considerably in excess of our current expenditure. * * * * I have, &c.—JOHN WILLIS.

No. 4.—The Under Secretary for Finance and Trade to the Manager, Oriental Bank Corporation, Sydney.
The Treasury, New South Wales,
March 20, 1866.

Sir,—Referring to the Honourable the Treasurer's recent interview with you, I am directed to state, that the Government are now passing through the Legislative Assembly a bill to make provision for the payment of certain portions of the Public Debt," the object being to appoint Commissioners, to whom will be paid annually, from the Consolidated revenue, a sum not less than £100,000, to be by them applied in redemption of those portions of the public debt which represent deficiency loans, and which mature within the next ten years. Having regard to the provision already made by Parliament for the maintenance of the public credit, by means of large additional taxation, this further evidence of a desire on the part of the Government to meet obligations of the kind adverted to, in the way indicated, should further tend to the restoration of confidence in our securities; and I am to request that you will forward a copy of this communication to the chief Manager of your London office.—I have, &c., HENRY LANE.

No. 5.—The Manager Oriental Bank Corporation, Sydney, to the Colonial Treasurer.
Oriental Bank Corporation, Sydney,
March 22, 1855.

Sir,—This increased sale of bonds during the month of January [186-] in the face of the continued high rate of money, is accounted by the Court of Directors to its repayment of the £300,000 at the beginning of the year; and they anticipated that, on receiving advices of the proposed measures for increased taxation having passed into law, renewed confidence in the securities of the colony would be felt, which we are sure will give relief often to the Government. * * I have, &c., S. MURRAY.

No. 6.—The Manager, Oriental Bank Corporation, Sydney, to the Colonial Treasurer.
Oriental Bank Corporation, Sydney,
July 18, 1866.

Sir,—I subjoin extract from letter received from our head office in London, dated 26th May last. * * * We are very glad to hear that the Legislature are giving attention to the redemption of the debt, a course of proceeding which will no questionably give confidence in this country. * * I have, &c.—S. MURRAY, Manager.

No. 7.—The Manager, Oriental Bank Corporation, to the Colonial Treasurer.
Oriental Bank Corporation, Sydney,
October 16, 1866.

Sir,—* * You are quite right to use every effort in your power to dissuade the Treasurer from the most objectionable course of paying for public works in debentures. The result of a similar policy on the part of some railway companies and others in this country has been most disastrous. The contractor, of course, charges his work at a much more adverse price to the Government than if he was to be paid in cash, but this is not the worst of the system. The great evil is, that works are being done upon credit, and so long as the contractor's bankers will advance on the bonds, operations are briskly pushed on. At last money gets dearer, and the bankers, fearing a lock-up, press sales of the bonds, and with each sale the price gets lower and lower, until at last the credit of the colony suffers. If you can, get the Treasurer to consider what would have been the present price of New South Wales bonds if the sum in our hands had been instead in the hands of contractors, to whom money wherewith to pay wages was a necessity."—I am, &c., S. MURRAY, Manager.

N.B.—The omitted paragraphs, indicated by asterisks, bear no reference to the subject of the order of the House in this case, and all such as possess any public importance have been already printed.

THE RATHURST CHILD MURDER CASE.

THE *Queanbeyan Age* of Saturday, 16th, contains the following narrative of distressing circumstances connected with the two women Williams and Short, who were convicted at the last sittings of the Bathurst Circuit Court of deliberate child murder, and who are undergoing a life-long imprisonment for the crime:—

We are indebted to Dr. Hayley, of Queanbeyan, for directing our attention to a somewhat remarkable circumstance connected with the case of child-murder at Bathurst, we [illegible] horrible crime with a [illegible] directed our attention to the matter, but he has moreover kindly furnished us with all the papers in his possession having any bearing upon the case. The public mind is scarcely yet recovered from the painful sensations aroused by the revelation of the recent case of infanticide at Bathurst, and for which Harriet Hannah Short (the mother of the murdered child) and Mrs. Williams (her mother) were sentenced by Mr. Justice Hargrave to be hanged; but have since had their sentences commuted—the former to ten years' imprisonment, and the latter to penal servitude for life. And many persons here in Queanbeyan (ourselves amongst the number) have, it seems, read the tragic story without perceiving the intimate connection which exists between it and a notable incident in the annals of the town, and which, but for the service Dr. Hayley has rendered, would probably have lain ever slumbered. In our issue of July 5th, 1867, appeared the following paragraph:—"A Stranger's Death.—A few days ago, at the Queanbeyan Hospital, died a young man, named Alfred Short, under the following circumstances:—Deceased, who was an apparently respectable person, aged about thirty, was a stranger, and came into the town in search of employment as a tutor. He had very little money with him, and as long as that lasted he remained at Byrne's Hotel. From the time of his arrival, he was evidently ill from hereditary disease of the heart; and, finding his means gone and his health impaired, he applied for admission into the hospital, which was granted, and he was removed there in a cart of Mr. Land's. The medical officers of the hospital evidently regarded him as incurable, but his remaining days were rendered as comfortable as possible by the well-known skill and attention of Drs. Hayley and Morton, and the maternal care of Mrs. Hawden, the matron. After his death certain papers were found upon him, from which it was ascertained that his last engagement was as a tutor at Taralo or Foralga, we forget which. Amongst those papers was a letter from Mr. Ewen, of Harlem's Creek, who appeared to be a friend of deceased's; a letter from Messrs. Strickland, Bristol, England, solicitors, with mention of an enclosure of £10, and stating that the deceased had been left a considerable sum of money; also a well-written and affectionate letter from deceased's mother, dated from Chalcott Terrace, Regent's Park, London, and from that it appeared that deceased had been absent from his friends about sixteen or seventeen years. Dr. Hayley very considerately wrote to this lady, announcing the sad intelligence of the fact and circumstances of her son's death, returning her letter, and offering to attend to any instructions she might be disposed to give relating to deceased's grave, or the disposal of any of his effects. Altogether, the foregoing must be regarded as a sad, but not unfrequent end of a stranger in Australia." The publication of this paragraph resulted in the receipt, by Dr. Hayley, of a letter from the Rev. J. C. Byrne, C.C., of Bathurst, asking if the report was true, and for further information on the subject. From that letter it was ascertained, that although the deceased had represented himself here as an unmarried man, he was married, and left a wife (Harriet Hannah Short) and two children at Bathurst. The reverend gentleman also furnished the following extract from the register of St. Michael and St. John Bathurst:—"On the 26th December, 1859, Alfred Cæsar Short, son of John Samuel Short, solicitor, was married to Harriet, daughter of Henry Williams, householder, by the Very Rev. Dean Grant," and added, "On the 20th December, 1860, George Joseph, the eldest son of Alfred C. Short, was born at Back Creek, near Bathurst. The second son is two years younger; both, as stated above, are living with their mother." It will be seen from these statements that the stranger who died here in July last was the veritable husband of the younger convict, Harriet Short. And though the death of the husband and the imprisonment of the wife render it probable that the connecting link in the story of domestic woe now being recorded will never be found, yet sufficient is revealed to enable us to conclude that the marriage of Alfred Short was fruitful enough of misery. It is not for us to pry into the secret as to whose door the fault lay at—that of the husband or his now wretched widow. The probability is, that the child, of whose murder she and her mother stand convicted, was her illegitimate offspring, and that former acts of infidelity on her part drove from his home to end his days amongst strangers, the man who would fain have been the protector of her virtue, and her support through life. We do not aver positively that such would have been the case. There is, we say, an untold tale connected with this tragedy; and thus, all is mere conjecture. But it is sad to think that a marriage like that of Alfred Short with Harriet Williams should, instead of being attended with bliss and harmony, result in a few short years in the lonely death of the husband and father, the seduction of the widow, followed by the perpetration by her and her mother of the unnatural crime of infanticide, by the casting of an innocent healthy baby into a well, the conviction of the murderesses, and their long, long imprisonment, and, finally, the casting upon the world of Alfred Short's two children in a worse state than that of orphanage.

The same journal of the 23rd instant again reverts to the case and says:—Since we furnished the details of last week having reference to the convict Harriet Short, widow of the late Alfred C. Short, who died in the Queanbeyan hospital, Dr. Hayley has received communications from the mother and solicitor of the deceased in England, who at the time of their writing were not cognisant of the deceased's marriage, applying for certificates of his death with a view to obtaining a right for his mother to a legacy left in deceased's favour by a relative. Of course, as soon as Alfred Short's relatives become apprised (which is the case we this) of the fact of his marriage and the birth of his two children, they will perceive that no one else has a legal claim upon the legacy (which amounts to several hundreds of pounds) but Short's children; and it is pleasing to know there is money available for their use, while their wretched surviving parent lingers in prison under her righteous doom. Dr. Hayley replied by the outgoing mail to the letters referred to; and it is only reasonable to expect the unfortunate children will soon enjoy their interest in their deceased parent's estate.

THE SUPPOSED ROBBERY OF THE PRINCE'S JEWELS.

From the *South Australian Register*, of the 18th instant, we extract the following narrative of the doings of Osbaldeston, who, if the charges therein made be substantiated, was a "very nice young man" for a royal party. The *Register* says:—Considerable excitement was caused in town on Friday and Saturday by the arrest of the Prince's valet, E. T. Osbaldeston, who was suspected of having been concerned in a large number of robberies in the city during the past few months. The circumstances of the case, so far as we can gather, are as follows:—In April last several robberies took place at North Adelaide, the residence of Mr. R. R. Minchan and Mr J. A. Kirkpatrick being entered among others. No trace of the perpetrators could be obtained until Thursday last, November 17, when corporal Doyle, who has charge of the North Adelaide Police Station, from casual information he obtained from a gentleman, visited the jewellery establishment of

SOCIAL AFFAIRS IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, SEPTEMBER 26TH, 1867.

We will begin with the leading social topic of the month. This is, unquestionably, not the Pan-Anglican Synod, but the dinner controversy. In London it has excited more interest than even the news of Garibaldi's arrest. To dine seems to be the great social object of human life, but it is not everybody who can afford to purchase delicacies of food such as those which we hear are likely to garnish the inaugural dinner of Mr. Sheriff M'Arthur,—the crimson and silver liveries of whose servants have by the-bye, attracted the eyes of hundreds of admiring Cockneys to the tailor's window in which they are proudly exhibited. To thousands, a shilling is a great deal—a very great deal—to pay for a single meal, especially when the quantity is microscopically small and the quality decidedly inferior. In the commercial districts of the metropolis there are myriads of junior clerks and bookkeepers whose salaries, averaging from fifteen to thirty shillings per week, certainly does not admit of their paying a shilling for a meal which a sturdy Australian stockman would devour at a single gulp. Accordingly we are having a fierce controversy on the subject in the daily papers. Dining-room-keepers are branded as merciless extortionists, their system is furiously denounced, and their establishments threatened with the fate of Sidon and Tyre. Nothing is talked about now, as it were, except new schemes and associations for providing dinners at less rates than those at present charged. The Working Men's Club and Institute Union are moving in the matter, but it needs not the wizard assistance of Lieutenant Morrison, our modern Zadkiel, to tell us that the union will fail, as did the "Brougham Dining Halls Association," in its well intentioned efforts. The most sanguine of anti-dining-roomists—to coin a name for the occasion—does not expect to reduce the charge for dinners more than 10 per cent., the competition among dining-room keepers tending to keep prices down at a low level. The truth is, our city clerks wish to have exclusive resorts and yet to dine cheaply. They wish to dine like gentlemen at the price of mechanics. It is this spirit of exclusiveness which resides at the bottom of all the alleged grievances of which our city people complain. In Paris, if we enter a low priced restaurant in the Palais Royal we shall find clerks, merchants, mechanics, tradesmen, and others, all dining in common, the food being good and plentiful, and the charges moderate. But in London it is otherwise. The bank manager will not dine at establishments patronised by his clerks, nor will his clerks allow themselves to be seen in places where shopmen or warehousemen resort. With all our boasted equality, we have more narrow-minded pride, more stupid snobbishness, existing among us than is to be found in any other country, and until we do get rid of it—stiff-neckedness and all—dining clubs may be multiplied a thousandfold without success. Besides, there are scores of places where the initiated can procure a dinner at a low price. The London dining-room keepers find it impossible to maintain a monopoly. They have no trades union existing amongst them for the purpose of bolstering up prices. Yet their establishments are always crowded at the dinner hour, and the consumption of eatables and drinkables proceeds at a fearful rate. We dare not enter into statistics. The figures are too alarming. If the charges to these establishments be lowered, they will attract the "herd profane," as Lord Lytton kindly terms the industrial class—the horny hands and fustian jackets—and then our sprucely attired clerks who are now so clamorous will speedily betake themselves to dearer and more exclusive places, where their stately presence will not be insulted by the intrusion of common mechanics, men who work with hammers, files, and "all that sort of thing." So we can only regard the great dinner question as a mere *fiasco*, about as profitable to the community as was Mr. Jaboulechere's *rencontre* with the swindler Farina at a continental gambling hell.

Writing about dinners, however, reminds us of the stir occasioned here by the talk concerning Australian beef and mutton, and its abundance in New South Wales. The more we reflect on the matter, the more we feel the difficulty which must attend the successful introduction of Australian mutton into our market as an article of diet amongst our labouring classes. It is hard, very hard, more so than we care to admit, to combat the absurd prejudices which vast numbers of the working people entertain towards new articles of food, especially when provided at a cheap rate. It should not be forgotten that in the cheap metropolitan markets the price of good mutton ranges from 6d. to 7d. per lb., and good beef from 6d. to 10d. per lb., so that good beef is not so very dear here as it is frequently asserted to be. In Newgate or Leadenhall Markets a first-rate leg of mutton may be purchased at the rate of 6½d. per lb. To say the truth, notwithstanding all that is said to the contrary, England is by far one of the cheapest countries in the world so far as provisions are concerned. No sooner is there a rise in the price of wheat than telegrams are dispatched from the Baltic Coffee-house, and other mercantile resorts, to Odessa, or other grain-exporting ports, and in a week—almost as soon as the cargoes have entered the Mediterranean—the price in England falls in anticipation of their arrival. It is the same with French and Belgian provisions. We have excellent cheese at 6d. per lb.; bacon, from 7d. to 10d. per lb.; eggs, 10 to 20 per 1s.; butter, 12d. to 16d. per lb.; potatoes, from ½d. to 1½d. per lb.; apples, 1d. per lb.; pears, 1d. per lb.; damsons, 3d. per quart; tea, from 1s. 3d to 4s. per lb.; coffee, 9d. to 1s. 6d. per lb.; brown sugar, 3d. to 5d. per lb. loaf sugar, from 4½d. to 7d. per lb., and so on. These are the general rates in all the great metropolitan thoroughfares, and will afford a tolerable idea of the price of food in London. In Manchester, Liverpool, Birmingham, and other great centres of industry, prices are about the same, agricultural produce being perhaps a little cheaper.

From the feeding of the body to the feeding of the mind is a natural transition, and the growing taste for musical entertainments in this country forms a significant sign of the times. Nowhere else in the world are good concerts so frequent or so popular. We are not speaking of our public-house music-halls, with their rubbishing doggrel verses, such as "Champagne Charley," "Pal-o-mine," and other stupid effusions, with which brainless "gents" are nightly exhilarated, if such senseless trash have really any exhilivening power in them; we refer more particularly to such concerts as those recently given by the Tonic Sol-Fa Association at the Crystal Palace, by the United Kingdom Band of Hope Choir at the same place, by Mr. Russell at Covent Garden, and by Mr. Kingsbury and Mr. Martin at the Agricultural Hall. The two Crystal Palace concerts were each sustained by a choir of 5000 trained voices, and that at the Agricultural Hall by nearly 1000 voices. No clap-trap melodies are resorted to. At the Agricultural Hall, the performance of Handel's sublime oratorio, the Messiah, attracted some 15,000 or 16,000 persons, and it is to be repeated to-morrow night, for the convenience of those who failed to fight their way into the building on the previous occasion. At the Crystal Palace, the glees of Purcell, Arne, and other composers are always popular. At Covent Garden, the most popular nights are those devoted to the performance of selections from the works of Spohr, Beethoven, and other great composers. There is beyond all doubt a large amount of musical taste and feeling being developed amongst us, and while the French admirers of the gentle art are running like madmen after the light and airy compositions of Offenbach and kindred spirits of the modern French school, we are imbibing a somewhat more healthy taste for the stately grandeur and sublime effects of the particular class of music of which Handel's compositions stand at the head. Never were musical instrument makers more busy, never were music publishers more prosperous with us, than at the present time. In Whitechapel, English opera has proved, again and again, more attractive than melodramas of the Jack Shepherd and Dick Turpin school. For much of this increased passion for music we may thank the Tonic Sol Fa Association, whose pupils are to be counted by thousands and tens of thousands all over the kingdom. This is something to be proud of. Not so the persistent efforts made by the small knots of men, composing the "Sunday League," for the purpose of procuring the secularisation of the Sabbath. Leaving the religious part of the question aside altogether, the success of the Sunday League would undoubtedly prove a national calamity. While the Early Closing Association are endeavouring to secure the extension of the Saturday half holiday system, the Sunday Leaguers are resolutely opposed to it, because if the working classes possessed the Saturday half-holiday they would naturally care little for the views of the Sunday League. Open the parks and public gardens on Sundays if we will, but let us—in Mercy's name—pause before we give our sanction to a system of Sunday labour on a vast scale; for the opening of the Crystal Palace on Sundays really means the Sunday opening of every place of amusement in the kingdom, and the deprival of thousands of hardworking people of their one day's rest in the week. At the present time, upwards of 300,000 shopkeepers and their assistants, 100,000 railway servants, 100,000 boatmen with their families on rivers and canals, 20,000 provincial postmen, 24,000 cab and omnibus men in London alone, and many other classes of men, are needlessly deprived of the whole or a part of their Sunday. There is nothing of cant, bigotry, or intolerance in the objections by such people raised against the Free Sunday Movement. So far as the upper classes are concerned there exists no opposition to the Sunday opening of the Crystal Palace. The fashionable crowds which, during the season, make the Regent's Park Zoological Gardens their favourite Sunday resort, do not look very harshly on the movement headed by Mr. Baxter Langley. The real cry of objection comes from the working men themselves. They tell us, and very truly, that the condition of railway servants, barmen, barmaids, hairdressers, journeymen bakers, cabmen, omnibus men, country postmen, shop assistants, and others, is a disgrace to the country. For about half the wages a mechanic receives, thousands of these Sunday slaves work 14, 16, and 18 hours a day. They endure one continued round of toil, till life becomes a burden. They are victims of Sunday buyers, and Sunday pleasure-takers, and they call upon all Englishmen who hate oppression not to oppress their fellow men by compelling them to do unnecessary work on Sundays. With a logic which ought to convince even Mr. John Stuart Mill they assert that those "who enjoy Sunday rest ought to give the same blessing to others, for all men need it, and all men have a right to it. Thousands of men who go out shopping and pleasure-taking on Sundays do not intend to injure the shop assistants or the railway servants." They don't think about it, but

> "Evil is wrought for want of thought
> As well as want of heart."

People never think of the amount of Sunday labour carried on in this country. A railway servant stated, "I go to work at seven in the morning, and leave off at twelve at night on Sundays and week-days." Another man writes, "I have not had a Sunday for twenty years, except when laid aside by sickness." At Camden Town, some months since, a railway servant who had been at work thirty-six hours on a stretch, became so exhausted that he met with an accident which caused his death. A few months ago a ticket-taker at the Chelsea Pier, was taken to a Lunatic Asylum. For seven years, this man stood in his box on Sundays and week days from eight in the morning till dark. During the whole seven years he had only two days' rest. A Government servant writes:—"It is seventeen years since I could get up on a Sunday morning, clean myself, and go to a place of worship, like other people."

The proceedings of the Social Science Congress, at Belfast, appear to have attracted comparatively little attention here, although the list of subjects discussed has been both important and comprehensive, as may be seen from the titles of a few of the papers read—University Reform, Intermediate Education, Compulsory Education, Technical Instruction, Middle Class Education of Girls, Landlord and Tenant, Irish Emigration, Development of Irish Manufactures, Friendly Societies, Transfer of Land, Irish Taxation, Trade Outrages, Trade Societies, Improvements in India, International Currency, International Arbitration, Repression of Crime, Oaths, Juvenile Crime in Ulster, Bankruptcy Law, Water Supply, Prison Dietaries, and so on. The metropolitan newspapers, with one or two exceptions, seem hardly to have been aware of the wealth of subject-matter developed during the Congress; and to those who have read only the reports in the English papers, the whole must appear a failure. Yet nothing could possibly prove more productive of practical good to our unfortunate sister-country than the occurrence of this great gathering of social philosophers and Parliamentary counsellors, in one of her great towns, for the purpose of discussing her troubles and their remedies. One of the most pleasant features connected with the Congress, was the kindly reception accorded to Miss Mary Carpenter on her return from India, whither she has been for the purpose of showing her sympathy with her sisters of the East. Her lecture on India, delivered extemporaneously, attracted a large audience, the fashionable and brilliant attire of the ladies contrasting strangely with the quiet and comparatively humble garb of the speaker. Social Science Professors—no matter whether male or female—evidently do not study the vagaries of fashion. Miss Carpenter insisted that the preliminary step to be taken in India was to secure better treatment for women. At present they were little better than slaves. There could be no true civilisation in countries where women were treated as inferior beings. This sentiment was, of course, loudly applauded by the ladies present. Miss Carpenter also told us that a social science association was about to be founded in India, whereat we hazarded the query—why should not one also be formed in Australia? Why not, indeed? An Australian Social Science Congress, holding its meetings alternately at Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide, and Brisbane, would find much to say and much to do. It would certainly assist in eliciting a large amount of valuable information respecting social matters in Australia, and placing it before the English people. Another remarkable feature of the Belfast Congress was the unanimity with which the leading members spoke of the possibility, nay, the certainty, of Ireland's future industrial and social prosperity were such elements of disturbance as the Fenian agitation withdrawn. The Fenian organisation, with its Manchester outrages, Chester raids, and threatened disturbances in London, Leeds, Dover, and elsewhere, is awakening a very uneasy feeling on the part of the English towards the heartless soldier adventurers and ex-tailors, who have taken upon themselves nominally the duty of redressing Ireland's wrongs, but in reality are gaining a livelihood at the expense of their gaping dupes. Never were the English people more in the humour to assist Ireland in the good work of social and industrial progress than at present. The congress of the Social Science Association is a clear proof of this.

The Bishop of Oxford's remarks on Sunday schools have excited much controversy here. The learned prelate is not a man with whose remarks the world is generally astonished or edified, but for once he has decidedly created a "sensation." The Bishop boldly tells us that religion does "not consist in setting children on a hard bench, making horrid faces at them if they buzzed, and knocking them on the head if they went to sleep." Very true. But when his reverend lordship began to assert his conviction that Sunday schools had failed in the application of the "be good" principle, he began to tread on slippery ground. To have heard the Bishop of Oxford speak thus, one would have thought that Sunday schools had proved a complete failure. We should have liked the Bishop to have visited Stockport where, collected together under one roof, he would find, any Sunday he liked to drop in, upwards of *five thousand* children, belonging to various religious denominations, receiving religious instruction. To thousands upon thousands the Sunday school has for a long time past formed the only means of education available. We can point to numbers of male and female operatives whose knowledge of reading was acquired in the Sunday school only, and it is undeniable that, to the influence of these useful institutions, we were indebted for much of that exemplary patience and fortitude which characterised the conduct of the Lancashire operatives during the terrible crisis of the cotton famine.

In connection with the Education question here, a most important resolution has just been adopted, at a meeting of the Blackburn district of the Lancashire Congregational Union. It is as follows:—"In view of the need of increased education for the masses of our countrymen, this meeting without pledging itself to an entire approval of the present system of grants in aid of the Committee of Council, recommends that the churches of our denomination should avail themselves of such grants until a better system be established." It is not concealed that the progress of the Education Question in Australia has exercised much influence on the minds of many English voluntaryists, and led them to modify in some degree their preconceived opinions on the subject. It is certain that public feeling here is generally tending in favour of compulsory education, for the adoption of which the Church of England is gradually preparing the way. The Rev. James Macdougall read a paper which may be taken as an expression of the sentiments now entertained by many respecting State assistance for day schools belonging to dissenting bodies. He thought that "every Congregational church which has not a day-school, and every one that has a difficulty in sustaining a school already in existence, should apply for Government aid, and accept supervision of an authorised inspector. This advice might be given and taken with perfect loyalty to the great principles of religious liberty. The receipt of money from the State to assist the secular education of the poorer classes was not to be mixed up with the receipt of money for purely religious purposes. The first was not only permissible, but desirable, as a rational means of helping the prevention of the crimes it has become so burdensome and expensive, as well as so difficult, to punish with propriety and strict equity."

The meeting of the British Association at Dundee was productive of several very interesting papers, among which, one by Mr. Pengelly, in the Geological Section, recalls to mind the results of Mr. Kreffi's researches in the Caves of Wellington Valley. We hope that the success attending recent researches in the English Caves will lead to greater attention being devoted by European geologists to those of Australia, concerning which our *savants* here seem to think that we shall at no distant period make most important discoveries. There must be other fossil caves, they assert, besides those already known.

The horrors of transportation have again been brought before the public, in the shape of a letter from a good and worthy man, Mr. Fallack, who has also published a copy of the petition addressed by the convicts of Western Australia to the colonial legislature, complaining of the alleged cruelties said to be perpetrated by Governor Hampton. If there be the least shadow of truth in the details therein furnished, the English Government are certain, without waiting for the re-assembling of Parliament, to demand full explanations from the colonial authorities. Mr. John Frost has also written a long letter on the same subject, and to-day he is followed by Mr. William Hewitt.

The Scotch papers have been noticing the arrival of a cargo of wheat in that country direct from Adelaide. All who have seen the samples express he highest approval of the same. Of the quality of the flour brought over with the wheat we have not heard.

Miss Rye has addressed a very sensible letter, on Victorian emigration, to the *Times*, to which, despite the remonstrances of colonial trades unionists, the English labouring classes are certain to pay much attention, especially that portion of Miss Rye's communication in which she states that "Persons anxious to reconcile contradictory statements about the condition of our colonial possessions, and especially Australia, will do well to remember that that continent is made up of what, in our northern hemisphere, we should call many nations, and that as we never speak generally of the condition of the labour market of Europe, but particularly of the depression or healthiness in each country, never confounding the boors of Russia with the artisans of England, so it is wise to particularise with regard to Australia, and to know that simultaneously there may be paralysis and stagnation in Queensland, Goods and depression in New South Wales, competency and quiet comfort in South Australia, with abundance and a high state of prosperity in Victoria."

JOHN PLUMMER.

THE FRENCH EXHIBITION.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

PARIS, SEPTEMBER 18.

ONE of the most interesting and valuable of the special collections to be examined in the Champ de Mars is the very full and complete exhibition of everything connected with the operations of the Sanitary Commission which, through the result of private effort exclusively, unaided by the Government, rendered such valuable service to the cause of humanity during the late tremendous civil war between the Northern and Southern States of the American Union. The initiative of the remarkable movement which has issued in the formation of the "International Society for rendering help and succour to all who are wounded in battle by land or sea" (as constituted at the famous Congress of Geneva, and subsequently adhered to by nearly all the Governments of Europe), is due entirely to the spontaneous action of a little group of the ladies of New York, who met together on the 25th of April, 1861, at the "Hospital for Women and Children," founded and conducted by the well known Englishwomen Drs. Elizabeth and Emily Blackwell, the first women who ever obtained the medical degree, and who have been for many years engaged in a large, successful, and steadily increasing practice among the women and children of the great Western Empirium. At this preliminary meeting the little group of earnest women drew up an address "to the Women of New York," setting forth the state of utter and helpless confusion of the medical department of the Northern Army, calling on them to lend their aid in organising succour for the wounded, and appointing a public meeting for the adoption of a programme destined to give a practical form to their efforts. The meeting thus announced took place, a week or two later, at the Clinton Hall, under the presidency of the venerable physician and philanthropist, Dr. Mott. A working committee of ladies was chosen then and there, and the movement thus begun, and aided by the counsels and co-operations of several benevolent and energetic men, including some of the most distinguished physicians and surgeons of the United States, speedily attained proportions, and rendered an amount of service, absolutely without parallel in the annals of philanthropic enterprise.

This noble "Commission," founded by women, and managed through the duration of its existence mainly by women, collected money and goods to the amount of *five millions sterling*, distributed the same with a degree of economy as rare as it was admirable, established all the other features of the institution, fitted up floating infirmaries on the great rivers, organised ambulances, established hospitals, sent out its bands of beneficent labourers of both sexes, who followed the armies on their marches, established themselves on the edge of every battle field, set up flying hospitals, provided with every species of apparatus and supplies, and carried off, and tended the sick and the wounded, rendering, on all points, and on every occasion, services so signal that the Official Military Board—which had, in the usual spirit of red tapeism, done all in its power to ridicule and impede its novel auxiliaries—yielding to the force of evidence, publicly acknowledged the immensity of the services rendered by it, adopted the system elaborated by the Commission, and united its efforts to those of that body.

The history of the Commission and its doings, as narrated by one whose name will be imperishably connected with the great movement in question, reads like a romance. At the stirring appeals of the central committee, sub-committees were organised in all the states of the North, in every city, and almost in every village. Thousands of persons, of both sexes, old and young, of every class enrolled themselves on the lists of the Commission, pledging themselves to shrink from no service to which they should be appointed, and repairing, with more than the zeal and devotion of the old Crusaders, wherever the cruel havoc of war, or the yet more fatal ravages of camp-life, called for their presence. Mechanics vied with each other in inventing apparatus and appliances of new and improved construction; private persons sent in gifts of money and of everything that could be useful; and entire States got up "Fairs," supplied by the voluntary contributions of all classes of their people, at which cattle, sheep, horses, hogs, preserved meats, poultry, vegetables, flour, wood, coal, implements, and manufactured goods of every kind were sold, during several consecutive days, for the benefit of the Sanitary exchequer. Beside the inestimable services rendered to the host of those whose injuries were beyond cure, but whose last sufferings were alleviated by the humane exertions of the agents of the Commission, the Army Medical authorities of the United States have stated as over 100,000 the number of lives saved by its action.

The historian of this grand and prolific application of the principles of individual initiative and associated effort, Dr. Thomas W. Evans—formerly of Philadelphia, U.S., but for many years past established in Paris, and attached, as dentist, to the Household of the Emperor Napoleon, and of nearly all the crowned heads of Europe including the Sultan of Turkey—had the satisfaction of seeing his work on the Sanitary Commission of the United States translated in La Plata, Paraguay, Buenos Ayres, and Brazil, where similar commissions were organised, and with proportionate success, on the breaking out of war between those countries.

As far back as 1859, the idea of decreeing the neutrality of soldiers wounded on the field of battle was promulgated by the far-seeing benevolence of the much-calumniated Euler to whose action the judgment of posterity will render the justice denied by the prejudices and misconceptions of to-day. On May 29 of that year, during the Italian campaign, and just after the victory of Montebello, the *Moniteur* published the following decree:—

"The Emperor Napoleon III., wishing to diminish, as far as possible, the sufferings brought about by war, and to set the example of suppressing all unnecessary hardships has decided, under the date of May 28, that all wounded prisoners shall be given back to the enemy without exchange, as soon as their state shall permit of their being sent home to their own country."

Developing the germ of enlightened and philanthropic innovation embodied in this decree, and stimulated by the successful operations of the American Sanitary Commission, then in the full exercise of its vitality, an "International Conference" assembled in Geneva, in 1863, for the purpose of deliberating on the means of establishing a General Sanitary Organisation for the mitigation of the horrors of war, and the prevention of a repetition of the heart-rending horrors of the battle-field of Solferino, the recital of which was still present in the shuddering memory of all friends of humanity. The beneficent principles of the neutrality of the wounded, and of army-surgeons and nurses, and of the right of all the victims of war to succour, without reference to their nationality, first proclaimed by the Emperor Napoleon five years before, and previous even to the formation of the Sanitary Commission of the United States (which also dispensed its beneficent aid alike to the wounded of both camps), were reaffirmed by this Conference, and have now received the formal sanction of Europe, the Governments of France and Prussia being the first to adopt its programme, and being followed after a brief delay by nearly all the others. The Queen of Prussia was the first to take the International Society, organised at Geneva, under her personal protection, and has been unceasing in her efforts to promote its efficiency. When the late war broke out between the two great German Powers, the International Organisation, which the King of Prussia had taken under his immediate patronage, rendered immense service to the wounded of both armies.

Sent by the Emperor Napoleon to investigate the conditions of the military hospitals of Italy and Austria after the Italian campaign, and of Germany after the Austro-Prussian conflict, the work of Dr. Evans offers a complete text book on this painful but deeply interesting subject, containing a mass of valuable statistics, and giving a full and clear account of everything connected with this important topic.

The Exhibition, got together at so much trouble and expense by Dr. Evans, includes specimens of all the objects and arrangements adopted by the American Sanitary Commission, and has been studied, day after day, in all its innumerable details by the members of the Congress whose members, delegated by the various national branches of the International Society, have just wound up their peaceful debates and friendly labours by a grand dinner at the Grand Hotel. Having held preliminary sessions all through the summer, studying the various problems connected with the surgical conditions of the battle field and military hospital, the past week was devoted by the Congress to a general discussion of results, concerning which our *savants* here seem to think that we shall at no distant period make most important discoveries. There must be other fossil caves, they assert, besides those already known.

The Congress has also anxiously discussed the best means of getting quickly to the wounded, of getting them off the battle-field and under surgical treatment, and all the other practical questions connected with the welfare of the wounded, the disinfecting of battle fields (so frequently a source of disease to the localities about them), and the disposal of the dead. Dr. Bertine, Garibaldi's physician, urged a return to the ancient practice of burning the bodies of the dead; but though a large majority of the delegates are understood to be in favour of cremation, it was considered that an appeal to the public of Europe for its adoption would be premature, and the fuller consideration of the subject was accordingly deferred until next year.

In order to generalise and consolidate interest in the aims and operations of the society, it was determined to present medals to persons who have especially distinguished themselves by zeal in its service; and to offer for the invention of the best ambulance waggon, a prize of 1000 francs; for the second best, one of 600 francs; for the best horse stretcher, 300 francs; and for the best hand stretcher, 200 francs. Only those sent in previous to the 1st of September would be allowed to compete for those prizes. The best of the ambulance waggons thus contributed is pronounced to be that of Dr. Evans; but as it was not sent in by the stipulated time it could only receive the expressed approbation of the jurors, and their statement that it would have taken the highest award, if sent in at the stated time, instead of taking only the second award, which was all that could be assigned to it under the circumstances. The first prize was therefore assigned to the ambulance of Baron Mundy, president of the first section, and widely known in connection with the administration of the lunatic asylums of Gheel.

The gold medal for distinguished service to the society was given to the Empress of Austria for her generous donations, to the Queen of Prussia, the Empress of the French, Prince Oscar of Sweden, Prince Humbert of Italy, the Grand Duke of Baden, to Dr. Evans (to whose fine display a gold medal was also awarded by the jurors of the International Exhibition) to Baron Mundy; Count Serrurier, Vice-President of the Society; to Messrs. Dunant and Maynier, of Geneva; to Professor Cortesi, of Florence; to Dr. Long Moore, Deputy Inspector-General and Professor of Military Surgery, at Netley, &c. Silver medals were given to Mr. Howard for his ambulances, which rendered great service during the Civil War in the States; to Dr. Barrie, of New York, for his hospital carriage; to Mr. Perrot, of Philadelphia, for a very ingenious method of gun cotoning medicine and other bottles against fracture, by packing them in paper boxes of peculiar construction, set upon springs; to Mr. Dunton, of the same city, for horse panniers for the transport of medicines, soup, &c.; to Mr. Borden, of Boston, for his "extract of beef," his "condensed milk," and "condensed milk and coffee," preparations pronounced to be altogether superior to those of Liebig, and said to be invaluable for military hospital use, enabling nurses to prepare, instantaneously, with the aid of boiling water, an excellent and highly nutritious broth, milk as palatable as though just from the cow, and much more nutritious, and *cafe au lait* equal to anything obtainable in Parisian restaurants.

Returning from the buildings and tents in the French portion of the Park, containing the painful but deeply-interesting collections alluded to, into the group of barbaric countries described in my last letter, we note various valuable and interesting things accidentally omitted from the notice of the contributions sent by Japan. Among these are camphor, a great variety of fibres, tea, tobacco, woods—one of which the "kinogoji," has the curious property "placed in water, of being completely covered with edible mushrooms in the course of twenty-four hours—an astonishing variety of papers, for all manner of uses, and some of them covered with figures in relief and coloured, ink, dolls, and toys (some, apparently intended by their ugliness to frighten naughty children), and specimens of "no end of" small matters of everyday life, even to toothbrushes and toothpowders; beautiful basket work, and queer looking charcoal, made, seemingly, from cucumbers.

Morocco is represented mainly by roomy slippers of red and yellow leather, some plain, others covered with gold embroidery, and a very extensive collection of children's boots; handsome tissues of silk, wool, gold and silver; the strength of the weavers' fancy going out, mainly, in the making of long broad sashes, or rather scarves for winding round the waist, some of these being exceedingly rich and varying in price from £5 to £8. The leather and woollen caps are wonderfully like those worn by the French peasants, and would seem to have been imitated from the same model as the "Liberty Cap," of revolutionary fame; gay figures, striped and chequered, apparently very strong; linen embroidered over with coloured silk; gay burnous, and handsomely embroidered sword belts. The way in which the industry of some civilised peoples throws itself into embroidery is exceedingly curious and as conspicuous here as elsewhere.

The present Emperor of Morocco, it appears, married a French lady who had been made a prisoner by pirates, in the rougher days of fifty years ago, and who, exposed for sale by her captors, was so fortunate as to captivate the heart of the monarch, who forthwith dismissed his harem and married her in Christian style. The Empress of Morocco subsequently sent to France for her three sisters, who married brothers of the Sovereign. The widow of the son of one of these ladies spent last winter in Paris, with her son, Prince Gennaouri-Abdallah-Sulyman; and the latter, who is heir to the throne of Morocco—a very handsome young fellow, and very rich—has lately married a pretty and charming young French widow, the Baroness de Preile, daughter of the late M. Donville, who began life as teacher of French in London (where the late Richard Cobden was one of his pupils), and who, having invested his savings in wild lands lying just beyond the old *barriere* of the Arch of Triumph, became immensely rich by the rise in the value of this land. The stroke of Fortune's wand which is to make the daughter of Mr. Cobden's French teacher Empress of Morocco, is hardly less romantic than that which married the handsome daughter of a Madrilene washerwoman to one of the proudest nobles of Spain, and placed her granddaughter on the Imperial throne of France.

Siam has but just got her goods into place! Her collections afford the most curious evidence of the co-existence of advanced industrial skill with general barbarism of habits and manners to be found in the great gathering. Her domestic implements and objects of ordinary life are chimically rude, as are most of the tissues exhibited. There is a good deal of curious embroidery of gold leaf and tinsel upon cloth; a couple of models of boats, with pavilions, for the use of the Emperor, gay with gold tinsel and red paint, and with grinning devils at the prows; copper cooking utensils, painted wooden ware, tawdry paper flowers, European-looking candlesticks; models of native dwellings, with pointed thatched roofs and verandahs, large jars of rude pottery, great cumbrous umbrellas, hideous grinning masks of painted ivory; magnificent porcelain vases, five feet high, covered with home-scenes, showing the grandeur of Siam to be fully as ugly as those of China, and their customs to be as cruel and tyrannical; coins, jewels, and objects of gold and silver plate—some of them very handsome—belonging to the Emperor, and including a spittoon in gold, set with rubies; boxes for perfumes, and bowls for wine and fruit, in silver repousse; pictures of Bondhs—two of them of inlayings of very richly-tinted mother-of-pearl upon ebony; wonderfully magnificent embroideries of silk on cloth, one of which, most exquisitely executed, gives a series of scenes in a garden, with richly robed lords, splendidly-dressed ladies, and frowzy little lap-dogs, shaggy as Skye terriers, frisking and barking so evidently that you almost hear their voices, and brilliant butterflies hovering above their heads; the whole being pourtrayed with a sublime contempt for perspective. The White Elephant seems to be the arms of the country; and reminiscences of green, grinning, devilish-looking dragons, and of superposed stories, are visible in all their ornamentation.

A project is mooted for purchasing the contents of the meebine gallery of the "Gasometer," and making a permanent museum of the same in this city, as a practical school for workmen.

MAX.

RITUAL COMMISSION.

(*From the Times.*)

[CONCLUDED.]

SEVERAL inquiries were made respecting the general tendencies of this system. Mr. Le Geyt says that five or six persons, but not more, from his congregation, have joined the Roman Church within the last nine years. He is asked whether Romanists have attended his service. He replies, "at all events very rarely," and he does not remember any well authenticated instance. Mr. Webb considers that his style of service works against Popery. Perverts to Roman Catholicism, who have become dissatisfied with the Roman theology, have welcomed his service as the nearest approach to primitive models. Mr. Nugee says that the Roman Catholics of Portsmouth offered no opposition to him so long as he confined himself to a simple Anglican service, but as soon as he adopted the vestments he was at once denounced by the Roman Catholic Bishop of the district. He treats this as a proof that his system is hostile to Roman Catholicism, but the public will be inclined to place a different interpretation on it. It shows, if anything, that his practices are so like Roman Catholicism that even Romanists might be entrapped into joining them. He asserts, further, that the whole tone of his parish has been improved since his innovations. This is a *post hoc propter hoc*, of which the Ritualists make great use. At least as much could be alleged for the opposite schools. Mr. Bennett says that only two curates have left him to join the Roman Church, one of whom has since returned. He informs us also that many Dissenters have been led to join the church in his parish, and that scarcely a month passes without his receiving some of them. On the other hand, Mr. Clay, of Brighton, attributes the same result to a precisely opposite system. The latter gentleman describes the case of a young lady, brought under the influence of the clergy of St. Paul's, whom he was called on to visit. She had been invited to confession in that church, and the result was that she had been led to think that she had no choice between Roman Catholicism and infidelity. According to Mr. Clay, the young lady said that the clergyman who received her confession expressed his agreement in this sentiment, and advised her to place herself under a Roman Catholic priest. Mr. Wagner repudiates any knowledge of the case; but whatever explanation may be offered, it is difficult to suppose that Mr Clay can be in error as to facts which have come under his own experience. Sir C. B. Reader represents that the effect of these practices has simply been to restore the Holy Communion to its just position among the services of the Church. The Bishop of London asks him very pertinently whether there be not some danger in going too far in the opposite direction. But Mr. Reader thinks it impossible that this should follow from the introduction of the vestments, for Bishop Wilson prayed for them. "Then you believe," said the Bishop of London, "in the infallibility of Bishop Wilson." To which Mr. Beadon, in effect, replies that he does very nearly.

A great deal of evidence is given as to the feeling with which these practices are generally regarded. Mr. D. Wilson narrates the circumstances under which the attempt of the late Bishop of London to introduce various rubrical observances was defeated in the parish of Islington. A remonstrance against the proposed changes was at once placed in his hand, signed by 3000 of the parishioners, and in one of the district churches half the congregation stayed away one Sunday from the mere apprehension of innovation. He thinks his parishioners would still be similarly sensitive, and that any attempt to introduce Ritualism would at once drive them to Dissent. Mr. Le Geyt says that he has never had a remonstrance from any one, but we have already seen what is the value of his assertion that the pressure upon him has always been in the other direction. He considers that adorned services attract chiefly the higher and lower strata of society, and his chief difficulty is with the middle class, but their dislike has not amounted to positive opposition. Mr. Webb, in the same way, says that educated persons are attracted by his services, and his congregation includes a considerable number of lawyers and physicians. Curiously enough, he says that Unitarians are particularly attracted by such a ritual. Mr. Le Geyt says that he thinks his church has drawn some, but not many, from the parish church. There is a Low Church near him from which he has drawn some people, but they have drawn none from him. Mr. Nugee considers that his people on the whole are favourable to his proceedings, but his account looks very much as if they had been inclined to oppose him strongly at first and had then let him go his own way. The strongest opposition was when he began the choral service. Since he introduced the vestments he has had no difficulty, except that some people, who must have had very nicely balanced consciences, were uneasy about the incense. A Dissenting chapel has been closed in his parish, and the proprietor is now in his choir, and is one of his best supporters. To counterbalance this, however, one of the landowners, after exhausting his patience in fruitless opposition, has built a Church of England chapel of his own, which appears to be attended by a considerable number of the parishioners of all classes. He has procured the services of a Huntingdonian Minister and declares himself still a faithful member of the Church of England. Mr. Nugee does not hesitate to say that the reason why some stay away would soon be perceived if their lives were looked into. "A great mass" of the people would be glad to give him more vestments if he wanted them, and he seems to describe the Church of England chapel of which we speak as a small prayer meeting. The fact, however, remains, that the practices of Mr. Nugee and the neighbouring clergy, who form all of the same school, have created a body of "Church of England Dissenters." Mr. Bennett says that no objections have been made to his recent innovations, but that some persons left his congregation before he had separated among them. It is very possible that the latter fact may explain the former, and that the explanation applies to most of these cases.

Some interesting evidence is afforded of the different views which are taken of strictly ritual and of simply choral services. Mr. Le Geyt says that the Church people in his district who do not join his congregation are accustomed to attend to two neighbouring churches where the service is choral. Mr. Kempe has introduced chanting the Psalms in his Evening Service, and finds that the change is very acceptable. He sees a very remarkable opinion on this part of the subject. He believes that the taste for a musical service is very rapidly increasing and extending itself very widely. "I have had," he says, some remarkable illustrations of the manner in which it extends to those who are extremely sensitive about so-called ritualism, and what may be considered to be Roman tendencies in service; how those persons, almost in the same breath, have expressed their warm approval of choral services and their strong disapproval of what are called ritualistic practices." The Dean of Carlisle draws a similar distinction. He says that all the religious people with whom he is acquainted would object to ritualism, but not to choral services altogether. A very curious fact is established by his evidence and that of the Dean of York. The Dean of Carlisle has found that the choral services of the Cathedral seriously deter the mechanics of that city from attending the Cathedral. But he states that this is an idiosyncrasy of the Cumberland people. They are very unmusical; while the inhabitants of York, on the contrary, have "an intense love" of choral services, and maintain an excellent choral association. The Dean of York fully confirms this description, and the services in York Cathedral are crowded by working men.

A very important point in this inquiry concerns the position held by ritualistic churches towards the parishioners of their district as a body. It is, we think, clear from the evidence that, with one exception, none of these churches depend on the support of the parish in which they are placed. They all rely upon the assistance of strangers, and strangers generally form the mass of the congregations. The only apparent exception is St. Barnabas, Pimlico, the incumbent of which is able to say that out of 600 communicants on Easter Sunday, not more than 60 lived more than three quarters of a mile from his church. It may, perhaps, be a question whether the neighbourhood of St. Barnabas does not happen to include just that class of people who have a taste for elaborate ritual. Mr. Nugee's church might seem, at first, to offer another exception. We have seen, indeed, that there is a schism among the Churchmen of his parish, but he is still able to say that the great mass of his congregation are from his own people. He adds, however, that he exercises a great influence over the young officers in Portsmouth garrison, and that it is becoming quite the fashion among them to go over to Wymering on a Sunday morning. In fact, though Wymering is a country church, it happens to be in the neighbourhood of just that æsthetic material which generally furnishes an extraneous support to such churches. Mr. Le Geyt confesses that his congregation cannot be called a parochial one. He urges that the people of his district are not of a class which is fond of churchgoing; but the Archbishop of Canterbury justly replies that out of a population of 10,000 they might expect to supply at least a majority out of a congregation of only 900. Mr. Webb makes a similar statement respecting St. Andrew's, Wells-street. The majority of his congregation are non-parishioners, and if no strangers came he believes that his church would be empty or comparatively so. Among other consequences he would at once be insolvent, as, according to him,

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—NOVEMBER 25.

Hunter (s.), 310 tons, Captain Sullivan, from Merimbula. Passengers—Mrs. Black, Miss Brown, Messrs. Turkington Brooks, Burt, Featherston, and 10 in the steerage. L. S. N. Co., agents.

Bakiuthu (s.), 272 tons, Captain Hill, from Rockhampton 21st instant. Passengers—Rev. M. M'Dermott, Messrs. J. Scott, E Lindsay, Allerton, Simpson, and 20 in the steerage.

Parramatta, ship, 1321 tons, Captain Williams, from Plymouth 3rd August. Passengers—Mrs. Gilchrist, Misses Gilchrist (2), Masters Gilchrist (2), and 3 servants, Messrs. Thomas and J. Gilchrist and servant, Mrs. Anderson, Messrs. Anderson (2) and servant, Mr. and Mrs. Blake, Miss Blake, Misses Orens (2), Mr. and Mrs. Burnett, Mr. and Mrs. Hill, family and 1 servant, Mr. and Mrs. Cowlishaw, Miss Gawthorpe, Miss Fletcher, Miss Schiller, Miss Tooth, Misses Christie (2), Mr. and Mrs. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Sloane, Mr. and Mrs. Wood, Misses Wood (2), Miss Harris, Mrs. Ridd, Mrs. Brian, Miss Richardson, Mrs. Eskell, Masters Eskell (2), Miss Eskell, Mr. and Mrs. Thomson, Mrs. Morgan and child, Messrs. Beitz, Livingston, Carr, Norton, Barker, Fawson, Nixon, Levy, Wilson, Shephard, Cherry, Bennett, and 10 in the steerage. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., agents.

Alpha, schooner, 82 tons, Captain Tyrell, from Brisbane via the Tweed River, in ballast. Captain, agent.

H. M. S. Brisk, 17 guns, Captain Hope, from a cruise.

DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 25.

City of Hobart (s.), for Hobart Town.

Susannah Cuthbert (s.), for Grafton.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—NOVEMBER 26.

Reconnaissance, for Newcastle; Melrose, for Calcutta; Hesperus, for Batavia; Alexandra (s.), for Melbourne; City of Brisbane (s.), for Brisbane.

CLEARANCES.—NOVEMBER 25.

City of Hobart (s.), 862 tons, Captain Clinch, for Hobart Town, via Twofold Bay. Passengers—Major Fanning, Mrs. Fanning 3 children and servant, Miss Fanning, Miss Tighe, Mrs. Evans, Miss Evans, Misses Clarke (2), and Mrs. Randall, Mrs. Binbridge, Mrs. Monger, Rev. R. Ball, Messrs. F. Fanning, Halloran, and J. Symonds.

Hesperus, brig, 214 tons, Captain Spring, for Batavia.

Melrose, barque, 287 tons, Captain Kindred, for Calcutta. Passengers—Mrs. Kindred and 2 children.

COASTERS INWARDS.—NOVEMBER 25.

May Queen, from the Manning River, with 26,000 feet cedar, 14 logs timber; Gorilla, fr... Tweed River, with 21,000 feet cedar; Fanny, Christopher G... g, from Wollongong, with 154 tons coal; Alert, Henry Edward, Louis and Miriam, from Newcastle, with 480 tons coal; Centurion, from Shoalhaven, with 12,000 feet timber, 181 bags maize, 36 hides, 4 kegs butter; Collaroy (s.), from the Hunter River, with 134 bales hay, 110 bales wool, 13 casks tallow, 180 sheep, 6 coops poultry, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—NOVEMBER 25.

Diamantina (s.), for the Manning River; Catherine Agnes, Christopher George, for Wollongong; Alert, Louis and Miriam, for Newcastle; Elizabeth, for the Hawkesbury.

IMPORTS.—NOVEMBER 25.

Bakiuthu (s.), from Rockhampton: 6 packages, E. Row; 71 bales wool, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 7 Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., Bank; 5 casks tallow, 22 hides, 1 bundle skins, 23 bales wool, Muri and Co.; 17 hogsheads tallow, Henderces 7 bales skins, 1 parcel gold (993 oz. 19 dwts. 23 grs.), Bank N. S. Wales; 10 bales wool, Tucker and Co.; 20 hides, Rabone, Fees, and Co.; 64 bales wool, Richardson and Wrench; 13 bales wool, Schofield and Young; 1 case, W. B. Dean and Co.; 13 bales wool, Montefiore, Joseph, and Co.; 31 bales wool, R. Towns and Co.; 10 chests tea, Teak Teong; 170 pieces copper, P. D. C. M. Co.; 10 hogsheads tallow, 39 hides, 3 bundles skins, 18 bales wool, Order.

Parramatta, from London: 309 iron rails, 7032 railway chairs, 102 fish bolts and nuts, 72 steel crosse sleepers, Commissioner for Railways; 300 packages, 1000 cases brandy, Curcier, Hawke, and Co.; 21 casks, 243 packages, 232 cases, E. Vickery; 2 cases, W. C. Woolcott; 50 hogsheads 21 boxes tobacco, 1 box samples, Fanning, Griffiths, and Co.; 13 cases, 6 bales, Farmer, Painter, and Pope; 2 cases, Smith, Brothers, and Co.; 240 casks cement, William Patten; 4 cases, L. and H. Hordern; 1 case, J. Hill; 2 cases hardware, Alcock, Brothers; 8 bales, Caird, Paterson, and Co.; 3 cases perfumery, 24 cases, Myers and Solomon; 82 packages, 2 cases, Prince, Ogg, and Co.; 3 trunks, John Lobb; 50 hogsheads 12 quarter-casks rum, 21 bags 30 packages sundries, Scott, Henderson, and Co.; 11 cases, W. Saber; 2 cases, M. A. Higbee; 9 cases, Smith, Brothers; 40 cases wine, Brown and Co.; 1 case, M'Donnell and Co.; 2 cases books, W. R. Piddington; 5 packages, G. C. Brooker; 384 packages, J. Hughes, 12 packages, F. Veit and Co.; 1 case package, William Pratt; 20 cases chicory, 5 cases coffee, N. Giffard, 24 packages, S. Owen and Co.; 1 case, W. Crispin; 61 packages, A. S. N. Co.; 2 rams, M'Donald, Smith, and Co.; 50 cases, John Hughes; 1 case, Alfred Rolfe; 7 cases, E. Davis; 28 packages, J. Lewis and Co.; 1 case, W. S. Friend and Co.; 1 case, Thomas Moore; 1 case, Dawson, Eagar, and Co.; 8 cases, J. Green; 106 packages, F. Lassetter and Co.; 5 cases, Alcock, Brothers; 45 bales paper, J. Fairfax and Sons; 1 case, J. Anderson and Son; 3 cases, Bellingbird Tract Society; 100 hogsheads sugar, 1 cases, Dangar, Dangar, and Co.; 1 case, Colonial Sugar Refining Co; 2 cases, Williams; 255 packages, H. H. Beauchamp; 1 case, R. Ralph; 4 cases, Lawson and Carter; 5 packages, F. Lassetter; 27 cases, Henry Parkes; 17 packages, Myers and Solomon; 91 cases, Horace Wollaugh; 1 case plants, Shepherd and Co.; 2 cases plants, J. Purchase; 50 cases brandy, 150 bales tobacco, 60 packages, Parbury, Brothers; 147 packages, E. Chapman and Co.; 100 kegs, 67 packages, J. B. Holdsworth; 1000 bundles hoop iron, Talbot and Son; 22 cases, George Griffiths; 3 cases, Cornelius Maloney; 8 packages, Willis, Merry, and Lloyd; 19 cases, Charles Merry, and Co.; Merry, Brothers; 25 cases, E. T. Fels; 100 boxes pipes, J. H. Myers; 3 cases, 2 bales, C. Newton, Brother, and Co.; 80 cases vestas, M. Alexander; 3 cases, 10 bales, 1 parcel, Young, Lark, and Bennett; 12 cases, 1 bales, 3 cases samples, A. M'Arthur and Co.; 3 cases, 41 packages, Hoskins and Sons; 3 cases, Cooper and Whiting; 183 plates iron, 1 bale, 2 girders, 107 bars iron, 10 barrels tar, 10 barrels pitch, 10 bottles quicksilver, 14 cases, 21 casks, F. N. Russell and Co.; 58 trunks, 1 parcel (samples), Saddington and Sons; 53 packages, S. Hordern and Co.; 93 packages, W. S. Gardiner and Co.; 1 case, Dumaresq; 1 case, Cooper and Sons; 481 packages, Rabone, Fees, and Co.; 15 cases, F. Perks and Co.; 7 packages, F. Lassetter and Co.; 67 packages, D. Cooper and Co.; 44 packages, Macnab and Co.; 41 cases, J. Lecoche; 36 packages, Mr. C. A. Anderson; 1 trunk, T. W. Hall; 18 packages, 1 case samples, 200 bags salt, D. Cohen and Co.; 1 case, W. Lipscomb; 30 packages, David Jones and Co.; 26 barrels pork, 20 cases cheese, 209 hams, 162 pieces bacon, 20 tins preserved potatoes, 23 bundles oakum, 1290 packages, Order.

EXPORTS.—NOVEMBER 25.

City of Adelaide (s.), for Melbourne: 30 chests tea, H. H. Beauchamp; 34 half-chests tea, 2 packages tobacco, 4 packages, J. Powell; 20,000 sovereigns, Union Bank; 10,000 sovereigns, Oriental Bank; 1 case, Hunter Brothers; 1 package, Saunders; 2 packages, J. Wearne; 13 packages, J. B. Holdsworth; 20 packages machinery, W. Hawkshaw; 1 coil rope, A. S. Webster; 79 bags maize, J. Walker; 260 bags maize, W. Wright; 130 cases fruit, J. M'Roberts; 130 cases fruit, P. Cullen; 30 cases oats, Laidley, Ireland, and Co.; 35 bags maize J. Campbell and Co.; 60 cases fruit, 18 bags oysters, H. Woodward; 24 bags oysters, 82 cases fruit, P. James; 567 hides, Tidswell, Wilson, and Co.; 17 cases fruit, 46 bags oysters, G. Clarke; 33 bags oysters, 55 cases fruit, J. Stainty; 206 cases fruit, Tidswell, Wilson, and Co.; 13 bags oysters, J. Simpson and Sons; 12 bags oysters, 35 cases fruit, Anderson; 149 bags maize, D. Brown; 65 bags oysters, Cullum; 120 cases fruit, 2 packages, H. Griffiths; 12 bags oysters, W. Kimber.

Lady Bowen (s.), for Brisbane: 50 bags sugar, 3 quarter-casks port, 12 boxes 6 half-chests tea, 7 packages, Keele and Co.; 2 casks coffee, 21 barrels currants, 1 packages, A. Fairfax and Co.; 1 package tobacco, Jacobs and Co.; 1 case gloves, S. J. Cohen; 3 packages tobacco, 20 cases geneva, 2 hogsheads 2 quarter-casks brandy, 1 case chicory, 43 chests 14 boxes, 4 half-chests tea, 20 bags rice, 1 bale hops, 140 bags sugar, 30 bags flour, 60 packages, J. Fraser and Co.; 10 hogsheads beer, J. Ward and Co.; 4 trunks boots, F. Vickery; 422 cases kerosene, 1 case, S. Hoffnung and Co.; 2 packages, H. H. Beauchamp; 2 cases, Parbury, Brothers; 3 packages, Peate and Harcourt; 3 trunks boots, E. Vickery; 1 trunks boots, 14 packages, Saddington and Sons; 3 boxes tin plates, Friend and Co.; 10 packages, Myers and Cantor; 3 packages, Alderson and Sons; 12 packages, F. N. Russell and Co.; 5 casks biscuits, M'Kinlay, Brothers; 3 packages, A. M'Arthur and Co.; 26 cases acid, 3 packages, Elliott, Butchers; 1 case, C. Newton, Brothers, and Co.; 2 stoves, 17 packages, F. Lassetter and Co.; 6 kegs butter, M. Hughes; 1 case, C. Furze; 3 packages, F. Macnab and Co.; 4 packages, Keep and Parsons; 2 cases boots, Tebbutt; 3 kegs butter, T. M'Caffery; 9 kegs butter, W. A. Clarke; 11 bales hay, J. Healey; 10 cases jam, J. M'Kanney; 1 case boots, Tidswell; 57 cases fruit, H. Griffiths; 9 cases fruit, H. Woodward; 3 packages, Keep and Parsons; 27 cases fruit, 1 case seed, Hargreaves.

City of Hobart (s.), for Hobart Town: 10 casks tallow, Willis, Merry, and Lloyd; 54 bags maize, 3 casks beef, Brown and Son; 34 cases condiments, A. Lackerstein; 1 case plants, W. H. M'Keown; 12 empty casks, J. Clinch; 2 cases crackers, Myers and Solomon; 13 packages, Laidley, Ireland, and Co.

Hesperus, for Batavia: 197 tons coal, Eldred and Spence; 10 cases meat, Rabone, Fees, and Co.; 12 packages provisions, F. G. Lender and Co.; 550 sacks flour, Beilby and Scott.

Melrose, for Calcutta: 20 cases preserved meat, Rabone, Fees, and Co.; 2 cases wine, Wyndham and Co.; 13 packages glass, Towns and Co.; 380 tons coal, G. E. Austin.

SHIPS' MAILS.

MAILS will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

FOR HOKITIKA.—By the Lizzie Colesom, this day, at noon.

FOR CALCUTTA.—By the Melrose, this day, at noon.

FOR BATAVIA.—By the Hesperus, this day, at noon.

FOR MELBOURNE.—By the Alexandra (s.), this day, at 4 p.m.

FOR BRISBANE.—By the City of Brisbane (s.), this day, at 4 p.m.

FOR VALPARAISO.—By the Alfred the Second, on Wednesday, at noon.

FOR HARVEY'S BOROUGH.—By the Saxonia (s.), on Wednesday, at 4 p.m.

FOR ROCKHAMPTON.—By the Bakiuthu (s.), on Wednesday, at 4 p.m.

FOR LONDON.—By the Agnes Rose, on Wednesday, at 6 p.m.

MAILS PER RAKAIA VIA PANAMA.

THE Royal Mail Steamship Rakaia will be dispatched with the Homeward Mails, via New Zealand and Panama, on SUNDAY, 1st December.

The times appointed for closing the mail are:—

For registered letters, 3.30 p.m., 30th November; and for letters, packets, and newspapers; 8 p.m., 30th November.

Letters and packets posted in the Sydney town receivers up to 6 p.m., 30th November.

Direct mails will be made up for the various provinces of New Zealand; for Panama, New York, San Francisco, Costa Rica, Nicaragua, Guatemala, Salvador, Honduras; and for London, in which last will be included correspondence for the United Kingdom, the Continent of Europe, the West Coast of Africa, the Cape of Good Hope, &c.

The usual intercolonial rates will be charged on correspondence for New Zealand.

The rates of postage to and through the United Kingdom will be the same as those charged by the route via Suez and Southampton.

J. DOCKER, Postmaster-General.

General Post Office, Sydney, 23rd November.

CUSTOM HOUSE.—Entered Outwards, November 25: Susannah Booth, schooner, 111 tons, Captain Willing, for the Buller River; Alice Cameron, barque, 340 tons, Captain Carter, for Auckland; Phœbe (s.), 400 tons, Captain Wheeler, for Hikitika.

The mails dispatched per R. M. S. Bombay consisted of 15,536 letters, 464 books, 13,984 news.

	Letters.	Books.	News.
Australian Ports	277	18	302
Indian Ports	876	169	1,062
France and Continental States ...	319	1	142
London via Southampton... ...	10,824	201	12,028
London via Marseilles	3,230	135	330
Total	15,526	464	13,964

The Bakiuthu (s.) left Rockhampton at 6.29 a.m. on the 21st instant. Passed Cape Capricorn at noon, North Solitaries at 6 p.m. on the 23rd, Seal Rocks at 4 p.m. on the 24th, and moored at the Company's Wharf, Sydney, at 8.45 a.m. on the 25th. Experienced moderate northerly winds to the North Solitaries, from thence strong southerly with a heavy head sea.

H.M.S. Brisk, from the Fijis, reports having passed and spoken the schooner America, hence for the South Sea Islands, 21 days out.

The following is the cargo brought from Merimbula by the steamer Hunter:—700 bags bark, 20 bags bacon, 6 casses and 200 cheeses, 80 bales wool, 75 kegs butter, 3 cases ogra, and sundries.

The Hunter (s.) reports passing the R. M. S. Bombay off Jervis Bay, at 6 p.m., on the 25th instant.

THE PARRAMATTA.—This fine vessel arrived early yesterday, under the command of Captain Williams, after a splendid passage of 83 days, and as usual brings a full cargo, and a large number of passengers, including many old colonists. Respecting the passage, we may state that the Parramatta left London on the 27th August, and Plymouth on the 3rd September; Teneriffe was sighted on the 8th, and Madeira passed on the 15th, with baffling winds prevailing; in crossing the bay of Biscay, she experienced very heavy gales. The meridian of the Cape of Good Hope was passed on the 27th October, and Cape Otway was sighted on the 22nd instant. She has therefore made the run up from that point in sixty-three hours, something unprecedented. Strong gales were experienced through Bass's Straits, attended with heavy thunder squalls. The ship is consigned to Messrs Gilchrist, Watt, and Co., and will discharge at the Circular Wharf.

NEW ZEALAND.—The barque Bengal, Captain John Jamieson, with live stock, &c., arrived in port yesterday, after another most successful trip. The former voyages of this vessel were quite eclipsed by this last one—not having lost a single head of stock on the passage. The Bengal was towed to sea from Newcastle, New South Wales, by the tug boat Bungaree, on Saturday, 19th instant, and experienced moderate breezes and fine weather up to 22nd instant, since which date, till making the land, had strong westerly winds. The Solander was sighted at 2.30 p.m. on 30th instant, arriving off this port at daylight yesterday morning, and at the Pilot station at 10 a.m. Was brought up the harbour and berthed alongside the wharf by Pilot Lovegrove, at noon, and afterwards discharging her freight of sheep and horses—the former into railway trucks direct, which were conveyed to Invercargill by the afternoon train. The Bengal is a full vessel, consisting of 240 head of prime heifers, bullis, and steers; 8 valuable horses, including a thoroughbred chestnut foal, 120 well-bred sheep, and a miscellaneous collection of birds, comprising pheasants, New South Wales pigeons, magpies, quails, &c., the whole arriving in a most satisfactory condition. There is also on board a miscellaneous assortment of building materials, intended for erection on the station of the consignees of this cargo, Messrs. Hill and Wentworth—these gentlemen being passengers by the vessel. This favourite stock vessel will, after the discharge of her cargo, be open for freight or charter. We have no hesitation in asserting that since she has been employed in carrying stock the result of her several voyages has proved her the best adapted vessel for the service in New Zealand.—*The Southlander News*, November 2.

The Clio was successfully raised yesterday afternoon by Mr. M'Nab, diver. She was sunk in ten fathoms of water, and has received no damage with the exception of the rent in the mainsail.

NEWCASTLE.

ARRIVALS.

November 23.—Ceres, schooner, 91 tons, Brown, from Hokitika, N. Z.

November 23.—Anne, schooner, 213 tons, Nind, from Brisbane.

November 23.—Galatea, schooner, Crockett, from Adelaide.

November 24.—Leonidas, schooner, 111 tons, Bell, from Hokitika, N. Z.

November 24.—Serab, brig, from Hokitika, N. Z.

November 24.—Lily, brig, 248 tons, M'Callum, from Sydney.

November 24.—Drover, brig, 174 tons, Ferguson, from Nelson, N. Z.

November 25.—Meander, barque, 377 tons, M'Donald, from Adelaide.

November 25.—Prince Edward, brig, 174 tons, Brabham, from Melbourne.

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE S.S. KENNEDY.

WE (*Nelson Examiner*) have to record an escape of Messrs. N. Edwards and Co.'s screw steamer Kennedy from destruction, on the Mokihinui bar, of a very narrow, almost miraculous kind, last Friday morning; and also the salvation of the life of the Superintendent of the Province, Mr. Sharp (the Provincial Treasurer), Mr. Barnicoat (the Speaker), and three members of the Council, besides other passengers, and the captain and crew. The Kennedy left Hokitika on Tuesday, 22nd October, and crossed the Mokihinui bar at 5.30 that evening, where she moored inside for the night. At daylight, on Friday morning, she commenced discharging her deck cargo; but, as the morning passed, the fresh in the river increased so rapidly that only a few tons could be got out of the hold, and preparations had to be made for leaving the river. The hatches were then put on; but, such was the violence of the current, as soon as the operation was completed, (it had been raining heavily since 11 o'clock the previous night) all the moorings were carried away, and the vessel was swept into the middle of the river by the force of the stream. The port anchor was still down, and 50 fathoms of cable were payed out to hold the ship in position (whill this work could be cleared for crossing the bar, at the same time steaming full speed ahead to keep her up to the anchor. In spite of all this, the increasing force of the current was too much for the ship, and she dragged her anchor at the rate of four to five miles an hour. Then Captain Carey saw that nothing could be done but to slip the chain; and this being effected no time to get the vessel out stern first, as there was imminent danger of her going broadside on to the stream, then running at a very rapid rate. Shortly after this she struck her stern on the North spit, and carried away her steering apparatus, slewing round broadside on to the sea with her head to the southward. The captain immediately set men to work to hook on relieving tackles. This took some time to accomplish, as the sea poured in on the vessel and nearly washed the men overboard, and frequently during this very hazardous operation shipped a sea "fair over the poop," and the steersmen had repeatedly been washed away from the wheel. At this critical moment the engineer reported that there were from two to three feet of water in the engine-room, and that the coals and ashes were washing about so violently as to preclude men from working at the fires; consequently the steam was going down rapidly. Fortunately, a sufficient pressure of steam was maintained to keep the vessel going ahead or astern in the swing of the current, and also to keep her off the beach until the steam was strengthened and the relieving tackles were hooked on and secured. The engineer by-and-by reported "steam up," and the boat being put "hard-a-port," the steamer went full speed ahead, in order to get her head to the sea. This, however, was not accomplished until she had gone quite a mile south of the entrance. At length, getting her head to the sea, she got through the break. During the occurrences of what we have been describing, the sea was making clean breaches over the ship, the green solid breakers descending on her deck in massive bodies of water. The cabin doors were carried away, and about two feet of water was in the saloon. One boat was also washed from the davits, and the one alongside—in tow when she broke away from her moorings—was picked up in the break on the bar by means of the winch and brought on deck. Too much of the time was very great, as every one on board felt. The energy and readiness, together with the cool, prompt seamanship of Captain Carey were the theme of every tongue, and that feeling received expression in a testimonial signed by the superintendent, treasurer, speaker, councillors, and the other passengers.

[By ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

MELBOURNE.

ARRIVAL.

November 24.—Veno, from Mauritius; Eleanors, from Adelaide.

November 25.—Tamar, from Hobart Town.

DEPARTURES.

November 24.—Southern Cross (s.), for Hobart Town; Yan Yans (s.), for Sydney; Rangatira (s.), for Adelaide; Derwent (s.), for Launceston.

November 25.—Sussex, for Newcastle.

SYDNEY HEADS.

	TIME.	WINDS.	REMARKS.
Nov. 25.	8.30 a.m.	S.	Fresh, and cloudy.
	Noon.	S.E.	Moderate, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	S.E.	Ditto, and ditto.

WINDS AND WEATHER.

NOVEMBER 25TH.

	9 a.m.	Bar.	Ther.	3 p.m.
QUEENSLAND.				
Bowen	...Calm. Fine			
Port Mackay	...Calm. Fine			
Waverley	...SE. Fine			
Nebo	...Calm. Sultry			
Rockhampton	...N. Fine			
Hawkwood	...Calm. Fine			
Maryborough	...Calm. Fine			
Gayndah	...SW. Fine			
Brisbane	...SW. Fine			SE. Fine
Toowoomba	...Calm. Fine			
N.S. WALES.				
Tenterfield	...E. Fine.			NE. Fine
Grafton	...			
Glen Innes	...NW. Fine			W. Fine
Armidale	...W. Fine			W. Fine
Tamworth	...Calm. Fine	29·908	74°	E. Fine
Murrurundi	...SE. Cloudy			SE. Fine
Singleton	...NE. Fine			NE. Fine
Maitland	...SE. Fine			SE. Fine
Newcastle	...SE. Stormy	30·044	66°	N.E. Fine
Windsor	...SW. Fine.			W. Fine
Sydney	...S. Fine, cool			SE. Fine
South Head	...S. Fine			SE. Fine
Wollongong	...S. Fine			S., light. Fine
Kiama	...S. Fine			S. Fine
Bathurst	...SW. Fine	28·940	57°	Calm. Fine
Mudgee	...E. Fine			E. Fine
Camille	...W. Fine			Calm. Fine
Wellington	...NE. Fine			W. Fine, warm
Dubbo	...Calm. Fine			W. Fine
Orange	...Calm. Fine			SW. Fine, hot
Forbes	...Calm. Fine			NW. Fine, warm
Young	...Calm. Fine			Calm. Fine
Wagga Wagga	Calm. Fine			Calm. Fine
Urana	...SE. Fine, cool			Calm. Fine
Deniliquin	...SE. Fine, cool	29·900	61°	SE. Fine
Hay	...SW. Fine			Calm. Fine
Moulamein	...SW. Fine, cool			Calm. Fine
Balranald	...SE., light. Fine			NW. Fine
Euston	...SE. Fine			NW. Fine
Wentworth	...SE., fresh. Fine			S., light. Fine
Goulburn	...Calm. Fine			Calm. Fine
Braidwood	...Calm. Fine, clear			NW. Fine
Araluen	...SE. Fine			NE. Fine
Queanbeyan	...SW. Fine, clear			Calm. Fine, clear
Cooma	...S. Hot			S. Fine
Yass	...Calm. Fine			Calm. Fine
Gundagai	...Calm. Fine			W. Fine
Tumut	...Calm. Fine			W. Fine
Kiandra	...SW. Frosty, cold	29·428	48°	NW. Fine
Albury	...SW. Fine, cool	29·604	63·6	Calm. Fine
Bombala	...SW., strong. Fine			SW., strong. Fine
VICTORIA.				
Melbourne	...			
Queenscliff	...SSW., fresh. Fine	30·28	50°	
Cape Schank	...SW. Fine	29·95	58°	
Cape Otway	...SW. Cloudy	30·060	58°	
Portland	...WSW. Cloudy, fine	30·212	56°	
S. AUSTRALIA.				
Guichen Bay	...SE., light. Fine	30·266	61°	
Adelaide	...W by W. Cloudy	30·105	68°	
M'Donnell Bay	8. Fine			

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MARTYN AND CO.—At their Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Vehicles, Harness, Saddlery, &c.

BURT AND CO.—At their Bazaar, at 12 o'clock, Gate, Grand Stand, Booths, Stalls, Saddling Paddock, &c., of Homebush Racecourse.

SULLIVAN AND TINDALE.—At Camperdown Yards, at 3 o'clock, Horses.

H. MAURICE.—At his Rooms, at half-past 2 o'clock, Maize, Straw, &c.

S. GRAHAM.—At Railway, at 10 o'clock, Hay, Straw, &c.

CHANDLER AND CO.—On the Premises, Randwick, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Pianoforte, and Effects.

R. F. STUBBS AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, the barque "Fury," Cordage, Calcutta Linen, &c.

J. G. COHEN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Saddles and Saddlers' Materials.

W. C. RUSH AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Manchester Goods, Drapery, Dress Goods, Clothing, spotted Flannels, &c.

ELLIS AND CO.—At Railway, at 10 o'clock, Hay, Straw, &c.; at Depot, at half-past 1 o'clock, Butter, Eggs, Bacon, Cheese, Maize, &c.

W. G. RENFREY.—At Railway, at 10 o'clock, Hay, Straw, &c.; at the Square and Compass Yards, at 11 o'clock, Country Produce, &c.

S. WOOLLEY.—At his Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Springcart, Buggies, Drays, &c.

GRINDALE AND MYDONNOUGH.—At 80, York-street, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Crockery, Glassware, Sollers, Tubs, &c.; at their Rooms, at 2 o'clock, Unredeemed Pledges.

N. W. RAVEN.—At Railway, at 10 o'clock, Hay, Straw, &c.

BUTLER AND HOSKINS.—At Railway, at 10 o'clock, Hay, Straw, &c.

A. MOORE AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Watches, Clothing, and Sundries.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, SYDNEY

Latitude 33° 51′ 41″. Longitude 10h. 4m. 40s.

Magnetic variation 10° 17′ 30″ East. 1864.

THE time ball is dropped daily (Sundays excepted), at 1h. p.m. Sydney mean time, or 2h. 55m. 14s. a.m., Greenwich mean time.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

Barometers corrected to 32° Faht., Sydney to Mean Sea Level. Force of Wind, estimated in lbs. per square foot. Velocity of Wind estimated in miles per hour. Rainfall and evaporation, measured in inches, per square foot.

Scales of { Humidity, 0 to 100. Cloudy sky, 0 to 10. Ozone, 0 to 10.

NOVEMBER 23RD, 1867. CIVIL RECKONING.

Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature in shade.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force.	Velocity.	Cloudy sky.	Rain.	Ozone.
				Wind.					
A.M. 9	29·858	71·4	66	SE.	0·4	9	6	0·30	3·5
P.M. 3	·775	67·6	58	SSE.	0·7	12	7		
„ 9	30·044	62·7	64	S.	0·5	10	10		3·0
Mean ...	29·891	67·2	62·7		0·5	10	7·7		3·5

Evaporation in 24 hours, 0·211.

SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.

Shade { Maximum ..... 73·6 | Sun—maximum ..... 120·2
Minimum ..... 58·0 | Grass—minimum ..... 50·9

Temperature of sea water, 3 feet below the surface, at Fort Denison, at 9 a.m., ——

Total rainfall from January 1st to November 23rd = 54·71 inches.

Annual average of the preceding eight years = 49·93 inches.

COMPARISON OF STATIONS.

NOVEMBER 25TH, 1867. CIVIL RECKONING.

Stations.	Height (if above mean sea level).	AT 9 A.M. Barometer.	Temperature in shade.	Humidity.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Force.	For 24 hours previous to 9 a.m. Cloudy sky.	Max. in shade.	Minimum in shade.	Rain.
SYDNEY ...	145	30·118	63·7	51	SSW.	4·6	5·0	74·1	56·2	0·00
GRAFTON ...	26									
NEWCASTLE	109	29·956	62·6	55	S.	4·0	4·7	72·0	55·8	0·00
SOUTH HD.	267	29·883	60·4	57	S.	2·0	8·7	76·5	54·6	0·00
KIANDRA	4640	25·393	50·4	47	SSW.	1·0	2·0	62·6	18·8	0·00
DARLIQUIN.	410	29·831	61·0	67	SE.	4·0	0·7	75·9	47·2	0·00

Line interrupted.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDUM FOR NOVEMBER 26TH.

Object.	R. Ascension.	Declination.	Rises.	Sets.
	h. m.	° ′	h. m.	h. m.
SUN	16·5	20·49 S.	4 47	6 47
MOON	16·3	15·42 S.	5 4 a.m.	6.28 p.m.
MERCURY ...	15.30	17·5 S.	4.25 a.m.	6 1 p.m.
VENUS	17·6	23·27 S.	3.47 a.m.	5.50 p.m.
MARS	16·46	23·37 S.	3.24 a.m.	7.35 p.m.
JUPITER	22·8	12·46 S.	11.11 a.m.	12.23 p.m.
SATURN	15.43	17·47 S.	4.33 a.m.	6.9 p.m.

Moon's age, 29·5 days.

High water at Fort Denison ..... a.m. 8h. 7m.; p.m., 8h. 27m.

GEORGE B. SMALLEY, Government Astronomer.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1867.

THE Congress of Radicals at Geneva has broached the idea of the formation of the "United States of Europe." Destitute of all official influence and forming a class rather proscribed than listened to by the Governments of Europe, they trust of course for the realisation of their idea to its commending itself to the judgment of the great bulk of the people in each nation.

It is curious to notice sometimes how extremes meet. An idea, not exactly the same but somewhat similar—a suggestion for a closer union—was not so very long ago broached by the Emperor NAPOLEON—the advocate and impersonation of modern Cæsarism. But that was at a time when France was more distinctly than it now is, the leading nation in the diplomacy of Europe. Its star had not paled before the rising brilliancy of the Germanic constellation. The Napoleonic idea of a European union was a union with France at the head—with France to give the word—France to expound the idea, and France to shape the policy. But this pre-eminence of any one among associated Powers is the rock on which all federations tend to split. We have seen in Germany how the federation of unequal powers means sooner or later the dominance of the stronger; and in a federation of European States there can be no guarantee that the weaker States would not lose as much of prestige and free action as they would under the old-fashioned system of the balance of power.

On the other hand, the present state of Europe is a curious commentary on the growth of civilisation, and a standing proof of the tremendous costliness attendant on upholding the balance of power, as well as an illustration of the immense evils that arise from mutual suspicion, and from the over-development of that national feeling which grudges and envies the prosperity of a neighbour.

Looked at commercially we see marked on the map of Europe a dozen different Customs' frontiers. Every hundred miles or so the free interchange of goods is arrested. An army of revenue officers watches the transit of goods at certain points on the railways and rivers. From the whole industry of the Continent a heavy per centage is deducted to pay for the waste arising from labour not being expended to the greatest practical advantage, and in paying for the cost of maintaining the suppression. Every year so much possible wealth that might accrue from existing industry is foregone, and a portion of what is accumulated is paid away to defray the cost of this impoverishing arrangement.

Looked at in a military point of view, the tax involved in the present *regime* is still more striking. Each State keeps on foot an enormous army, most of the members of which are withdrawn from all productive industry, and in many cases from all social life. Immense fortifications are constructed at what are considered to be the essential points, and to meet the changes in the art of war these are perpetually renewed at a heavy cost. New cannon, new rifles, new projectiles require periodically a rearmament of the troops, and the cost of army, navy, and fortifications, with their contingent expenses, forms a prodigious burden upon the annual revenues of each country. There is no part of the world where industry is so severely taxed as in Europe to maintain the appliances of war. If mutual suspicion could only be lulled and mutual confidence restored, every treasury in Europe would be instantly relieved, and every peasant would have cheaper food, and greater comfort.

Of course, the differences of language, the differences of religion, and the differences of race, together with all the traditional enmities thence resulting, seem to oppose an insurmountable obstacle to any kind of union. And yet they oppose no such obstacle the moment the members of the different nationalities aggregate themselves in a new land and under a new flag. Citizens from Treves, and citizens from Strasbourg may have to fight about the Rhine boundary if NAPOLEON and BISMARCK should think proper to force on the issue, and all Europe may perhaps be in turmoil in a few years about the possession of Constantinople. Yet Danes and Prussians, French and Austrians, Hungarians, Russians, Poles, Italians, and Turks, can all settle down in the United States of America, and become fellow-citizens, and their children retain no trace of the old traditional enmity. It may well be asked whether, in order to bring about such a pacific recognition of a common brotherhood, it is necessary for all parties to cross the Atlantic and denationalise themselves. It may be fairly asked why that should not be possible in Europe which becomes so easy in America, and why the sacred soil of fatherland should for ever remain a stranger to the peace and prosperity so easily obtainable in the land of the West.

Another consideration, too, seems to have suggested itself to several minds. The States of Western Europe, while weakening themselves by their mutual dissensions, are in danger of losing the position of influence they have collectively occupied in the world. On either side of them is rising up

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH IN MELBOURNE.

[By Electric Telegraph.]
(From our correspondent.)

MONDAY.

To-day was a public holiday. The city was splendidly decorated, and visitors poured in from all directions from an early hour—indeed, the city is crowded. Eleven thousand school children were massed in Collins-street, opposite the *Argus* Office, to sing the National Anthem. The boys all wore straw hats, with blue ribbons; and the girls white dresses, with blue ribbons. Balconies and stands were erected along the procession, which were all filled. At 12 o'clock the Prince landed at Sandridge, when a salute was fired. He was received by the Governor, the Ministry, the Executive Council, and the Reception Committee. His path was strewed with flowers by the children. The Mayor and Corporation of Sandridge presented an address, to which the Prince replied. A carriage and four was in waiting, and on the Prince entering it he was received with deafening cheers, to which he responded by lifting his hat. The procession then proceeded to Emerald Hill, where a splendid triumphal arch was erected, under which the Mayor and Corporation presented an address to the Royal Visitor, and a large number of children sang the National Anthem. The Friendly Societies here joined the procession, which extended fully a mile, and entered Melbourne under the triumphal arch on Prince's Bridge. The Mayor and Corporation of Melbourne on a raised dais presented the Prince with their address in the presence of at least 30,000 spectators; and again the children sang the National Anthem. The procession then proceeded westward, down Collins-street, where a triumphal arch had been erected, down William, Bourke, and Spring streets to the Treasury—where the Addresses from the Legislative Council and Assembly were presented amid immense cheering. From the Treasury the procession proceeded along Collins-street and Swanston-street to Toorak. The enthusiasm of the vast multitude was unbounded all along the route. There were no accidents of consequence—a verandah fell in, but no one was hurt, and there was a rush opposite the Treasury. The Prince appeared much gratified at his reception. The Fitzroy Gardens are to be lit up to-night, and there will be displays of fireworks and bonfires.

Disturbing a Congregation.—Yesterday morning (says the *Lyss Courier* of Saturday) a woman, named Eliza Wilson, who had been out of gaol only a week, went into St. Augustine's Church in a state of intoxication while the congregation were engaged at early prayers, and disturbed the same by her indecent conduct. She was soon taken in charge by constable Burke, assisted by Mr. Doyle, who went at their devotions at the time, and ultimately lodged in the lockup. She is a notorious drunkard, having been confined in almost every gaol and lockup in the southern districts. The conduct of the constable in taking the woman to the lockup was disgraceful and unmanly. When our attention was first attracted to the matter they were in the private right of way adjoining the *Courier* printing office. At this time the constable was walking behind the woman. She suddenly wheeled round and said, "I will not go to the lockup for twenty men like you." Without further remark on either side, the policeman immediately felled the unfortunate creature to the ground by a blow from his right fist, laying her prostrate on her back. As might have been expected, whether drunk or sober, the woman screamed loudly, when the constable jumped round her, laid hold of one arm, and dragged her for a couple o yards along the ground, shamefully exposing her person while pulling her along. Under this rough treatment the screaming, of course, continued, and ultimately led to a private person assisting the constable to lug the woman to the lockup, where we presume she now lies. If necessary when the matter is brought before the Bench, evidence can be given of the gross treatment of the constable towards the poor wretch he was conveying to the police cell.

Agricultural Prospects at Orange.—We may now fairly speculate (says the *Western Examiner*) on the probable success of harvest operations, confining our remarks more particularly to wheat. That the yield will only be an average half-crop may be fairly assumed. As a whole the crops do not look well. In many places the ear, having formed too soon, is almost destitute of grain; whilst in others the vitality of the seed has from some cause or other been destroyed, consequently the crop looks very thin. Again, chickweed is abundant in places and faint cries are heard of rust. We may reasonably assume, however, that if only half an ordinary crop is obtained, the wheat remaining from the last harvest will supply the deficiency; consequently, as report conveys the intelligence that rust has made its appearance in almost every other district, they not having any surplus stock to meet the deficiency, a scarcity and consequent rise of price must take place, which will materially affect our local market. It has been proved that flour produced from Orange wheat realises a price equal to that of Adelaide in Sydney. All these considerations combined tend to justify the assertion that next year will be one of success to the farmer, as a fair average price cannot fail to be obtained.

Our New Reporter.—The Boston *Advertiser* says—"We took a new reporter on trial yesterday. He went out to hunt items, and after being away all day, returned with the following, which he said was the best he could do:—'Yesterday we saw a sight that froze our muscles with horror. A hackman, driving down College-street at a rapid pace, came very near running over a nurse and two children. There would have been one of the most heartrending catastrophes ever recorded had not the nurse, with wonderful forethought, left the children at home before she went out, and providentially stepped into a drug-store just before the hack passed. Then, too, the hackman, just before reaching the crossing, thought of something he had forgotten, and turning about drove in the opposite direction. Had it not been for this wonderful occurrence of favourable circumstances, a doting father, a loving mother, and affectionate brothers and sisters, would have been plunged into the deepest woe and most unutterable funeral expenses.' The new reporter will be retained."

Anti-Niagara—"Which is the strongest throne on the globe to-day?" inquired the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher lately in New York. "Why, the English unquestionably; partly because a noble, virtuous, and illustrious woman sits upon it. She dignifies womanhood and motherhood, and she is fit to sit in empire. That is one reason why the English throne is the strongest. But that is not the only reason. It is the strongest also because it is so many-legged. It stands on 30,000,000 of people. It represents the interest of the masses of its subjects. Another reason why England is the strongest nation is because it is the most Christian nation, because it has the most moral power. It has more than we have. We like to talk of ourselves on the 4th of July; we love to fan ourselves with eulogies; but we are not to be compared today with Old England. I know her surly faults; I know her stubborn conceit; I know how many things are mischievous among her poor common people, among her operatives of the factory, and among her serfs of the mine; but, taking her up one with another and down the other, there is not another nation that represents as much Christianity as Old England. If you do not like to hear it, I like to say it. And the strongest Power on the globe to-day is that kingdom. It is the strongest kingdom, and the one that is the least liable to be shaken down. England! she has been destroyed every ten or fifteen years from the time of the Armada to the present day in the prophecies of men. Every few years she has been about to be overthrown by sea; she has been ploughed up by land; she has been about to be stripped of her resources in India and other parts of the Globe. Nations have formed alliances against her; the armies and fleets of the civilised world have gone about her; her interests political and pecuniary, have been repeatedly and violently assailed; and yet she has stood, she now stands, mistress of the seas, and the strongest power on earth, because she has represented the moral elements."—*Court Journal*.

Municipality of Randwick.—The council met on the 20th instant. Present—The chairman and councillors G. Denning, J. Pearce, P. A. Dutruc, and Charles Moore. The minutes of the previous meeting having been confirmed, a letter from Mr. John Rae was read respecting the conveyance of thirty-three feet of his and Mr. Charles Nathan's land for the purpose of making a street sixty-six feet wide, conditionally on a road being made on the western boundary of St. Mark's glebe land; the matter was ordered to stand over until a reply had been received from the trustees of St. Mark's glebe. A letter from the Sydney Water Commission was then read, requesting information as to the nature of the supply of water in the municipality, whether sufficient, and if not, what suggestions the council could make to increase the supply. After due consideration, the following reply was ordered to be sent:—1st. That the municipality are supplied by wells, tanks, and surface springs; 2nd. That the supply was not sufficient for present wants; and 3rd. That if the municipality could not be supplied from the Lachlan Swamp, some other distant source must be looked to. The following accounts were then passed and ordered to be paid: Section C, gravelling Anna-street, £17 7s. 9d.; raising grasses, £9 4s. 6d.; general expenses, £1 5s. 3d.; total, £27 17s. 6d. The council then adjourned to the 4th December.

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES.

[From our correspondent.]

MELBOURNE.

MONDAY.

Parliament assembled at 10 o'clock this morning, passed the Seab Act, and addresses to the Prince were prepared.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

NOTICES OF QUESTIONS AND MOTIONS, AND ORDERS OF THE DAY.
TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 26.

QUESTIONS.

Mr. R. Stewart to ask the Attorney-General,—1. Has the attention of the Government been called to the quantity of spurious copper coinage now in circulation? 2. Are the parties issuing these coins liable to any penalty? 3. Is is the intention of the Government to take any steps to check this system of fraud on the public?

CONTINGENT NOTICE OF MOTION.

Mr. Samuel to move (as an amendment on the motion for going into Committee of Supply),—That, in the opinion of this House, the Ways and Means, as estimated by the Colonial Treasurer, are inadequate to meet the proposed expenditure for the years 1867 and 1868.

OTHER BUSINESS—NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. Garrett to move,—That the documents laid on the table of this House on the 7th November, relative to "Lands taken from John Morrice, Esq., of Browley, for railway purposes," be printed.

Mr. Lloyd to move,—That there be laid on the table of this House all correspondence and documents relative to the cancellation of the conditional purchase of John Carter, upon Maule's Creek, Namoi River.

Dr. Lang to move for leave to bring in a bill to amend the representation of the colony.

Mr. Tighe to move for leave to introduce a bill to amend an Act, intituled "An Act to incorporate the proprietors of a certain banking company called the Commercial Banking Company of Sydney, and for other purposes therein mentioned," and to repeal an Act assented to on the sixth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, intituled "An Act to amend an Act intituled 'An Act to incorporate the proprietors of a certain banking company called the Commercial Banking Company of Sydney,' and for other purposes therein mentioned."

Mr. R. Stewart to move,—That an address be presented to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid on the table of this House, a return showing,—1. A copy of the instructions from the Solicitor to the Treasury, England, or any other person on behalf of the Crown, to Mr. Hutchinson, on the subject of the administration of the goods of John Tebbutt, deceased, a legatee under the will of Sophia Beeson, whose interest had escheated to the Crown. 2. A copy of all correspondence between the Solicitor to the Treasury, England, or any other person on the part of the Crown, and Mr. Hutchinson, on the above subject. 3. The amount received by the administrator from Elliott, and how the amount so received has been appropriated.

Mr. Forster to move,—That this House is of opinion that the assumption by the Council of Education of a power to regulate the distribution of fees to the teachers of Public Schools, otherwise than in accordance with the 45th regulation under the Public Schools Act of 1866, is illegal and dangerous, and that it is the duty of the Government to take whatever steps may be necessary to prevent the exercise of any such power in future, and to secure to the teachers such remuneration as they are entitled to both in law and justice.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Hartley Vale Colliery Railway Bill; third reading.
Supply of Intoxicating Liquors to Aborigines Bill; third reading.
Government endowment, municipal council of Paddington; reception of resolution from Committee of the Whole.
St. Andrew's Cathedral Close Bill (as amended in select committee); second reading.
Arbitrations Facilitation Bill; second reading.
GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—ORDER OF THE DAY.
Supply; resumption of committee.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Mr. Charles Moore for Bourke Ward.—A well attended meeting of the friends and supporters of Mr. Charles Moore was held yesterday afternoon, at Butts's Metropolitan Hotel, Pitt-street, for the purpose of forming a committee to take steps to secure his re-election as Alderman for Bourke Ward. Amongst those who were present were Messrs. Henry Prince, J. Campbell, M.L.A., J. Hourigan, D. Kearney, M. M'Mahon, T. J. Bown, Thomas J. Morey, J. Sands, J. G. Raphael, Gray, Kidman, A. Hordern, Bray, Constable, Hennessey, Morris, Peden, J. Henriques, G. King, Chandler, Short, Hicking, G. Moore, W. Hanson. Mr. H. Prince was voted to the chair. The chairman said he thought it would be a great pity if their much esteemed Mayor was not to resume duties again; for Mr. Moore had been one of the most useful Mayors the city had ever had. Mr. Moore had not only done his duties gratuitously, but had performed those duties thoroughly well. It was not from any desire for reward that that gentleman had taken office, but solely from a desire to do the city good. The citizens must all feel indebted to the Mayor for his services, more especially as those services had been performed gratuitously. If it should please the electors again to return Mr. Moore as Alderman for Bourke Ward, and if he should again be appointed to the office of Mayor, he (Mr. Prince) felt sure the citizens would receive more benefit from his second year's service than from the first. Mr. J. G. Raphael said that, in coming forward to propose Mr. Moore, he did so knowing that gentleman's worth. He had worked with him in the Municipal Council for some time, and he would defy any one to say that any alderman had ever discharged his duties better than Mr. Moore had done. Since municipalities were first established in the colony, no mayor had discharged his duties more efficiently, or benefited the citizens to a greater extent. Mr. Moore through his untiring perseverance had secured to the citizens the Sydney Common, and however much others who preceded him might have talked about it, he had brought works to completion that would remain in after times, and be a benefit to the whole colony. Mr. Moore had not only procured the reserves, but had endeavoured to get them enclosed and beautified. Mr Moore had had great labour in bringing about these results, and what had he gained? Why he had gained nothing at all from the citizens. The citizens, he (Mr. Raphael) thought, were more honoured in having Mr. Moore as their representative, than Mr. Moore was honoured in being their representative. The whole country ought to be proud of such a man. If any mayor had ever upheld the dignity of his office Mr. Moore had done so. He had represented Bourke Ward for six years, but he had no hesitation in saying that Mr. Moore had done more good to the city in two years, than he (Mr. Raphael) had done in the six years. One of the most important objections that had been raised against Mr. Moore's re-election was, that he had persevered to the utmost in his endeavours to have the tramway removed. At the present time, it would be a great shame if Mr. Moore was turned out, for there was not another gentleman who could be got who was better qualified to discharge his duties, on the occasion of the visit of His Royal Highness Prince Alfred, than Mr. Moore. There was a large amount of the citizens' money to be expended on the occasion, and it behoved the citizens to see who were to be the expenders of it. It would be an honour to New South Wales for Mr. Moore to be at the head of the City Council on the arrival of the Prince. Why should Sydney be without a good representative to receive the Prince? He trusted that those citizens who were present would unanimously exert themselves to return Mr. Moore as alderman for Bourke ward; and he hoped that Mr. Moore would again be elected Mayor. He concluded by moving, "That Mr. Charles Moore is deserving of the confidence of the electors of Bourke Ward, and that the meeting pledges itself to use its influence in securing the return of Mr. Moore as one of the representatives of this ward." Mr. J. Campbell, in seconding the motion, expressed his pleasure at seeing the meeting attended by so many influential citizens; he felt confident that Mr. Moore would be returned by a large majority. The motion was put and carried. Mr. Henriques moved, and Mr. Peden seconded, the following resolution, which was also carried—"That the gentlemen present form themselves into a committee, with power to add to their number, for the purpose of taking steps to secure Mr. Moore's re-election as alderman for Bourke Ward." Mr. Anthony Hordern believed Mr. Moore had discharged his duties in a manner satisfactory to the citizens generally, and it was doing nothing but bare justice to Mr. Moore to say that he had been the only man who had been in reality a mayor. Mr. Moore was a mayor *par excellence*; he did not go into office with the intention of putting a thousand pounds into his pocket, but with a thorough determination to benefit the citizens and improve the city. It would be, in his opinion, a lasting disgrace to Bourke Ward not to return Mr. Moore. The Mayor had now, so to speak, got into harness, and was up to his work, and would be able to benefit the city in a greater degree than he had ever yet done, if he was again elected Mayor. The opposition had been set on foot mainly with the view of preventing Mr. Moore from being Mayor when Prince Alfred came to this colony. He trusted the most strenuous efforts would be made to secure Mr. Moore's return. His return would give universal satisfaction throughout the city and colony. It would at all events show that the city was possessed of a gentleman who could worthily fill the position of Mayor. On the motion of Mr. Borders, a vote of thanks was given to the chairman, and the meeting terminated.

Mr. Buchan Thomson for Bourke Ward.—A meeting of the supporters of Mr. Buchan Thomson, in his candidature for the representation of Bourke Ward, in the City Council, was held last evening, at Tierney's Currency Lass Hotel, corner of Hunter and Pitt streets. There was a respectable and numerous attendance. Mr. Goggin, who was in the chair, said Mr. Thomson had consented at the earnest request of a large and respectable body of the electors of this ward, to become a candidate for its representation. If we had no other municipal council to represent the city when the Prince arrived than that now in existence, it would be a disgrace to us—men totally uneducated and among whom we heard such terms as "liar," "swindler," and "blackguard," exchanged. They were a blot upon the city, and as we wanted a better tone introduced into our Council we should be taking a step in the right direction by putting in Mr. Thomson, a gentleman of character and reputation that entitled him to the esteem of the entire ward. Mr. Langley said the City Council sadly required reformation, and anyone who had read the reports to which the chairman referred must come to the conclusion that a radical change was at once demanded of the electors. Among the proceedings that were most objectionable he might particularly allude to the great and unwarrantable expense cast upon the city by the wilful destruction of property at the Circular Quay. No municipal body in the world was ever disgraced by such an act. When about £1600 of the citizens' money had been thrown away to gratify private spleen, and the citizens were called upon to pay it, it was going a little too far. Now was the time to demand of the aldermen why they consented to cast this loss upon the shoulders of the citizens. With regard to the candidate whom they had met to support, he might say that Mr. Thomson had always maintained a good position among the citizens, and if elected would, no doubt, do credit to the city generally. Other wards were taking steps towards reformation, and Bourke Ward, the largest and wealthiest in the city was especially called upon to elect a respectable representative. If Mr. Thomson was returned he would be a credit to us as citizens, and on future occasions we should not—as had been the case with regard to others—feel ashamed that we had had a hand in electing him. He therefore had much pleasure in moving that Mr. Buchan Thomson is a fit and proper person to represent Bourke Ward. Mr. W. Bayliss seconded the motion, and in doing so referred to a grievance he had suffered at the hands of Mr. Raphael with regard to premises in Hamilton street, and to the scandalous treatment the Messrs. Talbot had received at the hands of the Council. He had known Mr. Thomson for some time, and had always found him a thorough gentleman. Mr. Macnab, who supported the motion, considered that the present Mayor was a disgrace to the ward, and referred to his objectionable conduct with regard to "the lamp," and the destruction of Talbot's store. If he could afford to spend a thousand pounds in the election, it was no reason why he should ride roughshod over the citizens. It was the working men Mr. Thomson would to a large extent have to depend upon — men who had been driven from Mr. Moore's meeting this afternoon. The motion was put and carried unanimously. It was mentioned by several persons that a number of individuals of the working-class had been excluded from Mr. Moore's meeting, and told that they did not want "scrubbers and loafers" there. The Chairman now stated that Mr. Thomson was present and ready to answer any questions that might be asked him, but it was not intended that he should deliver an address this evening. In answer to questions by Mr. Gallagher, Mr. Thomson expressed himself in favour of relieving the poor men and women who carried baskets about the streets, selling small wares, from having to pay hawker's licenses, and also in favour of having additional public urinals in the city. A committee was then formed by those present to secure Mr. Thomson's return, and at the close of the proceedings three hearty cheers were given for the candidate.

Mr. Speer for Brisbane Ward.—A meeting of the friends and supporters of Mr. Speer, who are desirous of securing that gentleman's re-election for Brisbane Ward, was held at the White Hart Inn, corner of King and Clarence streets, yesterday evening. The meeting was very largely attended, indeed the room in which it was held was not half large enough to contain the people who were in the house and immediate vicinity. Mr. Hurley, late alderman for the ward, occupied the chair. The first resolution, affirming that the conduct of Mr. Speer as alderman for the ward during the last eight years entitled him to the confidence and continued support of the electors, and pledging the electors present to do their utmost to secure Mr. Speer's re-election, was moved by Mr. M'Caffery, seconded by Mr. Coulter, and supported by Mr. J. G. Raphael, and carried unanimously. The second resolution, appointing a committee, with power to add to their number, to secure Mr. Speer's re election, was moved by Mr. Robert Murray, seconded by Mr. William Healey, and cordially agreed to. A large number of gentlemen enrolled themselves on the committee, and the proceedings shortly afterwards terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

CIRCUITS, QUARTER SESSIONS, AND DISTRICT COURTS, 1868.

(*From the Government Gazette, 23rd November.*)

CIRCUIT COURTS.

Deniliquin 13th January and 13th July.
Armidale, 6th April and 5th October.
Goulburn, 6th April and 5th October.
Bathurst, 13th April and 12th October.
Maitland, 20th April and 19th October.
Wagga Wagga, 20th April and 19th October

QUARTER SESSIONS.

METROPOLITAN AND COAST DISTRICT.

February—Sydney, 3rd; Maitland, 6th; Singleton, 21st.
March—Windsor, 9th; Parramatta, 13th; Wollongong, 23rd.
April—Sydney, 1st.
June—Sydney, 1st; Maitland, 4th; Singleton, 19th.
July—Windsor, 1st; Parramatta, 7th; Wollongong, 17th.
September—Maitland, 4th; Singleton, 18th.
October—Sydney, 5th
November—Windsor, 2nd; Parramatta, 6th; Wollongong, 20th.
December—Sydney, 1st; Maitland, 10th.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

January—Eden, 13th.
February—Campbelltown, 7th; Berrima, 13th; Goulburn, 17th; Queanbeyan, 24th; Cooma, 29th.
March—Braidwood, 10th.
July—Campbelltown, 3rd; Berrima, 9th; Goulburn, 13th; Queanbeyan, 20th; Cooma, 25th.
October—Campbelltown, 30th.
November—Berrima, 5th; Goulburn, 9th; Braidwood, 16th; Queanbeyan, 23rd; Cooma, 28th.

SOUTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.

February—Yass, 3rd; Gundagai, 17th; Wagga Wagga, 26th.
March—Albury, 6th; Deniliquin, 16th.
May—Yass, 18th.
June—Gundagai, 1st; Wagga Wagga, 10th; Albury, 19th; Deniliquin, 29th.
October—Yass, 19th.
November—Gundagai, 2nd; Wagga Wagga, 11th; Albury, 20th; Deniliquin, 30th.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

February—Bathurst, 10th.
March—Orange, 2nd; Wellington, 13th; Mudgee, 19th.
May—Bathurst, 26th.
June—Orange, 15th; Wellington, 26th.
July—Mudgee, 2nd.
September—Bathurst, 28th.
October—Orange, 19th; Wellington, 30th.
November—Mudgee, 5th.

NORTHERN DISTRICT.

February—Port Macquarie, 17th.
March—Muswellbrook, 4th; Scone, 6th; Murrurundi, 11th; Tamworth, 17th; Armidale, 24th.
April—Tenterfield, 7th; Grafton, 20th.
June—Muswellbrook, 22nd; Scone, 24th; Murrurundi, 27th.
July—Tamworth, 2nd; Armidale, 8th; Tenterfield, 21st.
August—Grafton, 3rd
September—Port Macquarie, 7th.
October—Muswellbrook, 14th; Scone, 16th; Murrurundi, 21st; Tamworth, 27th.
November—Armidale, 3rd; Tenterfield, 17th; Grafton, 20th.

DISTRICT COURTS.

METROPOLITAN AND COAST DISTRICT.

February—Sydney, 11th; Newcastle, 3rd; Maitland, 13th; Singleton, 22nd; Paterson, 26th; Dungog, 29th.
March—Wollombi, 6th; Windsor, 11th; Sydney, 12th; Parramatta, 16th; Penrith, 18th; Wollongong, 25th; Kiama, 27th; Nowra, 31st.
April—Sydney, 6th.
May—Sydney, 11th.
June—Newcastle, 1st; Sydney, 8th; Maitland, 11th; Singleton, 20th.
July—Windsor, 3rd; Parramatta, 9th; Penrith 14th; Wollongong, 18th; Kiama, 22nd; Nowra, 25th.
August—Sydney 3rd.
September—Sydney, 1st; Newcastle, 1st; Maitland, 11th; Singleton, 19th; Paterson, 23rd; Dungog, 26th.
October—Wollombi, 2nd; Sydney, 7th.
November—Sydney, 2nd; Windsor, 4th; Parramatta 7th; Penrith, 11th; Wollongong, 23rd; Kiama, 25th; Nowra, 28th.
December—Newcastle, 7th; Sydney, 8th; Maitland, 16th.

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

January—Eden, 15th.
February—Liverpool, 5th; Campbelltown, 7th; Camden, 10th; Picton, 11th; Berrima, 13th; Goulburn, 19th; Queanbeyan, 24th; Cooma, 29th.
March—Bombala, 6th; Braidwood, 17th.
April—Moruya, 13th.
July—Liverpool, 1st; Campbelltown, 3rd; Camden, 6th; Picton, 7th; Berrima, 9th; Goulburn, 15th; Queanbeyan, 20th; Cooma, 25th; Bombala, 31st.
August—Braidwood, 11th.
October—Liverpool, 28th; Campbelltown, 30th.
November—Camden, 2nd; Picton, 3rd; Berrima, 5th; Goulburn, 11th; Braidwood, 17th; Queanbeyan, 23rd; Cooma, 28th.
December—Bombala, 4th.

SOUTH-WESTERN DISTRICT.

February—Yass, 5th; Burrowa, 10th; Young, 12th; Gundagai, 18th; Tumut, 21st; Wagga Wagga, 27th.
March—Albury, 9th; Deniliquin, 17th; Hay, 23rd.
May—Yass, 20th; Burrowa, 25th; Young, 27th.
June—Gundagai, 2nd; Tumut, 5th; Wagga Wagga, 11th; Albury, 22nd; Deniliquin, 30th.
July—Hay, 6th
October—Yass, 21st; Burrowa, 26th; Young, 28th.
November—Gundagai, 3rd; Tumut, 6th; Wagga Wagga, 12th; Albury, 23rd
December—Deniliquin, 1st.

WESTERN DISTRICT.

January—Hartley, 30th.
February—Bathurst, 3rd; Sofala, 7th; Forbes, 22nd; Molong, 27th; Orange, 29th.
March—Wellington, 7th; Dubbo, 10th; Mudgee, 18th; Bathurst, 30th.
May—Hartley, 14th; Bathurst, 18th; Sofala, 22nd.
June—Carcoar, 1st; Forbes, 6th; Molong, 11th; Orange, 13th; Wellington, 20th; Dubbo, 23rd.
July—Mudgee, 1st; Bathurst, 13th.
September—Hartley, 17th; Bathurst, 21st; Sofala, 25th.
October—Carcoar, 5th; Forbes, 15th; Orange, 17th; Wellington, 24th; Dubbo, 27th.
November—Mudgee, 4th; Bathurst, 16th.

N. W. Raven's List of Prices, as realised at auction during the week ending 23rd instant:—Wheat, 4s 6d to 5s 1d per bushel; barley, 2s 8d to 3s per bushel; maize, 1s 9d to 2s 3d per bushel, oats, 1s 6d to 2s 3d per bushel. Fowls, 3s to 4s 9d per couple; ducks, 3s 6d to 5s per couple; turkeys, 8s to 21s 1d per couple; geese, 6s to 7s per couple; eggs, 1s to 1s 5d per dozen. Butter (roll), 7d to 9½d per lb., (keg) 6d to 9d; cheese, 4d to 6d per lb; bacon, 4½d to 6d per lb; pigs (alive) 15s to 26s 6d each; ditto (sucking) 3s to 7s 6d each; calves, 8s 6d to 35s 6d each; milch cows, £4 10s to £8; lambs, 5s 6d to 10s each; potatoes (black), 2s to 3s per cwt.; onions, 20s to 40s per cwt.; oranges, 10s to 20s per case; honey, 6d to 8d per lb; wax, 1s to 1s 3d per lb; tallow, 30s to 35s per cwt.; hides, 3s to 17s 3d each; sheepskins, 6d to 7½d per lb; calfskins, 3s 6d to 4s each; wool, 3d to 10½d per lb.; hay (lucerne), £4 to £6 per ton; ditto (oaten), £4 to £9 5s per ton; straw, £2 to £3 per ton.—Sydney Produce Auction Mart, George-street South, Sydney, November 23.—Adv.

SYDNEY WESLEYAN DISTRICT MEETING.

(*From the Christian Advocate.*)

The Annual District Meeting for the Sydney district commenced its session on Tuesday, the 5th November, in the York-street Church. Excepting the Revs. F. Turner and C. Creed, to whom a dispensation of absence was granted on account of bodily infirmity, all the ministers of the district were present. The Rev. W. Kelynack was elected Secretary.

Two candidates for the Ministry were recommended to be received on trial at the ensuing Conference. The Revs. G. Lane, H. J. Lavers, and W. Robson having passed the usual period of probation, was unanimously recommended to be admitted into Full Connexion.

At the Financial District Meeting the state of our Church property was carefully considered. The erection of Wesley Church at Chippendale was reported—cost about £5000. The Conference regulation respecting debts had been observed. The necessities of claimant circuits occupied the attention of the meeting for some time, and after grave deliberation sundry recommendations were made to the committee of distribution, which it is hoped will meet the special demands made upon the Church Extension Fund by the special calamities that have visited the colony. Mr. Joseph Wearne was elected as the lay representative of the district in the committee of distribution.

At the Book Committee the business of the Depot was reviewed. It was reported that the book sales for the year had been £2762 15s 5d. The position and prospects of the Depot were regarded as satisfactory. The *Christian Advocate* account was submitted, when a conversation ensued to the effect that more vigorous efforts should be made throughout the colony to give the *Advocate* a wider circulation among our people. It was resolved, "That the thanks of the meeting be presented to the Rev. S. Rabone, for his very efficient management of the business of the depot, and that Mr. Rabone be reappointed." Also, "That the thanks of the meeting be presented to the Revs. W. Curnow and W. Kelynack, editors of the *Advocate*, for the very able manner in which they have conducted the paper, and that they be requested to continue their services."

The report of the Newington Collegiate Institution was submitted by the Rev. J. H. Fletcher, President. From this it appeared that the institution was full, and needed only a permanent location to make it a complete success. Thanks were cordially given to Mr Fletcher for his efficient management. Conversation ensued as to the future, from which it was clear that the prevailing feeling was that early action ought to be taken to secure what all desire, an institution in a central position that shall be the property of the Connexion.

The question of the Public Schools' Act, with the agitation which prevailed thereupon, occupied the attention of the District Meeting, when the following resolutions were adopted:—

1. That this meeting records its approval in the main of the Public Schools Act recently brought into operation in the colony, believing that it will greatly improve the quality and enlarge the extent of public education in New South Wales: believing also that it is fair and impartial in its spirit towards all classes of the community; that it is not in any sense anti-religious; and that on the whole it is the best measure which has yet been introduced to grapple with the ignorance which prevails in so many parts of the colony, and which, while it is fruitful of crime, can only be hostile to religion.

2. That this meeting deprecates the introduction of any Denominational school books into certified Denominational schools during the hours appointed for secular instruction.

3. That a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the Secretary of the Council of Education.

The statement of the Loan Fund was submitted to the meeting by the Treasurer and adopted when it was resolved,—"That the thanks of this meeting be presented to the treasurers of this fund for their services during the year."

The Rev. W. Kelynack was elected as the representative of the district at the ensuing Conference. Permission to attend the sittings of the Conference was given to the Revs. J. Watkin, J. H. Fletcher, W. Curnow, and J. G. Turner.

A very cordial vote of thanks was passed to the President for his very able and earnest sermon, preached before the District Meeting. In another part of our columns the sermon will be found *in extenso*; and we hope that both preachers and people will read and inwardly digest the important truths therein contained.

The business of the session was closed by the reading of the Liverpool minutes, by a long and earnest conversation on the work of God, followed by united prayer that God would more abundantly bless the ministers, the office-bearers, and the people called Methodists, and through them the unconverted ones around us in these colonies. And let all the people say, Amen.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT ROCKHAMPTON.

The *Bulletin* of the 19th reports:—"Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning a most destructive fire broke out in East-street. The fire, as well as we could make out, originated at the back of the shop of Dan Hawk. The whole block, extending from Mr. Rutherford's, tobacconist, in Denham-street, to the Albion Hotel, in East-street, was composed entirely of light wooden buildings, all crammed with articles of a highly inflammable nature. Few moments after the fire broke out it extended right and left with wonderful rapidity. Mrs Carson's millinery shop offered ready material to the fire which, when it reached Mr. Budden's, had it all its own way on that side. The premises of Bead, Meikle and Stewart, Druery, Wilder, and Rutherford, were all soon wrapped in flame, and though the wind blew from the river, were ultimately totally consumed. Only one small house stood between the place where it first broke out and the Albion Hotel. This unfortunately, was allowed to stand, and the flames soon spreading over the shingles, mounted to the roof of the Albion. This building being of brick, burned slowly, and gave time to pull away the house beyond it. This was effected under the directions of sub-inspector Elliott, who was early on the scene of the conflagration. Messrs. Rea and Co., are the lessees of the land on which the buildings stood. We regret to state that, with the exception of the Albion Hotel, belonging to Mr. Brodnitz, and Mr. Rutherford's, all the other houses were uninsured. Mr. Brodnitz was insured for £1200—£600 in the Northern Insurance Office and £600 in the Queensland; Mrs. Kennedy, Albion Hotel, furniture and stock, £700, office not known; Mr. Rutherford, £200 on stock and £200 on building. A good deal of the property was saved. Cook's, Moran's and Scanlan's stock all cleared out. Buch's and Cunninghame's tenements were cleared out, and the buildings pulled down to arrest the progress of the fire. The small engines of Moray and Bramble were early on the ground, and did effective service in the corner of the hotel. The corporation engine, under the direction of Mr. Bertram and Mr. Burstall, did not arrive until the whole corner had been nearly burnt down, but did good service in confining the fire to the Albion. Had it arrived sooner, with a good body of men to work it, the Albion Hotel might have been easily saved. The fire was brought under in about an hour and a half, but it was still burning when we went to press, but all danger of its spreading was over.

The same journal of the 21st says:—The result of the late fire presents a scene of demolition, at the northern corner of East and Denham streets, extending from the ruins of the Albion Hotel, to Messrs. Rea and Co's offices. The houses destroyed include thirteen shops and the Albion Hotel. The fire was first seen by constable Carey and sergeant Doyle about twenty minutes after 2 o'clock, and when they reached the spot a comparatively small flame appeared inside of the gate leading to Rea and Co.' yards, at the rear of the premises of Dan Hauk, Chinese fruiterer, and close by Mr. Rea's auction rostrum. The flame spread in the wooden buildings with fearful rapidity, and in a very short time gained irrepressible hold on the shops of Mrs. Carson, milliner, Messrs. Budden and Reed, and on the remainder of the buildings on the corner. Mr. Seamish, saddler, sustained loss to the amount of about £40, by removal of uninsured stock and fittings. The building has been very slightly injured, but is insured in the Northern office for £300. Moran's boot mart, £40, removal of uninsured stock. Cook and Co., grocers, £100, removal of stock, insured in Sydney office for £400. Buch, barber, uninsured, £80. Mrs. Cunningham, registry office, £8. The buildings destroyed by fire were the Albion Hotel, insured by the owner, M. Brodnitz, for £600 in the Queensland and £600 in the Lancashire offices; the stock and furniture insured by the tenant, Mrs. Kennedy, in the Northern office, for £700. Cread's oyster saloon, loss, £20. Louis, pastrycook shop, loss about the same. Dan Hauk, fruiterer, no estimate made. Mrs. Carson, uninsured, stock burnt, £170. F. F. Budden, grocery, drapery, and ironmongery, stock uninsured, £5000. H. Reed, tobacconist, loss by fire and removal of uninsured stock, £300. Meikle and Stewart, drapers, removal of uninsured stock, £200. Birdfancier's shop, Wilder's photographic gallery; Druery's printing office. Bletcher, bootmaker, uninsured, but the loss is comparatively trifling, all the stock having been removed. Rutherford, Brothers, tobacconists, lost about £250; stock insured for £300, and building for £200, in the Sydney office. Insurances were also held by Messrs. Rea and Co., as lessees of the property, on the shops occupied by Hauk, Carson, and Budden, in the Pacific Office for £200. On the shops rented by Reed, Meikle, and Stewart, and the adjoining shop, in the Sydney office for £600. Rea and Co.'s offices and adjoining sheds were insured in the Queensland office for £296. They reckon their loss about £100 over and above the amounts of insurance. The origin of the fire is at present unknown, but we presume that an inquiry concerning it will be held.

PUBLIC EDUCATION.

To the Editor of the Herald.

Sir,—On Friday last, in the Legislative Assembly, the Hon. the Colonial Secretary, answering a question that had been placed on the Notice Paper by Mr. J. Stewart, said that the Inspectors had been refused permission to conduct the examination required by law, in a certified Roman Catholic Denominational school, in the city of Sydney; that the school in question had been brought under the operation of the Public Schools Act in the ordinary manner; that the teachers in it were servants of the Council of Education, receiving salaries from the public funds, at the following rates, viz.:—Head teacher (female), £72 per annum; assistant ditto, ditto, £50 per annum, &c., &c. &c., up to a total of £212 per annum. There is a mistake, however, here. There is only one pupil teacher, so that our loss will be only £197 per annum.

Mr. Parkes then proceeded, with permission, to read minutes of the officers concerned. A memorandum was accordingly read, in which Mr. E. Johnson stated that having experienced discourteous and unladylike treatment from the teacher in charge of the Roman Catholic school in Pitt-street South, he felt bound to join Mr. Jones in requesting advice from the Secretary of the Council of Education, in order to avoid being subjected to further insults and annoyances.

Next there was read a memorandum from Mr. Johnson to the Secretary of the Council of Education purporting to be the account of an incident that occurred in the school when Mr Johnson arrived there on the morning of the 20th November instant. The incident, as set forth in Mr. Johnson's memorandum, occurred thus: "Upon my entering the infant class-room the pupils—no doubt, wishing to show the usual respect to a visitor—attempted to rise, but the teacher no sooner perceived the movement, than looking from me to the children, she called out to the latter, 'Sit down! sit down!'

Now, Mr. Editor, in replying first to this last charge, I am somewhat embarrassed, for in vindicating the teacher I am obliged to disclose the terrible fact, that the poor children were corrected not for under-rating, but for over-rating the dignity of their visitor. They are accustomed to kneel for the blessing of a bish

CRICKET.

60TH QUEEN'S OWN REGIMENT v. H.M.S. CHALLENGER.—Played in the Victoria Barracks, on Saturday, 23rd November, and ended in a victory for the former in one innings with 19 runs to spare. The following is the score:—

60TH QUEEN'S OWN REGIMENT.			
First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Private Mannock	2	run out	16
Ensign Wynyard, c Keyser	5	b Brownrigg	16
Sergeant Bradley, c Airey	0	b Brownrigg	0
Sergeant Cowen, run out	2	st	0
Private Mundy, run out	2	run out	6
Dr. Rowlan, b Crawford	2	b Brownrigg	0
Private J. O'Donnell	0	c and b Brownrigg	3
Private Denton, b Brownrigg	10	b Brownrigg	0
Private Burton, run out	3	b Brownrigg	7
Private Vincent, not out	6	run out	0
Captain Doran, run out	3	not out	0
B 14, w 10, n b 1	25	B 8, w 6	14
Total	59	Total	54
H. M. S. CHALLENGER.			
First Innings.		Second Innings.	
Cap. Brownrigg, b O'Donnell	6	c Mannock, b Wynyard	12
Hewitt, not out	2	b O'Donnell	2
Keyser, b Wynyard	0	c Mannock, b Wynyard	7
Airey, c Vincent	6	c Burton, b O'Donnell	13
Crawford, run out	0	c and b Wynyard	8
Williams, b O'Donnell	1	run out	1
Foster, b Wynyard	0	b Wynyard	0
Fensomby, c Denton	0	b Wynyard	0
Peters, b O'Donnell	1	b O'Donnell	0
Eastwood, b O'Donnell	0	b O'Donnell	0
Barnett, b Wynyard	9	not out	1
Byes	7	B. 5, w 1, n b 1	5
Total	32	Total	48

MILITARY AND CIVIL v. UNIVERSITY CLUBS.—A match was played on Saturday last, 23rd instant, on the Military and Civil Ground, between the 1st elevens of these clubs, resulting in a victory for the former club. Annexed is the score:—

MILITARY AND CIVIL.			
Bedford, b Coates	2	Armitage, c Faithfull	1
Alston, st Docker	7	Gowland, c Ieeton, b Docker	28
Campbell, b Gordon	9	Jeuy, run out	8
Gregory, c Docker	9	Stephen, not out	4
Sinclair, b Ieeton	22	B 12, lb 3, w 6	21
Adams, c Ieeton, b Docker	12		
Stephen, b Ieeton	6	Total	129
UNIVERSITY.			
J. Purves, b Armitage	9	Yeomans, b Gregory	11
M Faithfull, b Gregory	36	T. Ieeton, not out	3
B B. Docker, c Gregory	8	Coates, absent	0
Lynch, c Armitage	8	B. 3, l. b. 2, w. 2	7
Jerao, c Adams, b Gregory	4		
G H. Gordon, c Campbell	9	Total	92
E. Ieeton, c Armitage	0		

BOWLING ANALYSIS.—UNIVERSITY.

	Balls.	M. overs.	Runs.	Wickets.	Wides.
Coates	62	1	18	1	2
Faithfull	73	2	32	2	2
G. H. Gordon	16	1	2	1	—
H. H. Gordon	39	0	13	—	3
E B. Docker	34	0	28	2	0
T. Ieeton	30	0	15	3	0

BOWLING ANALYSIS.—MILITARY AND CIVIL.

R Gregory	83	0	40	6	0
A mitage	26	1	2	1	2
Adams	18	0	17	1	0
Alston	42	0	27	1	0

WINDSOR v. RICHMOND.—A match was played at Richmond on the 18th instant between the Richmond and Windsor cricketers, and terminated in an easy victory for those of Windsor. After the play the two elevens partook of a luncheon provided by Mr. Young. In their first innings the Richmond scored 53, the only double figure scorer being Smith with 19. In their second they made 101, to which Onus contributed 51, Kelley 12, and Smith 17. In both innings 154. Windsor led off with an innings of 140. Alderson making 18. Hall 40, Barnett 16, and Walker 26. The number required to win was made in their second innings with the loss of two wickets.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS—GREAT SOUTHERN WESTERN, and RICHMOND RAILWAYS.

HOMEBUSH RACES.
ST ANDREW'S DAY,
SATURDAY, November 30th, 1867.

Special trains will leave Sydney as follows, viz.:—Every fifteen minutes from 9.45 a.m. until 2 p.m., and return from Homebush every fifteen minutes from 4 p.m. until 7 p.m.
Fares to Homebush and back,
ONE SHILLING.
JAMES BYRNES, Commissioner for Railways.
Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 19th November, 1867.

General Post Office,
Electric Telegraphs,
Sydney, 22nd November, 1867.

NOTICE.—The public are hereby informed that arrangements have been completed with the Governments of India and Ceylon for the transmission of telegrams from any telegraph station in this colony to Europe and America via Melbourne or Adelaide on the departure of each European Mail via Galle.
Rates, which must be prepaid, can be ascertained at the Chief Telegraph Office, George-street.
(Signed) J. DOCKER, Postmaster General.

General Post Office,
Electric Telegraphs,
Sydney, 22nd November, 1867.

NOTICE.—Telegrams to overtake the Mail Steamer in Melbourne or Adelaide will be posted as addressed on the prepayment of the postage in addition to the charge for the message.
(Signed) J. DOCKER, Postmaster General.

LEA AND PERRIN'S
Celebrated
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
Declared by connoisseurs to be the only GOOD SAUCE.

CAUTION AGAINST FRAUD.
The success of this most delicious and unrivalled Condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ASK FOR LEA and PERRIN'S SAUCE, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper, and bottle.
Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea and Perrin have been forged, L. and P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against Manufacturers and Vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed.
Ask for LEA and PERRIN'S Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle, and stopper.
Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
Agents—MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., Sydney; JOHN LEE and CO., Maitland.

ESTABLISHED 1842.—Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Dentists. Painless teeth extraction. Teeth stopped with gold cement. Artificial teeth. Gold or pink vulcanite. Pitt-street opposite M'Grath and Punch's.

INSTANTANEOUS RELIEF for TOOTHACHE, in bottles. Dr. EMANUEL and SON, Pitt-street North.

BORDEN'S CONDENSED COFFEE, containing both milk and sugar, made from the best Java coffee, and preserving in a perfect state the aroma and fine flavour of the coffee. It readily mingles with either hot or cold water.
BORDEN'S CONDENSED MILK, being a compound of pure cream and loaf sugar, will not deteriorate after opening.
STANFORD and CO., Sole Agents, 307, George-street, Sydney.

DUTCHESS COUNTY CONDENSED MILK.—The undersigned are appointed sole agents for the Australian Colonies.
MOSES MOSS and CO., Wynyard-lane, Sydney.

BILE and INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE, FLATULENCY, HEARTBURN, and all Bilious and Liver Affections are speedily removed by the use of
COCKLE'S
ANTIBILIOUS PILLS,
which have now been held in the highest estimation by all classes of society for upwards of sixty-six years.
They may be had in boxes in India, China, New Zealand, and the Australian Colonies.

PODOPHYLLIN.—Prepared by W LARMER, 323, George-street.—In the present form, Podophyllin is the best remedy for all diseases of the liver, such as bile, sick headache, indigestion, flatulence, loss of appetite, &c. Sold in bottles, 1s 6d and 2s 6d; by post, 2s. and 3s.

W. L.—95,000.—H. F.—O'NEILL'S celebrated WASHING LIQUID, the housekeeper's friend, by the use of which clothes of all descriptions can be washed without either boiling or rubbing, causing an immense saving of fuel, time, and labour. Invaluable in the summer. Guaranteed not to injure the most delicate fabric. May be had at the City Drug Stores, corner of Pitt and King streets. Bottles, 1s 6d, 2s 6d, 4s 6d.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Dyspepsia Cured.—None need suffer while this truly invaluable remedy is at hand for their relief, as no stomach or liver complaint can long withstand their influence. Sold at 533, Oxford-street, W C., London, and all druggists throughout the world.

FOR SALE, a BILLIARD TABLE and Furniture, &c. Apply to 167, George-street North.

JUST OPENED, at MYERS and SOLOMON'S, 542, George street—
Tissue paper, all colours
Pipe brand butchers' knives
Best silk twist, all numbers
Milliners' fancy trimmings, &c., &c.
Opened into stock for Christmas—
50 cases toys.
MYERS and SOLOMON,
542, George-street.

BUCELLAS, 36s per dozen. HAZELAND and CO., Wine and Spirit Merchants, Pyrmont Wharf.

ALBURY WINE.—A splendid Sample of Colonial Wine on draught, at the Golden Fleece, King-street. Taste a sample.

AUSTRALIAN WINES.—WYNDHAM'S DALWOOD and BUKKULLA.—Awarded a First-class Silver Medal at Paris Exhibition, 1867, and various other Prizes at Melbourne and New Zealand International Exhibitions, &c., &c.
Vintage of 1865 now ready for delivery. Merchants supplied on very favourable terms. Wholesale Depot—96, New Pitt-street. W. T. COHEN, Manager.

CAMDEN PARK WINES.—NOTICE.—The undersigned are appointed Agents in Sydney for the sale of the above celebrated wines, and are now in a position to supply them at most reasonable rates. These wines will be bottled at the Camden Park cellars; and bearing Messrs. Macarthur's seal, their purity and excellence may be relied upon.
PEATE and HARCOURT, Grocers and Wine Merchants, 258, 260, and 262, George-street.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the Australian Colonies for the sale of Whitehead and Co.'s Concentrated ESSENCE of BEEF, are prepared to execute orders for the same on most liberal terms.
PEATE and HARCOURT, 258, 260, and 262, George-street.

COLONIAL WINE CELLARS, 305, George-street. French vintage, Verdeilho, Malbec, Xeres, and Muscat. All first-class flavour and condition.
R. NOTT.

MILLET BROOMS, two and three ply, at reduced prices. R. NOTT, 305, George-street.

HOBART TOWN JAMS, Strawberry and Raspberry, in jars, just received. R. NOTT.

HARTLEY KEROSENE OIL.—Improvement in quality and reduction in price.—Storekeepers and the trade can now be supplied with this superior illuminating oil in hogsheads, quarter-casks, and cases. Hartley Kerosene Co.'s Depot, 305, George-street. R. NOTT, agent.

KEROSENE LAMPS.—Nine Packages of LAMPS, of a superior description, just opened at the Hartley Co's Depot, the whole to be SOLD for cost price and charges; and to meet the market, a further reduction has been made from the 1st instant in the price of the HARTLEY OIL. R. NOTT, 305, George-street.

XXX 2000 dozen superior London STOUT, quarts 7s 6d, pints 4s 6d dozen; Devonshire Cider, 1s 6d gallon; Champagne Cider, 7s 6d; Vinegar, in long bottles, 5s dozen. 276, Pitt-street.

600 DOZEN India Pale ALE, in champagne bottles, 9s per dozen; Barclay's Porter, bottled by Tyrer, 9s by the single dozen. C. KIDMAN, South Head Road, Paddington, Haymarket, and 100, William-street.

TIN PLATES, ex La Hogue, IC, IX, IXX, charcoal, on SALE. W. FOY, Hunter-street.

GOSNELL'S Aromatic Eau de Cologne and Toilette Vinegar. E. DAVIS, Civet Cat Bazaar, King-st.

BAZAAR, the CIVET CAT, 98, King-street.—Toys, Dolls, and Fancy Goods at reduced prices, to make room for large shipments of new goods to land ex Parramatta.

SCHOOLS and BAZAARS supplied at wholesale prices. E. DAVIS, Fancy and Toy Bazaar, 98, King-street.

BAZAAR.—Fancy Goods of every description and too numerous to mention, at 25 per cent. cheaper than all the cheap shops, at LEMAIRE'S London and Paris Bazaar, George-street, opposite the Markets.

EXHIBITION CLOCK.—Distribution of Prizes. 100 members and 30 prizes, at LEMAIRE'S Bazaar.

CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR CARDS, the largest assortment in Sydney. COLE, 380, George-street.

PORTRAIT ALBUMS, from 1s 6d each. COLE, 380, George-street, next to Thompson and Giles's.

250 SUPERFINE CREAM-LAID ENVELOPES for 1s 6d, or post free 2s. COLE, 380, George-st.

5 QUIRES CREAM-LAID NOTE PAPER, 1s, post free 1s 6d. COLE, 380, George-street.

5 QUIRES good Linear NOTE PAPER, 1s 6d per box, post free 2s. COLE, 380, George-street.

HOWE'S SEWING MACHINES. THOMAS'S SEWING MACHINES.—The undersigned has just received ex La Hogue several of the above first-class machines; also enamelled and grain hides, kid, and patent calf skins, roans (various colours), grindery, assorted.
E. VICKERY, 116, Pitt-street.

WILLCOX and GIBBS'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINES, reduced to £7 10s. 432, George-st.

NO SEWING MACHINE can equal it in quantity, quality, or description of work done. £7 10s.

MACHINE EXPERTS, after seven hours' trial, declared it the BEST America produced. Near Royal Hotel.

ADELAIDE FLOUR,
Magarey's
Duffield's
Hart's
Dunn's
Giles and Smith's } Superfine silk-dressed
Stevens's
Elliott's
Johnston's
Marchant's
Duffield's
Giles and Smith's } Fine
Hart's
Duffield's } Household.
Also,
ADELAIDE WHEAT.
Best samples always on hand.
BEILBY and SCOTT.

CORN, Corn, Corn, from 1s 6d per bushel, 60 lbs. weight. JOHN CLARK, Market Wharf.

CORN, Hay Bran, all colonial produce, sold and delivered. JOHN CLARK, Market Wharf.

CORN, CORN.—Prime samples just arrived, in lots to suit purchasers. W. SHORT, Victoria Wharf.

FINE YORK HAMS and N. W. CHEESE, now landing. H. S. BIRD, Circular Quay.

FOR SALE, Chinese Oil, Nutmegs, Fancy Drills. F. G. LENDER and CO., 10, New Pitt-street.

POTATOES.—Potatoes for SALE, ex You Yangs, and Oaten Hay. C. B. BOND, 64, Sussex-street.

NEW SEASON'S CONGOU, ex Metoor.—A few chests, halves, and boxes, still remaining; excellent values. EDWARD CHAPMAN and CO., 56, Pitt-street.

ROCK and ST. UBE SALT. HENRY BELL, Pitt-street.

COARSE SALT, in three-bushel sacks, now landing. HENRY BELL, Pitt-street.

2½-LB. three-bushel SACKS, now landing. HENRY BELL, Pitt-street.

SALTPETRE.—Fine sample for SALE, at CHRIS. NEWTON, BROTHER, and CO.'S, George-street.

ONIONS, Onions, New POTATOES, and 200 bags BRAN. GEORGE WILLS, Market Wharf.

PRIME North Wilts CHEESE, ex Colonial Empire, from London. W. HARRIETT, 11, King-st. West.

400,000 FEET Baltic Flooring, Oregon, and clear Pine. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

500,000 FEET Colonial Hardwood, Cedar, Shingles. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

ALBION WHARF TIMBER YARD.—All sorts of hardwood, cedar, pine, ashes, &c., at reduced rates.

30,000 BEST BANGOR SLATES, 20 x 10, to arrive ex Globe. R. WYNNE, Circular Q.

10 TONS Corrugated IRON—6, 7, 8, and 9 feet—now landing ex Colonial Empire. R. WYNNE, Circular Quay.

TO CONTRACTORS and BUILDERS.—SELLING OFF, Selling Off, Inch and Inch quarter Oregon Flooring; also, Oregon planks, all sizes, at LAMONT'S Timber Yard, Newtown.

FOR SALE, the TIMBER of 625 acres of land, of which there is a large quantity of standing timber, situate near Haslem's Creek, known as Mrs. Potts' Bush. To be cleared in such time as may be agreed upon. For particulars, apply to E. BOWEN, 63, Bathurst-street.

TO PHOTOGRAPHERS.—For disposal, a large brass-bound portable CAMERA, with full plate portrait lens, by Negretti and Zambra; a full plate view lens, and one half-plate ditto, complete. Price £20, cost £36. Apply E. WAY, Draper, 265, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE.—A PHOTOGRAPHIC and STATIONERY BUSINESS, in one of the best inland towns in the Western district. Apply S. HOFFNUNG and CO., 11, Wynyard-street, Sydney.

TO be DISPOSED OF, the Good-will of a Shop and Dwelling, for coffee and dining rooms, with fittings complete. 22, Campbell street, Haymarket.

FOR SALE, Deal TABLE, 6 x 4; also, 2 large pictures and sundries. 265, Castlereagh-street South.

FOR SALE, cheap one 6-horse power BOILER (new), with Engine complete. The purchaser can prove the Boiler to 80 lbs. of steam. Apply to J. B. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

FOR SALE, a 3-horse power Steam ENGINE, and BOILER. 316, Pitt-street.

REFRIGERATORS, or Ice Boxes, on SALE, at 154, Pitt-street, in lots of one or more.

SUPERIOR Iron TANKS, 400 gallons each, on SALE, Macnamara's Wharf. Apply to Storekeeper,

FOR SALE. HORSE, Buggy, and Harness, £30 the lot. ARCHER'S Livery Stables, Elizabeth and King streets.

FOR SALE. Best-class Double Set Buggy HARNESS. ARCHER'S Livery Stables, Elizabeth-street

FOR SALE, 5 Useful Harness HORSES, 2 Buggies, several Saddles. ARCHER, Elizabeth-street.

SADDLES, Side Saddles, and Bridles, large assortment, the cheapest in Sydney. GIBSON'S, 282, Pitt-st.

HORSES, Buggies, and Dogcarts for SALE or HIRE. GIBSON'S, opposite School of Arts, 282, Pitt-st.

BOY'S PONY, Taffy breed, with a capital Saddle and Bridle, only £5. Gibson and Co., op. School of Arts.

CREAM Colour Horse, light Sociable and Harness; £21 the lot, day's trial if required. GIBSON'S.

A BROTT'S double Buggy, £35; elegant Pony Phaeton, just imported £35. GIBSON'S, Pitt-street

GIBSON and CO. have sixteen good sound saddle and buggy Horses, cheap. Repository, 282, Pitt-street.

HORSE, Dogcart, and Harness, in first-rate order. £25 the lot—owner leaving the colony. GIBSON and CO.

BAY COB, up to any weight, a first-rate journey horse; can do 60 miles a day. £12. Pair sound Buggy Horses, Buggy and Harness, £60 the lot; any trial. GIBSON and CO., Repository, 282, Pitt-street.

CONCORD and EXPRESS WAGGONS for SALE, at W. HOLT'S Carriage Bazaar, Castlereagh-street.

NO-TOP Concord BUGGY, new, first-class, varnished wheels, &c., £31 10s. HOLT'S, Castlereagh-street.

NO-TOP Concord BUGGY, second-hand; American make, for SALE, £18. HOLT'S, Castlereagh-street.

FOUR-WHEELED DOGCART, to carry six persons, with top, patent break, pole, shafts, and set of double harness, in first class condition, price £70. HOLT'S Carriage Bazaar, Castlereagh-street.

FOR SALE, Tray BUGGY and Harness. W. T. ANGUS, 185, Castlereagh-street, near King-street.

FOR SALE, single and double-seated BUGGIES, O'BRIEN and KERRIDGE, 312, Pitt-street.

A SPRING CART for SALE, £3. J. MADDEN Flour Wharf.

FOR SALE, a HORSE, Sring Cart, and Harness, 205, opposite the Newtown Road, Glebe. J. Munro.

FOR SALE, boy's PONY, with bridle and saddle. Apply Mr. M'Mahon, 410, George-street.

SADDLES, SADDLES, SADDLES. A large and varied Stock of Saddles selling off cheap, including ladies' and gents'. Also, bridles, breast plates, martingales, &c., at BUTLER, BROTHERS, 91, York-street, agents for Cooper's celebrated Sheep Dipping Powder. Testimonials on application.

FOR SALE, 2 BAY HORSES, any trial given in saddle, single or double harness. Apply W. DRYNAN, and CO., 1, Wynyard-square South.

FOR SALE, a splendid GOAT, in full milk. Star and Garter, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

FOR SALE, in one, two, or three lots, five COTTAGES. Irwell-ter., Bullanaming-st., Waterloo.

FOR SALE, 3-roomed COTTAGE, large yard, water laid on, in Charles-st., Hyde Park. Apply No. 14.

A COTTAGE of four rooms for SALE. MICHAEL BYRON, Denison street, Woollahra.

TO BE SOLD, the YORKSHIRE ARMS, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo, 25 feet, depth to Duke-street, 112; house contains 8 rooms; let for 3 years at 35s week. Mr. HAYWARD, Solicitor, 120, Elizabeth street North.

FOR SALE, or to LET, an ORCHARD, with Cottage and outbuildings, at Gladesville, Parramatta River. Apply at Belmore House, 58, Wynyard-square.

LEICHARDT DISTRICT, QUEENSLAND.—FOR SALE, the TRYPHENA VALE STATION distant eighty miles from Rockhampton. Grazing capabilities, 30,000 sheep; good improvements—with which will be sold, 7000 first-class SHEEP; warranted sound. This season's lambs given in.
BREWSTER and TREBECK,
Stock and Station Agents.
Squatters' Exchange.

LEICHHARDT DISTRICT, QUEENSLAND.—For Private SALE,
THE INGSDEN STATION,
comprising SEVEN BLOCKS of FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY adjoining OXFOLD DOWNS, LEICHHARDT DOWNS, and GROSVENOR DOWNS, and distant 120 miles from the township of MACKAY, PIONEER RIVER. With INGSDEN, will be sold 320 head (more or less) WELL-BRED CATTLE. To a small capitalist or beginner the above is an excellent opportunity of securing a large extent of good fattening country at a comparatively small outlay. Full particulars on application to
BREWSTER and TREBECK, Stock and Station Agents,
Squatters' Exchange, George-street.

STORE CATTLE, superior lots on the Clarence M'Intyre, Barnett, &c. Bullocks, and equal sexes. Apply to
HENRY BEIT, 5, Wynyard-street.

STORE WETHERS, 60,000 on best Darling Downs station.
Maiden and Breeding Ewes, 40,000 ditto ditto
Will be sold at very moderate prices, if closed for at once.
Apply to HENRY BEIT, 5, Wynyard-street.

STATIONS for SALE—Sheep and Cattle—in Queensland and New South Wales, of large and small extent, offering unprecedented opportunities to capitalists and small beginners.
Particulars on application to HENRY BEIT, 5, Wynyard-street.

SALES BY AUCTION.

TUESDAY'S General Sale.

MARTYN and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Saddle and harness horses
Vehicles, harness, saddlery, &c., &c.

First-class Broken-in Horses.

MARTYN and CO. are instructed by D. Parker, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A batch of really useful broken-in horses, in good condition, comprising ladies' and gentlemen's hacknays, journey and stock horses, and upstanding harness horses.

Powerful Upstanding Colts.

MARTYN and CO. are instructed by Mr. M. Hackett to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Sale Yards, on WEDNESDAY next, at 2 o'clock,
23 head powerful colts, in good condition, chiefly by the stallion "Goldfinder"—they have been carefully selected, and are said to be a very superior lot.

Homebush Races, Saint Andrew's Day.

Entrance Gate
Grand Stand and Booths
Saddling Paddock
Stalls, &c.

BURT and CO. will sell by auction, at their Bazaar, THIS DAY, the 26th instant, at 12 o'clock,
The right to
Entrance gate
Grand stand and booth
Saddling paddock
5 booths
Stabling and Horse Yard
Stalls, &c.
☞ Saint Andrew's Day being a general holiday, the entries large, and the programme particularly attractive. It is anticipated that an unusually large number of persons will visit Homebush on that day.

500 Prime Sheep.

BURT and CO. will sell by auction, at their Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY, at 12 o'clock,
500 very prime wethers, from Liverpool Plains.

4 Superior Horses from Kiama.

BURT and CO. have received instructions from Mr. S. Johnson, Kiama, to sell by auction, at their Bazaar, WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
4 thoroughly broken saddle and harness horses, two of which are particularly good.

Horses. Horses.

At the Camperdown Sale Yards, on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at half-past 2 o'clock.

THOMAS DAWSON has received instructions from Captain Cork, to sell by auction, as above,
20 first-class horses, principally broken to saddle and harness; amongst them are 2 thoroughly broken to side saddle, and very temperate.

Horses. Horses.

At the Camperdown Sale Yards, on THURSDAY, the 28th instant, at half-past 2 o'clock.

THOMAS DAWSON has received instructions from William Berkelman, Esq., to sell by auction, as above,
10 very fine horses, all broken to saddle or harness.

Horses,

Camperdown Yards.

MESSRS. SULLIVAN and TINDALE have received instructions from E. Horner, Esq., to sell, at Camperdown Yards, THIS DAY, 26th November, at 3 o'clock,
20 head of broken and unbroken horses, in prime condition.
Terms, cash.

THOROUGH BRED YEARLINGS.

TO BE SOLD by auction by BUCHAN THOMSON at "THE STABLES" Bligh street on MONDAY DECEMBER 2nd at eleven o'clock PRECISELY the following thoroughbred yearlings
1 A Brown filly by YATTENDON out of "Y. Moonshine" by Sir Hercules out of Old Moonshine (Gratis dam) by Theorem out of Moonshine by Old Emigrant out of Manto (imptd.) by Southeayer
2 A Bay filly by YATTENDON out of "Y. Bee in a Bonnett" by Sir Charles out of Bee in a Bonnett by St. John out of Spaewife (impt.)
The Auctioneer would beg to draw special attention to the above it being seldom that racing men have the opportunity of possessing themselves of Animals bearing such unmistakable indications of speed and endurance combined with pedigrees the most unexceptionable. He thinks however that he can give no better recommendation than merely to state that they were selected from the stud of Thomas Rutledge, Esq., of Carwoola, by the late Walter McEvilley, Esq., than whom as a judge of racing stock the colony had no superior.
N.B. These fillies are eligible for nomination in the Champagne, Derby, and St. Leger Stakes.

RACING STUD.

TO BE SOLD by auction by BUCHAN THOMSON, at the residence of JOHN BALES, junr., Esq., WAVERLEY, on a day early in JANUARY NEXT, of which due notice will be given, in consequence of that gentleman's retirement from the turf, the whole of his valuable stud of race horses, consisting of
"Rose of Australia," 5 years, by Flying Pieman, out of Days of Old
"Old England," 4 years, brother to Rose of Australia
"Vanderdecken," 3 years, ditto ditto
"Gladiateur," 2 years, ditto ditto
"Lady Fanny," 2 years, by Flying Pieman, out of Cassia
"Stanley," 4 years, by Flying Pieman out of Silvertail (Satanella's dam).
OLD ENGLAND having been entered for the Port Phillip Stakes, and for which he is now in training, will be sold privately should a suitable offer be made. HE and ROSE OF AUSTRALIA are entered for the Sydney Cup. VANDERDECKEN is engaged in the Randwick Autumn Maiden Plate, Port Phillip New Year's Day Derby, and (Australian) St. Leger Stakes. GLADIATEUR is in the (Australian) Champagne, Derby, Mares' Produce, St. Leger, and Melbourne Derby Stakes. LADY FANNY is in the (Australian) Champagne, Derby, and St. Leger Stakes.
The Auctioneer feels any comment on the foregoing would be superfluous, the reputation of the Stud being so well and widely known.

MR. S. WOOLLER will sell by auction, at his Horse Repository, opposite Tattersall's Club, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A lot of horses, just received from the country, broken to saddle and harness
Spring cart, buggies, drays, milk carts, &c.

Butchers. Butchers. Butchers.

MR. W. FULLAGAR has received instructions from Messrs. Pearse and Son to sell at his Yards, Western Road, on THURSDAY next, 28th November, at 11 o'clock,
228 head of very prime cattle, in lots to suit purchasers.
The noted JP brand.

Without Reserve. To close Consignments.

Maize, Straw.

HENRY MAURICE will sell by auction, without reserve, at the Produce Auction Rooms, 110, Sussex-street, THIS DAY, 26th November, at half-past 2 o'clock,
326 bags maize
25 bales straw.
☞ In lots to suit purchasers.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from C. E. Wilkinson, Esq., to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 28th instant, at his Yards, at Fullagar's, at 11 o'clock,
196 head of really prime fat cattle, in lots.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from Thomas Herbert, Esq., to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, the 28th instant, at his Yards, at Fullagar's, at 11 o'clock,
70 head of good store cattle, in lots.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from Alexander Cox, Esq., to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY next, the 27th instant, at Ellis and Co.'s Yards (late Maurice's), at half-past 11 o'clock,
30 really prime fat lambs, in lots.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from Henry M'Kenzie, Esq., to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY next, the 27th instant, at his New Smithfield Yards, Annandale, at half-past 2 o'clock,
90 head of really prime fat bullocks, in lots; represented to average over 900 lbs. each.

S. GRAHAM will sell by auction, at the Railway Terminus, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock,
Hay, straw, &c., by the truck.
Terms, cash.

W. G. HENFREY will sell by auction, at Railway Station, at 10 o'clock, THIS DAY,
Hay, Straw, &c. At his Auction Depot, Square and Compass Yards, Brickfield-hill, every Thursday and Friday, at 11 o'clock, all kinds of Country Produce, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Railway, at 10 o'clock, THIS DAY,
Hay, straw, &c.,
At Depot, at half-past 1 o'clock,
Butter, eggs, bacon, cheese, maize, &c., &c.

BUTLER and HOSKINS (late William Inglis) will sell by auction, at the Railway, at 10 o'clock THIS DAY,
Hay, straw, &c., by the truck.

On Sale, 20,000 first-class oak shingles, 150 bags of sound maize, sheepskins, &c.

DUFFIN and SON have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Yards, Woolpack Inn, Sussex-street, on WEDNESDAY, November 27, at 11 o'clock.
A fine springer, from the noted dairy of Mr. J. Elliott, Illawarra; also 30 corn-fed pigs, calves, and produce, &c.
Terms, cash.

N. W. RAVEN will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at the Railway Station, at 10 o'clock,
Hay, straw, &c.

WEDNESDAY, November 27, 1867.

At the Residence of Captain Jackson, the Hermitage, Snail's Bay, Balmain.

Elegant and Useful Household Furniture, &c.
Slate-bed Bagatelle Board, on carved stand
Valuable Oil Paintings and Engravings
Chimney Glasses, Cut Glass and China, &c., &c.
Brilliant-toned Walnutwood Cottage Pianoforte, by Bord.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions from Captain Jackson, in consequence of his leaving for England by the Agnes Rose, to sell by auction, at his residence, The Hermitage, Snail's Bay, Balmain, on WEDNESDAY next, the 27th of November, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of his elegant furniture, &c., consisting of
DRAWING-ROOM.
Walnutwood drawing-room suite, covered in green rep, nearly new; handsome loo table and cover, fancy table, matting, hearthrug, fender and irons.
Walnutwood cottage pianoforte, by Bord
Walnutwood bagatelle board, on carved stand.
DINING-ROOM.
Dinner waggon, dining table, solid oak chairs, office table, chimney glass, sideboard, carpet and rug, fender and irons, window curtains, &c.
Valuable oil paintings, by some of the best masters
Engravings in gilt and maple and gold frames
Superior cut glass, china dinner and breakfast services, clocks, fancy ornaments.
The furniture of three BEDROOMS, comprising solid-iron double and single bedsteads, palliasses, hair mattresses, bolsters, feather pillows and mosquito curtains, chests of drawers, washstands and services, toilet tables and toilet glasses, towel horses, commodes, bidets, cane-seated chairs, kerosene lamps, foot baths.
KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, and YARD.
Dresser, kitchen and laundry table, scales and weights, chairs, saucepans, boilers, kettles, tinware, dinner and breakfast set, and the usual requisites.
The goods will be on view on the morning of the sale.
Terms, cash.

Watches, Clothing, and Sundries.

ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at their Rooms, Pitt-street,
Gold and silver watches, and sundries, and clothing.

Day of Sale TUESDAY, 26th instant, at 11 o'clock.

GRISDALE and M'DONNOUGH have been instructed to sell by auction at No. 80, York-street, opposite the Lyceum Theatre, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
A large lot of useful household furniture, consisting of chiffoniereo, chest of drawers, horsehair seated sofas and chairs, cane chairs (new), two iron bedsteads and mattresses, washstands and sets, round and square tables, crockery and glassware, boilers, tubs, and kitchen effects.
The whole must be sold as the owner is going to New Zealand.

Continuation Sale of Unredeemed Pledges.

GRISDALE and M'DONNOUGH will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock,
The unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. James Erwin, pawnbroker, No. 116 Clarence-street, as advertised.

Sale at Government Stores, THURSDAY, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock.

GRISDALE and M'DONNOUGH have received instructions from the Colonial Government to sell by auction, on THURSDAY next, 28th instant, at 11 o'clock, at the Government Stores, Circular Quay.
A quantity of unserviceable stores, consisting of
Copper and copper hoops
Brass and lead
Clothing
Caps and boots
Ship's fire engine, leather hose
Old bellows, stoves, &c.
Purchasers will be required to remove their lots on the day of sale.

RANDWICK.

On TUESDAY, 26th November.

Superior Household Furniture and Effects, comprising
A fine-toned Rosewood Cottage Pianoforte, full compass, by Collard and Collard
Drawing-room Furniture
Dining-room ditto
Couches, Cane-seated Chairs
Sideboard
Carpets, Hearthrugs, and Matting
Engravings, Ornaments
Handsome Brass Four-post Bedstead
Horse-hair Mattresses, Palliasses, &c.
Iron Bedsteads, Chests of Drawers
Washstands, and Toilet Sets
Crockery, Earthenware, China and Glassware
Cooking Utensils, &c., &c. Also,
Fancy Pigeons, Poultry, &c.

MESSRS. CHANDLER and CO. have received instructions from Mr. Newman to to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 1, Looville-terrace, Randwick, THIS DAY, November 26, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the household furniture and effects.
Terms, cash.
N.B.—An omnibus will leave the General Post Office, at 10 o'clock.

Important Sale of Drapery, Slops, Shirts, &c.

WEDNESDAY, November 27.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE will sell by auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock, without reserve,
47 packages general drapery, ready-made clothing, hosiery, felt hats, &c.
Now landing ex Jason, and James Lister.

Particulars in future issue.

Positive Unreserved Sale of 26 Packages Drapery, &c.

WEDNESDAY, November 27th.

MR. CHARLES TEAKLE has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, Wynyard-street, on WEDNESDAY next, at half-past 10 o'clock,
Without reserve,
DC & Co.,
1749-50—2 cases, each 30 pieces, rough holland
52, 56, 58—3 cases, each 48, men's double merino hats
1396—1 case, 30 pieces, 3-4 lustres
1701—1 case, 30 dozen, holland jumpers
581—1 bale, 50 dozen, ditto ditto
121—1 case coronets and head dresses
184, 186-7—3 cases, each 48, trimmed millinery bonnets
941-2—2 cases, each 20 pieces, 32 inch medium shirtings
153—1

SALES BY AUCTION.

Extensive Sale of
Oilmen's Stores
Groceries
Preserved Provisions
Fruits.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. beg to remind the trade of the important sale fixed for WEDNESDAY next, 27th instant.
Under instruction from the consignees.
For positive sale.

TUESDAY, November 26th, 1867.

Saddles and Saddlers' Materials.

To Storekeepers, Saddlers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, November 26th, 1867, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Part stock of saddlers' materials
Ladies' side saddles
Gents' saddles
Whips, leather girths and stirrup leathers, and irons
Buckles, martingale rings
Whip cords, lashes, and plated nails, halters, water brushes, &c.
Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, November 27, 1867.

☞ Tobacco
Tobacco,
At the Australian Bond.
Negrohead and Cavendish.

To Tobacconists and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on WEDNESDAY next, November 27, 1867, at 11 o'clock precisely,
6 half tierces negrohead tobacco
50 three-quarter boxes cavendish
8 cases aromatic
Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, November 27, 1867.

At the risk of the former purchaser—Mr. Daniel Reay.

6 HOGSHEADS ALE.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, November 27, 1867, at half-past 10,
5 hogsheads Alloppp's ale
1 ditto Marriat's ale.
Terms, cash.

☞ FRIDAY, November 29th, 1867.

Invoice of Boots and Shoes.
Joseph and Sons'.

New Goods, now landing ex James Lester.

To Boot and Shoe Dealers, Storekeepers, Shippers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN has received instructions from Messrs. Scott, Henderson, and Co. to sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY next, November 29th, 1867, at 11 o'clock precisely,
An invoice of seasonable goods from the above celebrated makers in all
LADIES' GOODS.
Black French cashmere elastic sides, channelled
Ditto ditto ditto, pumps
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, all toed
Coloured ditto ditto ditto.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

1 Case Tartans.
1 Case Muslin Work.

W. C. RUSH and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 217, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The above.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

On account of whom it may concern.

3 Bales Flannels, slightly spotted.

W. C. RUSH and CO. will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 217, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
The above.
Terms, cash.

To Drapers, Clothiers, and others.

Manchester Goods
Drapery
Dress Goods
Clothing, &c., &c.

THIS DAY, November 26, at 11 o'clock.

W. C. RUSH and CO. have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 217, Pitt-street, on the above date, at 11 o'clock,
Several invoices of summer goods, comprising
Light ground prints
Fancy stripe ditto
Brilliant ditto
Fancy dress materials
Striped cambrics
Printed muslins
Crimean and Saxony flannels
Imitation Welsh ditto
Hollins's longcloth
Men's brown cotton half-hose
White cotton hose
Tarlatans and book muslins
Dressed hollands
White and coloured stays
Brown linen drill
Tom Thumb ties
Hair nets
Scotch twill shirts
Summer suits
Drill trousers
Plain and fancy crimean shirts
Light ground ditto
Swansdown ditto
Felt hats
China matting, &c.
Terms at sale.

Summer Drapery, Manchester and Dress Goods, Prints, Clothing, &c.

Now Landing ex Colonial Empire.

THURSDAY, 28th,
FRIDAY, 29th,
At 11 o'clock each day.

MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above days,
Several consignments of summer goods, now landing, ex Colonial Empire.
Particulars on Wednesday.

On WEDNESDAY, November 28th, at 11 o'clock.
At the Old Bank of Australasia.

To Parties Furnishing.

Useful and Substantial Household Furniture and Effects.

For Unreserved Sale.
The property of a gentleman leaving the colony.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 239, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, November 28th, at 11 o'clock,
Furniture and effects,
Terms, cash.

On WEDNESDAY, November 28th, at 12 o'clock.
At the Old Bank of Australasia.

For Unreserved Sale by Auction.

A Comfortable Family Carriage
Quiet Horse
Set Silver-mounted Harness.

The property of a gentleman having no further use for it.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 239, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, November 28th, at 12 o'clock,
The above.
Terms, cash.

On account of whom it may concern.

300 Cases
MARTELL'S PALE BRANDY,
50 Boxes
CAVENDISH 10's TOBACCO,
Ex Jason, Captain Birnie, from London.

For Sale by Auction, at Lamb's Bond,
THURSDAY MORNING.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB are instructed to sell by auction, at Lamb's Bond, on THURSDAY, 28th November, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Jason, damaged by sea water,
50 boxes Cavendish 10's tobacco, "S. Dunn"
300 cases Martell's brandy.
Terms, cash.

On WEDNESDAY, November 27, at 12 o'clock.
At the Old Bank of Australasia.

To Yachtsmen and others.

For Unreserved Sale by Auction,
The celebrated Yacht GITANA,
☞ THE WINNER OF TWELVE CUPS.
7 84 94 tons, copper bottomed and fastened,
With 2 tons lead ballast
1 ton iron, and spare ballast, for racing
Sails, spars, rigging, &c.
☞ Inventory of which may be seen at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 239, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, November 27, at 12 o'clock,
The well-known Yacht GITANA, now lying off Potts' Point.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.

On TUESDAY and FRIDAY, December 12 and 13, each day at 11 o'clock,
At No. 229, Macquarie-street, the residence of Dr. Bernecastle,
Highly Important Sale by Auction.

Valuable Oil Paintings, by ancient and modern artists
Choice Water-colour Drawings
Alabaster and Marble Statuary
Sevres and Dresden China
Bohemian Glass
1000 oz. Sterling Silver Plate
Elkington, Mason, and Company's best Electroplate
Richly Cut and Engraved Glass
Valuable Books, by eminent authors, handsomely bound
Elegant and Substantial Drawing and Dining Room Furniture, manufactured by Snee and Sons
Brilliant-toned Pianoforte, by Nutting and Addison, &c., &c.
Particulars of which will be published.

To Connoisseurs
Lovers of the Fine Arts
Furniture Buyers
Gentlemen Furnishing, &c.
☞ Unreserved Sale.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from Dr. Bernecastle (who intends leaving the colony for twelve months), to sell by auction, at his residence, No. 229, Macquarie-street,
His valuable collection of oil paintings, water-colours, silver plate, &c.
Terms, cash.
Catalogues are being prepared, and will be issued as speedily as possible.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE, TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

THE WILPEND STATION,
in the LEICHHARDT DISTRICT, QUEENSLAND,
with 18 400 SHEEP, and
THE ELGIN DOWNS STATION,
in the SOUTH KENNEDY DISTRICT,
QUEENSLAND,
with 13,600 SHEEP.

BREWSTER and TREBECK have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Squatters' Exchange, George-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of January, at 11 o'clock,
The following SPLENDID PASTORAL PROPERTIES:—

LOT 1.—WILPEND,
situate on the Upper Mackenzie River, and consisting of FOUR BLOCKS OF COUNTRY, viz., Wilpend, Balpannah, Duneed, and Balinclorcha. Area, 170 SQUARE MILES.
The country is WELL GRASSED and WATERED, lightly timbered, and ABOUNDS IN SALT BUSH.
The stock consists of
9700 ewes
5700 wethers and rams
3000 weaners.

Total, 18,400 SHEEP, more or less.
20 head of cattle, 12 horses, 2 teams of bullocks, with drays, &c. The GRAZING CAPABILITIES are estimated at 30 000 SHEEP. The distance from Rockhampton is 150 miles.
This station having been formed upwards of five years, the IMPROVEMENTS ARE EXTENSIVE and VERY COMPLETE; they consist of a large and comfortable cottage, kitchen, woolshed, and every other building on the home and out stations for the proper working of a well-ordered station.

LOT 2.—ELGIN DOWNS,
situate on the Belyando River and consisting of SIX BLOCKS OF COUNTRY, viz., Elgin Downs Nos. 1, 2, and 3, and Moray Downs Nos. 1, 2, and 3. AREA 388 SQUARE MILES, a good portion of which is EQUAL TO THE CELEBRATED PEAK DOWNS, the rest being open timbered country. The HERBAGE and GRASSES ON ELGIN DOWNS are of the MOST FATTENING DESCRIPTION, and the WHOLE IS PERMANENTLY and ABUNDANTLY WATERED by the Belyando River, having a frontage to both sides for the whole length of the station.
The IMPROVEMENTS consist of a cottage, woolshed and other necessary buildings for working a station economically and profitably.
The stock consists of
9 000 ewes
4,500 wethers

Total ... 13,500 SHEEP, more or less, bred from SELECTED MAIDEN EWES from Messrs. Kent and Wienholt's choice flocks on the Darling Downs; 12 horses, 2 bullock teams, with drays, &c.
THE GRAZING CAPABILITIES ARE ESTIMATED AT 60 000 SHEEP.
The distance from Broadsound is about 100 miles and from Bowen 170 miles.
☞ THESE FINE PROPERTIES ARE MOST ADVANTAGEOUSLY SITUATED for the Peak Downs Gold Fields and Copper Mines, to the Mount Wyatt Copper Mines, and to the Cape River Gold Fields, at all of which places there is a fair demand for fat stock, and being for absolute sale, are well worthy the attention of moderate capitalists.

TERMS, LIBERAL, AT SALE.

In the Insolvent Estate of Henry Morgan, of Inverell, New England District.

T. W. BOWDEN is favoured with instructions from J. P. Mackenzie, Esq., Official Assignee (with the concurrence of the mortgagees), to sell by auction at the Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 5th December, at 11 o'clock for half-past 11 prompt,
The undermentioned properties in the township of Inverell:
LOT 1. The hotel at the corner of Byron and Otho streets, with the butcher's shop, stabling, and other buildings situated on lots 11 and 12 of section 11, comprising one acre.
The hotel is leased by G. R. Miller, at the rate of £155 per year, including the use of a paddock known as Regan's, containing 11 acres, marked as portion 51 on the plan of the environs. The public-house contains 15 rooms, kitchen, bar and fittings. The bagatelle table will be given in.
The butcher's shop is not included in Mr. Miller's lease, but let separately.
At the rear of the hotel is the garden, partly planted with fruit trees, all securely fenced in with paling.
☞ The purchaser of the above will have no right to the use or occupation of the paddock after the termination of the present tenancy of the hotel.
Lot 2. The paddock known as "Regan's," containing 11 acres, being No. 51 on the Government plan, possession of which cannot be had by the purchaser until the occupation under the existing lease to Mr. G. R. Miller shall be terminated, nor will he be entitled to any rent during that time
Lot 3. An allotment of land in the town of Inverell, being No. 5 of section A, containing half-an-acre, bounded on the north-west by Byron-street, 2 chains; and on the north-east by Mansfield-street
Lot 4. An allotment containing 1 acre 1 rood 1 perch, being No. 1 of section 5, bounded on the south east by Byron-street, north-easterly 2 chains; on the north-west by the river M'Intyre, upwards to Woodstreet; and on the south-west by that street south-easterly 6 chains 35 links
Lot 5. Allotment, No. 4 of section 64, containing 2 roods, in the town of Inverell, on the south-west side of Raglan-street, and bounded on the north-east by that street 2 chains south-easterly; then on the south-east by the north-west boundary of allotment 5; south-westerly at right angles to Raglan-street 2 chains 50 links to a lane on the south-west
Lot 6. An allotment, numbered 5 of section 64, in the town of Inverell, commencing on the south-west side of Raglan-street, at the eastern corner of allotment 4, and bounded on the north-east by that street 2 chains, on the south-west by a line 2 chains
Lot 7. Allotment, No. 6 of section 64, containing 2 roods and 21 perches, at Inverell, bounded on the northeast by Raglan-street north-westerly 3 chains 80 links, on the south-west by a line south-easterly, parallel with Raglan-street, 1 chain 27 links to M'Intyre-street, and on the south by that street easterly 3 chains 50 links
Lot 8. Allotments No. 2 and 3 of section 10, town of Inverell, the private residence of Mr. Henry Morgan
Lot 9. Suburban lot, in Inverell reserve, being portion No. 47, containing 28 acres, at the rear of the township, as shown on the plan, to be seen at the Rooms
Lot 10. A block of land at Ashford, containing 32 acres, being portion 18 B, having a frontage to Fraser's Creek
Lot 11. A block of 24 acres at Ashford, adjoining the 32 acres.
Lot 12. An allotment in Ashford, being portion 6 of section 1, containing 2 roods 32 perches.
☞ A plan of Inverell, shewing the allotments, can be seen at the Auction Rooms.
Terms at sale.

A FARM OF SEVENTY ACRES, WITH IMPROVEMENTS, NEAR HARTLEY, ON THE MAIN ROAD TO THE FISH RIVER AND BATHURST.

T. W. BOWDEN will sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 5th of December, at 11 o'clock,
A fine agricultural farm, containing 70 acres, near Hartley, on the main Government road leading to the Fish River and Bathurst, now the property of the resident, Mr. John M'Donald. The land is nearly all clear, and divided into paddocks, with fine grass, and water (from springs) in the driest seasons. A large portion of the land is under crop. There is also a good outlet for horses and cattle, and it is therefore considered a good dairy farm. Adjoining the freehold of 70 acres is a portion of 40 acres taken up as a free selection, fenced in, and full of grass. A cottage of five rooms on it. The vendor's interest in the selection will be given in with the freehold. The land will be offered without the growing crop, the value of which will be fixed at the time of sale, to be taken at the sum so determined upon; or the vendor will reserve a right to remove the said crop when at maturity.
Terms at sale.
Title satisfactory.

Preliminary Notice.

In the Estate of the late William Thompson.

VALUABLE PROPERTIES at BRAIDWOOD.
LOT 1. Allotment of Land, part of Lot 8, section 6 of the Town of Braidwood, with a stone House thereon, adjoining the Royal Hotel.
LOT 2.—800-acre Farm on the Tericonora Creek, being the land originally granted to George Hill.
Title, Unquestionable. Apply to John Dawson, Esq., Solicitor, Pitt-street.
Terms at sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early date, due notice of which will be given,

THURSDAY, December 19.

Moore College, Liverpool.

C. A. SCRIVENER has received instructions from the Rev. W. Hodgson, M.A., Principal of Moore College, in consequence of his leaving for England by the December mail, to sell by auction, at his residence, Liverpool, at the above date,
His very superior and substantial furniture, comprising,
Contents of drawing-room, dining-room, and library
Ditto 3 principal bedrooms, carpets of 5 rooms
Ditto hall and 2 servants' bedrooms
A very superior Wheeler and Wilson's lockstitch sewing machine in polished walnut case, imported to order, quite equal to new
A Wilcox and Gibbs's sewing machine, in perfect order
Foolscap printing press with type, rules, type cases, and furniture complete
Dray and harness
Quiet cow, and 2 very fine pigs
And if not previously disposed of a four-wheeled phaeton, with horse and harness
Full particulars in future advertisement.
Moore College is within five minutes' walk of Liverpool Railway Station.

In the Insolvent Estate of Terence Gorman, publican.

MR. H. VAUGHAN has received instructions from the official assignee to sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY, 27th instant, at 11 o'clock, on the premises known as Prince of Wales Inn, George-street South,
Goodwill, license, bar fittings, ale, wines, spirits.

By Order of the Trustees of the Will of the late Mrs. SAVAGE.

EXTENSIVE PEREMPTORY SALE.
SUBURBAN AND COUNTRY ESTATES
GLENMORE ROAD, PADDINGTON.

Two CHOICE VILLA SITES of about 2 ACRES each, with extensive frontage to the GLENMORE ROAD, a little beyond the valuable properties of Messrs. H. Burton Bradley, W. G. M'Carthy, M. H. Stephan, and others.

*** THESE MAGNIFICENT VILLA SITES are well worthy of attention and inspection. They comprise
ONE GRANT OF LAND,
with extensive frontage to the GLENMORE ROAD, about midway between the
OLD AND NEW SOUTH HEAD ROADS.
It is subdivided into TWO BLOCKS, with a reserved road 1 chain wide running between them. The frontage to the Glenmore Road is a FINE ELEVATED SITE, commanding very EXTENSIVE BEAUTIFUL VIEWS OF THE HARBOUR, including the VALLEY OF LACROZA and the Heights of DARLINGHURST and DARLING POINT. The land recedes from the Glenmore Road by a GENTLE GRASSY SLOPE, and the lower portion consists for the most part of RICH GARDEN SOIL, with a NORTHERN ASPECT, and most favourably situated for cultivation.
THIS ESTATE is equally important as an INVESTMENT FOR RESALE, subdivided, or for VILLA GROUNDS. Immediately outside the city boundary, and within easy walking distance from business, combining the CONVENIENCE OF THE CITY with the SALUBRIOUS ADVANTAGE of a SUBURB, the Glenmore Road portion of Paddington will always be a FAVOURITE POSITION. As SITES, whether in regard TO VALUE, or the NATURAL ADVANTAGES of POSITION, the two lots are UNEQUALLED by any portion of our suburbs. They have been surveyed and pegged, so that no difficulty can occur in identification.

HASLEM CREEK RAILWAY STATION.
TURNER'S GRANT OF 80 ACRES, close to the above station, and adjoining the properties of Messrs. George King and G. Marsden.
*** This land is divided by the railway, and is only a few yards from the station. It is admirably adapted either for a small farm or for subdivision.

CHIPPING and CLAIRMONT,
BRINGELLY ROAD.
Two Agricultural and Grazing Estates, containing together 1640 ACRES, about 6 MILES FROM PENRITH, adjoining the well-known fattening paddock of the Messrs. YORK, and the estates of Sir DANIEL COOPER, Bart.
*** Chipping and Clairmont are choice country properties in a convenient locality near Penrith, and close to the Great Western Road. As a DEPOT FOR STOCK, the land, which is nearly all enclosed, would be invaluable.

TITLES.—Particulars can be obtained, and deeds inspected, on application to Messrs. Billyard and Curtis, solicitors, Hunter-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the TRUSTEES of the WILL of the late Mrs. SAVAGE to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on MONDAY, 2nd December, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the above freehold estates, UNRESERVED INSTRUCTIONS respecting the sale of which have been received from England, therefore each lot must positively be disposed of.
Plans on view at the Rooms.

NORTH SHORE.

PARISH OF WILLOUGHBY.

BLOCK OF LAND, containing 4 acres, more or less, situated near the northern boundary of the Crow's Nest Estate, the property of Alexander Berry, Esq., adjoining Mr. French's land, and immediately opposite Mr. Kingston's farm and homestead.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 2nd December, at 11 o'clock.
The above described block of land, being part of LAMB'S FARM, about 2 miles from BLUE'S POINT FERRY, NORTH SHORE.
Plan at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

POSTPONED to TUESDAY, 17th DECEMBER.

KENNEDY DISTRICT, QUEENSLAND.

For Peremptory Sale, to Close a Partnership Account.

An Extensive well grassed Run, known as
HOMESTEAD,
comprising three large Blocks of capital Grazing and Fattening Country, situated about 127 miles from CLEVELAND BAY, and about 20 miles from the prosperous
CAPE DIGGINGS.
With the above Run will be sold
7000 Sheep, more or less
70 Cattle, ditto ditto
12 Horses, ditto ditto,
Stores, Dray, Working Bullocks, and all other belongings to be taken by valuation in the usual manner.

Preliminary Notice.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, the 17th December next, at 11 o'clock,
The above compact pastoral property, full particulars of which, with classification of the sheep, will be shortly published, or may be obtained on application at the Rooms.
Terms, liberal.

CROWN-STREET, SOUTH HEAD ROAD.

DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 241, Crown-street, and corner Allotment of Land, on the west side 66 feet from the corner of South Head Road.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 2nd December, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece of land having the following frontages:—29 feet to Crown-street, 100 feet to a side lane, 29 feet to a back lane; on which is that comfortable two-story dwelling-house, No. 241, Crown-street, built of brick, on stone foundations, containing lobby, four rooms, kitchen, and servant's room, with large yard, &c., at the rear.
☞ These premises occupy a valuable position a few feet from the Union Inn, South Head Road. There is a very large block of unoccupied land at the back, which could be used if required for extending the buildings, and adapting them for business purposes. The situation, close to the main thoroughfare, is one of the best in Sydney, and as the property will be absolutely disposed of, the special attention of investors is directed to the sale.
Title—Full particulars can be obtained on application to John Dawson, Esq., solicitor, Pitt-street.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

On SATURDAY, 7th December.

At CHARKER'S HOTEL, BOWRAL, at 12 o'clock.

THE PICK OF THE WHINSTONE COUNTRY.

CHOICE FARMS.

WINGECARRIBBEE ESTATE.
BOWRAL RAILWAY STATION.

This well-known magnificent property comprises 4200 ACRES OF THE RICHEST AGRICULTURAL LAND in the Southern districts, and includes the remaining unsold portion of the VILLAGE OF BOWRAL. About 1750 ACRES are let in farms to good tenants, and realise a rental of £500 PER ANNUM. The remaining 2500 Acres consist of fine undulating agricultural land, principally of whinstone formation, well watered in all seasons by the Mittagong Creek and numerous springs. The whole estate is enclosed by a good fence, and the farms under lease are all more or less improved.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from J. N. Oxley, Esq., to sell by public auction, at Charker's Hotel, Bowral, on SATURDAY, 7th December, at 12 o'clock,
THE WINGECARRIBBEE ESTATE,
MITTAGONG,
in lots to suit purchasers, including the remaining unsold lots of the township of Bowral, surrounding the station.
☞ Tenders having been accepted by the Government and contract signed for the erection of the BOWRAL PASSENGER AND GOODS STATION, and as the traffic is to be opened (in conjunction with the Sutton Forest Station) on or before the 1st of December next, no further delay will now take place in realising the whole of this valuable estate.
The Mittagong, or Nattai, Station is only about four miles from Bowral, so that intending purchasers can at once, without difficulty, make a thorough inspection of the lots.
THE EXTENSION OF THE SOUTHERN LINE of Railway is opening Country for AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES UNEQUALLED IN THE COLONY for RICH FERTILITY, and which has only been neglected in consequence of difficult and expensive access to a market.
The temperature and climate, from the great elevation of the site, secure to the husbandman (FREE FROM FLOODS, FREE FROM RUST, and other cereal epidemics) a CERTAIN CROP AND RETURN FOR HIS LABOUR, indeed no class of men in the colony has been so prosperous and contented (even with the disadvantages they have had until recently to encounter) than the small FREEHOLDERS IN THIS AND NEIGHBOURING DISTRICTS.
Till within these last few years little has been known of this locality, and its importance was no sooner discovered when a large emigration set in of TENANT FARMERS, principally from the Camden and Illawarra districts, and the whole of the eligible GOVERNMENT LAND for miles extending from Jamberoo to Wingecarribee was taken up by the selectors, who are now a numerous thriving community. Not AN ACRE of Government Land of any value can now be obtained in this favourite neighbourhood and large premiums have even been offered to many who were fortunate in making early good selections.
THE WINGECARRIBEE ESTATE now offered for sale, was an early grant chosen by the late Mr. Surveyor-General Oxley. It is principally of Volcanic formation, whinstone hills, with rich dark-red soil, full of natural springs. The estate is subdivided into farms of 30 to 100 ACRES EACH, but an opportunity will be given to purchasers to secure WHAT AREA THEY REQUIRE. These farms SURROUND the RAILWAY STATION, which is of great importance for DAIRY OR AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES, as milk and produce can daily be forwarded to a good market, and the cultivator of the soil thus receive an adequate periodical return. About half of the estate is let on short and long leases. This portion will be sold subject to the tenancies. The purchasers of the remainder (upwards of 2000 acres) can obtain immediate possession.

VILLAGE OF BOWRAL.
This delightful rural village adjoining the Railway Station has been established some years, and already a numerous population is settled, all of whom, whether as mechanics, labourers, or tradesmen, are doing well. It is the depot of a large agricultural area, which affords remunerative unfluctuating trade or occupation to the inhabitants. The remaining unsold lots are principally reserved sites close to the station, and will be disposed of to the highest bidder.
BOWRAL SUBURBAN SITES,
containing 10 acres and upwards each, have been especially laid out for CITY GENTLEMEN, MARKET GARDENERS, FRUIT-GROWERS, and OTHERS.
These beautifully situated sites have an immense altitude above the level of the sea, so that by a three hours' ride by rail
A PERFECT CHANGE OF AIR,
and a thoroughly invigorating and deliciously
COOL BRACING CLIMATE
(free from mosquitoes and other pests) can be enjoyed.
The position secures what is so much required by the overtaxed business city man, a desirable change and a refreshing temperature similar to what can be obtained in Tasmania and other southern latitudes.
The great difficulty of access alone has previously prevented this highly favoured district from being thoroughly known or appreciated as the great
HEALTH-RESTORING GARDEN OF THE COLONY.

TERMS, LIBERAL.

Lithographic plans of the subdivision may be obtained on application at the Rooms, Sydney; to Mr. JAMES POWELL, Berrima; or to Mr. CHARKER, Bowral; or can be inspected at the Queen's Hotel, or Harp Inn, Wollongong.

For Positive Sale.

REDFERN.

A NEAT BRICK-BUILT VERANDAH COTTAGE of four rooms, with kitchen, shed, &c., Redfern-street (known formerly as the property of Mr. Isaac Battis), erected upon an allotment of land having 40 feet frontage to Redfern-street, and 46 to Rosehill-street, and extending back to the Railway fence, being lot 28 of block D, as per plan of the Hutchinson Estate.
The land is leasehold, having about three years to run.
Ground rent, 4s per week.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 2nd December, at 11 o'clock.
The above-described small leasehold property, Hutchinson Estate, Redfern.
Terms at sale.

WELLINGTON and BLIGH DISTRICTS.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE.
BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

That extensive well-grassed and highly improved Station known as
MURRUMBIDGERIE,
consisting of five large blocks of first-class grazing country, viz.—
Murrumbidgerie
New Geary
Woorcoomboorai
Little River
Wotherwongh,
situated on the Macquarie River, a few miles from the town of Wellington.
The improvements are of a substantial character, and include every requisite for carrying on the property. They are mostly erected on 800 acres of purchased land.
There is also a comfortable Inn on the purchased land, which is now let for £100 per annum.
With the station will be sold 17,000 (more or less) well-woolled SHEEP.
*** Stores, Drays, Teams, Working Horses, and all other belongings to be taken by the purchaser by valuation in the usual way.

Preliminary Notice.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on TUESDAY, the 17th December next, at 11 o'clock,
The above important and valuable pastoral property, full particulars of which, with specification of sheep, will be published in a few days.
Terms at sale.

FOR UNRESERVED SALE.

ASHFIELD RAILWAY STATION.

LOT 31, SECTION 5, ASHFIELD PARK ESTATE, containing 2 roods and 5 perches, at the junction of CHARLOTTE and WILLIAM STREETS, adjoining land belonging to S. C. RODD, Esq., and immediately opposite the CHURCH OF ENGLAND SCHOOL BUILDINGS.
This valuable building site occupies a fine elevated position, and is only a few minutes' walk from the Railway Station.
A never-failing creek of fresh water passes through one corner of the land.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 2nd December, at 11 o'clock,
The above described choice site in the Ashfield Park Estate.
Plat at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

WOOLLAHRA.

POINT PIPER ESTATE.
WELL-FINISHED, NEWLY-ERECTED STONE-BUILT COTTAGE, DENISON STREET, containing verandah back and front, passage, 4 rooms, detached kitchen, and servant's room of brick; with garden, stable, wash-house, and coal shed, large yard, well of good water, fitted with pump, &c., at the rear, erected upon an Allotment of Land having 63 feet frontage to DENISON-STREET, with a depth of about 182 feet.
This is a desirable and substantially erected neat COTTAGE RESIDENCE, occupying a most healthful and elevated position, and commanding magnificent harbour views.
It adjoins the GROUNDS attached to the RESIDENCE of J. V. GORMAN, Esq., and is now in the occupation of Mr. C. H. ROOKE.
Title—lease for 99 years, from Sir Daniel Cooper. Groundrent £7 10s per annum.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. George Muir to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 2nd December, at 11 o'clock,
The above described COTTAGE, in DENISON-STREET, WOOLLAHRA, POINT PIPER ESTATE.
Terms at sale.

WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.

To the highest Bidder.

BRISBANE WATER.
SMALL FARM and HOMESTEAD, 10 acres, being portion of Mr. David Roberts's 150-acre grant, near Gosford, and well known as Mrs. Burless's property, together with all improvements.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 2nd December, at 11 o'clock,
The above described small Farm and Homestead, near GOSFORD, BRISBANE WATER.
Terms at sale.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY.

HUNTER-STREET.

EXTENSIVE BLOCK OF LAND, having a frontage of 94 FEET to HUNTER-STREET, immediately opposite Elizabeth-street, together with the TWO COTTAGES thereon, between the properties occupied by Messrs. Hunt and Stening, butchers, and Mr. Curtis's stables.

TITLE registered under Torrens's Act.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the proprietor to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 16th December, at 11 o'clock,
All that valuable and extensive block of land, having a frontage of 94 FEET 2 INCHES to HUNTER-STREET, with a depth of about 65 feet, on which are TWO BRICK COTTAGES.
☞ This is one of the most central blocks of property in the city. The position is elevated; immediately opposite Elizabeth-street, close to Macquarie-street and the Domain, while, at the same time, it is only two or three minutes' walk from Pitt and George streets, and the principal commercial portion of Sydney.
The site is admirably adapted, both in extent and situation for a CHURCH or LARGE PUBLIC BUILDING, or for a range of SUPERIOR DWELLING HOUSES, which would command constant tenants at the highest rentals.
Special attention is directed to the sale, in one or more lots, of this choice property, which will positively take place on the above date.
Title, under Torrens's Act.
Terms at sale.

MONDAY, 9th DECEMBER.

KIRKETON ESTATE,
DARLINGHURST.

The REMAINING UNSOLD ALLOTMENTS fronting WILLIAM-STREET at its junction with DARLINGHURST ROAD.

TITLE UNDER TORRENS'S ACT.
Purchasers securing an indefeasible title transferred at a trifling cost.

TERMS—One third cash, residue may remain secured by mortgage for three years, at 8 per cent per annum.

LITHOGRAPHIC PLANS of the subdivision may be obtained at the Rooms.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from W. W. BILLYARD, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 9th December, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the residue of the well-known KIRKETON ALLOTMENTS at the junction of WILLIAM-STREET and the WOOLLOOMOOLOO ROAD, on the HEIGHTS OF DARLINGHURST, the most valuable position for either PRIVATE RESIDENCES or for BUSINESS PURPOSES in the
CITY OF SYDNEY.
LOT 1 has the following frontages:—27 feet to William-street, 101 feet to the Darlinghurst Road.
LOTS 2 to 5 have each frontages of 24 feet to William-street, with depths varying from 74 feet to 96 feet, extending to a lane.
LOT 6 has a frontage of 23 feet to the Darlinghurst Road, adjoining Mr. Slade's purchase, with a depth of 124 feet extending to a lane 20 feet wide, dividing it from Miss Little's property.
☞ These very choice allotments, the most valuable in the city, possess numerous advantages. They occupy a magnificent position on the heights of Darlinghurst, at the junction of William street and the Woolloomooloo Road, the frontage to the former enjoying a northern, the latter an eastern aspect, commanding at the same time, from the elevated nature of the land, extensive beautiful views of the city, harbour, and surrounding scenery.
The frontage to William-street is admirably adapted for business purposes. This street is now one of the leading thoroughfares of Sydney, and every year is becoming more valuable in this respect.
The five lots now for sale are the only vacant lots obtainable on that side. With the exception of these and a small piece of frontage which cannot be purchased at any price, the whole is occupied by first-class properties.
The allotments already sold on this estate are in the hands of those who propose erecting Substantial and Valuable Improvements, and there can be no doubt that this estate will, in a few months, be covered with good first-class premises from which constant adequate return to the investor may be relied on.
Builders, Speculators, and others are informed that it is the positive intention to sell these few remaining allotments to close accounts.
Further particulars can be obtained on application.

Unexpired Term of Lease, of 8 years, of
Allotment of Land, Fosterville Estate,
Situated in Campbell-street, nearly opposite Smith-street, on which is erected a substantial Cottage and Outhouses (No. 98) at present occupied by the Lessee.

C. M. EVANS is instructed to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 185, Pitt-street, near Mort's-passage, on TUESDAY, the 3rd December, at 11 o'clock,
The present lessee's right, title, and interest in and to the unexpired term of lease of an allotment of land on the Fosterville Estate, on which is erected a substantial weatherboard cottage, with slated roof, frontage to Campbell-street, being No. 98, containing 4 rooms, back verandah, and verandah room; the outhouses consist of kitchen, store, washhouse, and wood and coal house. Water laid on.
The house stands a little back from the street and has a porch over the front door. There is a small garden at the rear planted with fruit trees, grape vines, and choice flowers, bulbs, and shrubs. The back entrance is from Hunt-street. The whole of the premises are in good tenantable repair, having been very recently painted and decorated inside and out.
Terms, cash.
N.B.—Sixteen shillings per week rental can easily be obtained for these premises for a term.

EXTENSIVE SALE of the Valuable Agricultural and Pastoral Lands the ESTATES OF GLENORE and CLUAN, and of the Mill at Carrick, situate in the District of Westbury, County of Westmoreland, in Tasmania.

BELL and WESTBROOK have received instructions from David Gaussen, Esq., Trustee under the will of the late William Bryan, Esq., to sell by public auction, at their Mart, in Charles-street, Launceston, on TUESDAY, the 10th December proximo, at 12 o'clock at noon,
The fee simple estates of Glenore and Cluan situated near Westbury, together with 1500 acres of land adjoining Carrick, and the water power flour-mill, and lands, and premises in the township of Carrick aforesaid, in lots as follows:—
THE ESTATE OF GLENORE.
Lot No. 1 contains 823 acres, fronting on Quamby's Brook, and adjoining the south side of Westbury, which will be sold subject to a mortgage for £1300 payable on 24th October, 1870, with interest in the meantime at 7 per cent. per annum; it is let to two yearly tenants (Messrs. M'Carthy and Beveridge), at rents amounting together to £130 per annum. Absolute possession can be obtained after 1st March next, and the purchaser will be entitled to the rent accruing from 1st September last, being the last rent day.
Lot No. 2 contains 317 acres, adjoining lot No. 1 and part of the Lyttleton Estate and land of C. H. Princep, and will be sold subject to a mortgage for £1500, payable on 30th September, 1870, with interest in the meantime at 7 per cent. per annum; it is let to two tenants (Messrs. E. Bryan and Israel Gilham), at rents amounting together to £180 per annum. Absolute possession can be obtained after 1st March next, and the purchaser will be entitled to the rent accruing from 1st November last.
Lot No. 3 contains 391 acres adjoining parts of lots Nos. 2, 4, 5, and 8, and part of the Quamby Estate, which will be sold free from incumbrances. It is now let to Mr John Badcock, as tenant from year to year, at £120 per annum. Absolute possession thereof can be had on the 1st March next, and the purchaser will be entitled to the half-year's rent accruing from 1st September last.
Lot No. 4 cont

FUNERAL.—The Friends of the late departed WILLIAM ARTHUR BANNISTER and Mr. are fully invited to attend his funeral; to move from the residence of his cousin, Mr. Hiscox, Street, Newtown, this (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock precisely. J. H. FURLONGER, Undertaker, Newtown.

FUNERAL.—U. A. F. SOCIETY.—The Brethren are requested to attend the Funeral of our late departed brother's Wife, JESSIE STUCKEY; the Brethren to meet at Host HOWARTH'S, St. Peter's, Cook's River Road. JOHN HILL FURLONGER, Undertaker, Newtown.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. EDWARD POWELL are invited to attend the funeral of his late departed Daughter MARGARET; to move from his residence, Newport Cottage, Waverley, THIS (Tuesday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock precisely. J. and R. HANSLOW, Undertakers, 79, Parramatta-street.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. SILAS FOWLER, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of his deceased infant Son, CHARLES MOKANT; to move from his residence, Stephen-street, Balmain, on WEDNESDAY MORNING, at half-past 9 o'clock. W. H. WOOD, Undertaker, 678, George-street, and Balmain.

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, (Incorporated by Royal Charter.)
Paid up Capital, £1,600,000. Reserve Fund, £444,000.
Establishments in New South Wales,
Sydney Branch
with Agencies at
ARALUEN — FORBES
BRAIDWOOD — GRENFELL
BURRANGONG — YASS.
Interest on Deposits for fixed periods is now allowed at the following rates:—
For three months certain, 4 per cent. per annum.
Six ditto, 5 per cent. per annum.
Twelve ditto, 6 per cent. per annum.
Special arrangements may be made for deposits of large amounts.
STEWART MURRAY, Manager.

THE CITY BANK.
PAID-UP CAPITAL, £200,000.
NOTICE is hereby given, that this Bank allows INTEREST to its customers at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum on the weekly minimum balance at the credit of their current accounts.
On deposits for fixed periods, interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application at the Bank.
By order of the Board,
E. THOS. FORD, Manager.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.
Chief Offices: Leadenhall-street, London.
Sydney Branch: No. 96, Pitt-street,
Capitals:
Fire .....£1,000,000 | Life £100,000
Annual income exceeding £170,000.
Life Assurances on liberal terms.
FIRE RATES ONLY ON APPLICATION TO
W. H. MACKENZIE, Jun., Secretary.

THE BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Capital, £1,000,000
LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME, Agents.

THE UNITED FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.—The Directors are now prepared to accept proposals for FIRE Insurance at low rates of premium charged according to the description of risk, without reference to any fixed scale.
MARINE risks accepted on goods to or from all ports. Policies made payable in London if required.
WILLIAM RAE, Manager.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital, £1,965,000. Income, £230,000.
Reserve fund, £240,000.
Insurances effected on buildings, merchandise, and ships. Losses from fire by lightning made good, and all claims on adjustment paid in Sydney.
FANNING, GRIFFITHS, and CO., agents, Spring-street, Sydney.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established in 1821.
Paid-up Capital, £550,000.
LOW and PERMANENT RATES of PREMIUM on first-class house property.
ALL LOSSES PROMPTLY PAID at the Sydney Branch Office, 4, Wynyard-street.
JAMES HENDERSON, Secretary.

ROYAL FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Capital £2,000,000

FIRE DEPARTMENT.
This Company is now prepared to issue Policies at rates adequate to risks without reference whatever to any FIXED SCALE.
Insurers can rely on the liberal and prompt payment of losses, the undersigned being empowered to settle all claims arising under the Policies issued by them.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.
SPECIAL NOTICE TO INTENDING ASSURERS.
Life Assurances in this Company effected on or before 31st DECEMBER, 1867 (but not after that date), will participate in the next DIVISION to be made.
The profits hitherto appropriated have been among the largest ever declared by a Life Assurance Company
Policies issued and claims settled by the undersigned, WITHOUT reference to ENGLAND.
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers, Agents.

VICTORIA FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Insurances against Fire negotiated at reduced Rates.
Established 1849. Capital, £200,000.
Forms of Application, and all other information, may be obtained at the Sydney Branch Offices, New Pitt-street.
WILLIAM JACK, Resident Secretary.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY (Limited).
Chief Offices, 35, Cornhill, London.
Subscribed capital, £1,000,000.
Paid-up ditto ..... £250,000.

The undersigned is authorised to issue Policies, the claims on which can be made payable in London, India, China, Cape of Good Hope, or the colonies. RATES on application to
W. H. MACKENZIE, jun., Agent.
No. 96, Pitt-street, Sydney.

SYDNEY PHILANTHROPIC MUSICAL SOCIETY.—Patroness, LADY YOUNG.
CONCERT for the BENEFIT of the Widow of PATRICK FOOLAN, will take place THIS EVENING, at the Congregational SCHOOLROOM, WOOLLAHRA. Carriages for 10 30. The instruments to be used on this occasion have been kindly lent by W. H. Paling, Esq.
HENRY MARSH, President.

GRAND ORATORIO, SOLOMON.—The committee of the Vocal Association have much pleasure in announcing that it is the intention to PRODUCE the above Oratorio at an early period. Ladies and Gentlemen willing to assist, will please attend practice at Gibson's Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at half-past 7. An efficient accompanyist will be present.

ST. ANDREW'S DAY.
GRAND CRICKET MATCH.
WARWICK v. ALBERTS,
in which the representative of New South Wales, in the INTERCOLONIAL CRICKET MATCH, VICTORIA v. NEW SOUTH WALES, will take part.
To be played at the
ALBERT CRICKET GROUND
on NEXT SATURDAY.
Wickets to be pitched at 10 o'clock.
Members of the Albert and Warwick Clubs admitted free, and will have the privilege of taking two ladies to the GRAND STAND, on production of CARD of MEMBERSHIP.

WARWICK CRICKET CLUB.—First Eleven Practice on the Albert Ground every afternoon during the present week. Selection Committee to meet THIS EVENING, at Tattersall's, 8 sharp.
W. CLARK, } Joint Hon.
C. H. HAYES, } Secretaries.

CLONTARF GARDENS, ST. ANDREW'S DAY.
THE M.A.O.B. FORESTERS' ANNUAL FESTIVAL.
Steamers KEMBLA and FIRE KING have been engaged.
The Order wish to remind their patrons and friends that the committee will make every arrangement conducive to their comfort.
The Band arrangements will be first-class; an efficient M.C. has been appointed, Amusements on Ground will consist of Dancing, Archery, Cricket, Quoits, Football, Walking and Running Matches, for which prizes will be given.
Adult return tickets, 2s; children, 1s.
As this Picnic is purely for a benevolent object, the Order trust to receive, as hitherto, the kind patronage of the public.
Steamers will leave Circular and Woolloomooloo Quays at intermediate hours during the day.
First steamer from Circular Quay at 9.
Second ditto, 10 o'clock sharp.

GRAND HIPPODROME, on BOXING DAY, 26th December, 1867, at the
ALBERT CRICKET GROUND, REDFERN,
by JAMES COOKE'S
GREAT WORLD CIRCUS COMPANY.

PROFESSOR PARKER requests a full attendance of his private class, at his School of Arms and Institution of Physical Education, 143, Pitt-street, THIS EVENING, at 8 o'clock sharp.

CHALLENGE.—I, JOHN CURTIS, of Parramatta, do hereby Challenge to RUN JOHN HOULAHAN six hundred yards for £50, providing he will give me thirty yards. Men and money at the Australian Arms, Parramatta, TUESDAY next, at 1 o'clock p.m. JOHN CURTIS, Parramatta.

PRINCE OF WALES OPERA HOUSE.
Under the Management of Mr. GEORGE COPPIN,
Stage Manager .....Mr. J. R. Greville.
Triumphant success and enthusiastic reception of the accomplished Actress and talented Treschicuse,
Miss KATE DENIN
and Ireland's Comedian and Sydney's Favourite,
Mr. W. O'NEIL,
who will appear in a change of performance nightly, being engaged for a limited period.
THIS EVENING, Tuesday, November 26, the performances will commence with the comic drama, entitled
ASMODEUS,
or the
LITTLE DEVIL'S SHARE,
CARLO .....Miss KATE DENIN.
To conclude with, the original Irish drama of
IRELAND AS IT WAS.
RAGGED PAT (with Finnigan's Wake) Mr. W. O'NEIL.
In active preparation, with entirely new and magnificent scenery, mechanism, properties, dresses, and appointments, the Grand Classical Burlesque Extravaganza, by the author of Ixion, and entitled
PARIS, OR VIVE L'EMPEREUR.
No deception—all goods as advertised.

MADAME SOHIER'S WAXWORK EXHIBITION will remain OPEN THIS WEEK specially. CLOSES for the season, SATURDAY next, November 30.

MR. F. H. NEEDS' COMPLIMENTARY PARTY to Mrs. Bentley (pianiste) on THURSDAY next, the 28th instant. Tickets may be obtained of Mr. NEEDS, 147, Pitt-street.

BALMAIN REGATTA.—ENTRANCES will be received at the School of Arts, Balmain, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, and TO-MORROW EVENING, Wednesday, the 26th and 27th instant, from eight till half-past nine o'clock.
FRAS. SPENCE, Honorary Secretary.

THE ROYAL VISIT QUADRILLES, respectfully dedicated by permission to H.R.H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, by ALFRED ANDERSON, with true photograph. ANDERSON and SON, 360, George-st.

ROYAL VISIT WALTZES, by Henry Marsh, beautifully illustrated with carte de visite of H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh; price 3s.
W. H. PALING, 83, Wynyard-square.

DENISON HOUSE.
CLOTHING MANUFACTORY,
THOMPSON and GILES,
T. and G., thankful for the liberal patronage they have received since the establishment of their
CLOTHING MANUFACTORY,
beg to inform the public that their stock is now assorted with every description of Garment, their own manufacture, and greatly superior to English imported goods in cut, finish, and material.
THOMPSON and GILES
invite attention to their well-known
Gentlemen's Drill Suits, at 26s 6d, or
Trousers and Waistcoats, for 12s 6d
Youths' Drill Suits from 13s 6d to 16s 6d.
THOMPSON and GILES.

Gentlemen's CHINA NANKEEN SUITS,
20s 6d the suit,
or Trousers and Waistcoat, for 10s
Boys' and Youths' Nankeen Suits, from 14s 6d to 18s 6d
peculiarly adapted for Australian wear.
THOMPSON and GILES.

Very superior Alpaca Coats
Grenadine and Lawn ditto
Silk, China silk and Linen ditto.
All our own manufacture.
THOMPSON and GILES.

West of England and Scotch Tweed
Suits,
In all the new mixtures, extra light, from 45s the suit,
Our own Manufacture.
THOMPSON and GILES.

BOYS' and YOUTHS' CLOTHING.
The constant and great demand on our resources in this extensive and particular Department has induced us greatly to extend our stock.
BOYS and YOUTHS
returning from school can at once be fitted with garments equal to bespoke. This branch of our business has been studied with every view to economy and perfection.
THOMPSON and GILES.

DENISON HOUSE.
MEN'S MERCERY DEPARTMENT.
Gentlemen's white longcloth Shirts, from 38s 6d the half-dozen.
THOMPSON and GILES have secured the services of a professional cutter, so that shirts to order can be guaranteed a perfect fit, and of the very best materials.

Just opened—
Gentlemen's silk Shirts, choice patterns,
14s 6d each.
THOMPSON and GILES.

Gentlemen's gauze merino Under Shirts,
in all sizes.
Also,
The Novi silk Shirt, very choice.
THOMPSON and GILES.

Travelling Cases, carpet bags, and every necessary for an outfit.
Crimean Shirts
Cambric Handkerchiefs
White and coloured silk ditto.
THOMPSON and GILES.

Commemoration Handkerchiefs, in silk, with likeness of H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, 6s each.
Also,

Scarfs	Collars	Belts
Ties	Wristbands	Hosiery
Rings	Gloves	Paper Collars
Studs	Braces	&c., &c., &c.

in endless variety.
THOMPSON and GILES.

DENISON HOUSE
HATS.
Just opened, several cases of Gentlemen's Hats, from eminent manufacturers, English and Continental.
THE HAT DEPARTMENT,
DENISON HOUSE,
is constantly being replenished with novelties, inclusive of

Gentlemen's Straw	Felt
Tuscan	American
Leghorn	Colonial Washing
Merino	The New Mohair, &c.

Boys' and youths' Hats and Caps, the largest and most varied stock in Sydney.
Indian and Persian Turbans, very rich.
THOMPSON and GILES.

RUSH and ROUSSEAU,
718, Brickfield-hill, George-street, Sydney.
English millinery bonnets, from 10s 6d
Elegant Parisian bonnets, from 15s 6d
Ladies' and children's straw hats, from 1s 6d
A large stock of mourning and wedding bonnets, 10s 6d
A large assortment of ladies' trimmed hats, in all the new shapes, from 7s 6d, the latest fashions
Black silk walking jacke's, only 15s 6d
White llama jackets, trimmed cluny lace, 10s 6d.
Muslin and grenadines, 5s 11d to 9s 6d the full dress
French striped muslins, 6s 11d to 8s 11d full dress
Fine white lustre for ladies' dresses, only 1s 6d per yard
A large lot of fancy dress materials, just opened, at 9½d per yard, worth 1s 3d
2000 muslin dresses, just received, new patterns, 4s 11d the dress, or 6d per yard, warranted fast colours
Fine black lustre, from 7½d per yard
Black Australian crape cloth, very wide, only 1s 4½d
Fine black barathea, only 1s 9d the yard, excellent wear
Superior black Victoria cord, 2s 3d, double width
Black French delaines, from 1s per yard
Black French merinos, from 2s 9d per yard
Fine black coburgs, wide widths, from 10½d per yard
Imperial crapes are highly recommended to families for their richness of appearance and durable wear; prices from 2s 6d per yard
Black lace shawls, from 8s 11d
French llama ditto, black and coloured, 12s 6d
Also, black grenadine, and other shawls, 7s 6d to 15s 6d.

CHEAP NEW FRENCH SILKS!!!
BRIGHT BLACK GLACE SILKS,
2s 11d per yard.
COLOURED CHECKED AND STRIPES,
2s 11d and 3s 6½d.
VERY CHOICE COLOURS,
3s 11d per yard.
An inspection invited,
FARMER, PAINTER, and POPE,
Silk Mercers,
Victoria House.

ASSIGNED ESTATE
of
JOHN SKINNER.
£5000 OF DRAPERY GOODS FOR IMPERATIVE SALE.
SKINNER'S STOCK
now on sale at
J. WETHERILL'S,
233 and 235, Pitt-street.

KID GLOVES Cleaned 6d per pair. Metropolitan Dye Works, Castlereagh-street, opposite Scotch Church.

GREAT ASSIGNMENT SALE OF DRAPERY and CLOTHING.
W. L. SHEARD, 578, George-street
(two doors from Bathurst-street).
IMMENSE REDUCTION IN PRICES!
Printed delaines, really good, 4½d yard
Printed lustres new patterns, 6½d yard
The new striped grenadine, 8½d yard, worth 1s
Mixed alpaca lustres, 6½d yard, worth 10½d
50 pieces stout gambroons, 9½d yard, worth 1s
Stout linen drill, 1s 6½d yard (striped)
Stout linen drill, only 12½d yard, worth 1s 6d
Stout Scotch twill, only 8½d yard, worth 10½d
Stout flannel, 8½d yard; good white calico, 4½d
Stout grey calico, 3½d; 72 inch grey sheeting, 12½d
New pattern prints, fast colours, 5½d yard
Finest cambric prints, 6½d, 8½d yard
200 rolls French bonnet ribbon, 6½d yard
500 boys' and youths' hosting hats, 1s 6½d to 1s 11d
Boy's black cloth and fancy caps, 1s 11d
Men's stout tweed trousers, 5s 11d pair, worth 10s 9d
Men's all wool tweed trousers, 10s 9d, worth 18s
Men's tweed sac coats, 8s 11d, well made
Men's Witney sac coats, 15s 9d, worth 20s
Men's white marcella vests, 3s 11d, worth 10s 6d
Men's stout moleskin trousers, 5s 11d pair
Stout linen duck trousers, 2s 11d pair.
No deception—all goods as advertised.
Note the address—
W. L. SHEARD, 578, George-street.

THE CITY HOSIERY AND GLOVE WAREHOUSE,
338, GEORGE-STREET.
PEAPES and SHAW have just opened a very superior assortment of GENTLEMEN'S SUMMER UNDERSHIRTS, with LONG or SHORT SLEEVES, LIGHT CHEAP, and DURABLE.
Also, gauze, tissue, and new fancy scarfs
Sailor ties washing silk scarfs, tartan, ribbons, and fancy ties, in endless variety
LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S FIRST CHOICE JOSEPHINE Kid Gloves, in every SHADE of COLOUR, with PLAIN and TAMBOURED backs
FOSTER PORTER'S NEW CALF GLOVES for gentlemen, in light drab, an admirable glove for riding or driving
LADIES' and CHILDREN'S COLOURED TAFFETA GLOVES, with plain or TAMBOURED BACKS, in all the NEW COLOURS
Gentlemen's BLACK, BUFF, and DRAB ALPACA COATS, of superior cut and workmanship
GENTLEMEN'S WHITE LINEN COATS, well cut, and warranted not to shrink, 12s 6d each
Gentlemen's BLACK and DRAB DUST COATS, in every size
GENTLEMEN'S COLOURED MARCELLA VESTS, 5s 6d each, or THREE for TEN SHILLINGS
Gentlemen's WHITE MARCELLA VESTS, 5s 6d each, or THREE for FIFTEEN SHILLINGS
Gentlemen's superior WHITE SHIRTS, SIX for FORTY SHILLINGS, new ruffs, wide or narrow plaits
New shirt studs, collar studs, sleeve links
Ivory tablets, card cases, portemonnaies, ladies' and gentlemen's bags, and perfumery of every description
PORTMANTEAUS, in SOLID LEATHER or BASIL, in every size, FOR OVERLAND ROUTES.
PEAPES and SHAW,
THE CITY HOSIERY and GLOVE WAREHOUSE,
338, George-street.

"BREATHES there a MAN, with soul so dead
Who never to himself hath said,"
Or, in the Papers, Poems read
That TURNER'S BARGAINS, all, are spread

Before the Public, in such taste
That each and all make greatest haste
To fit themselves about the waist
And bust, with clothes so very chaste.

The High, the Low, the Rich, the Poor,
The most Fastidious, all, are sure
To please their tastes, with styles as pure
And makes as strong, as will ensure

The roughest use, the hardest wear,
And will not give, when "Critics" dare
To find a flaw, or to compare
The MARKET CLOTH HALL "Bill of Fare."

Tweed suits, to measure, well made and well shrunk	£2 10 0
Black cloth suits, to measure, well made and a perfect fit	3 10 0
Tweed trousers, to measure, well shrunk and well made	0 15 0
Black cloth trousers, to measure, unrivalled at ..	1 0 0

The largest and most magnificent stock of Woollens in the colony to select from.
The trade and public supplied with cut lengths, or by the piece, at wholesale prices.
Gents' riding pants cut on an improved principle.
LIVERIES, ROBES, LADIES' RIDING HABITS, &c., &c.
Note the address—
J. TURNER, Market Cloth Hall,
484, George-street,
opposite the Fruit Markets,
not the Haymarket.

THE MONSTER CLOTHING HALL.
COHEN, BROTHERS, and CO.'s
COLONIAL MANUFACTURES
are of a character at once useful, elegant, and imposing. They are stamped with originality and high art; and the painstaking labour which they devote to the production of
GENERAL SUITABLE CLOTHING
for their customers is the chief cause of the honourable and prominent position they have now obtained, owing to the preference shewn for their
COLONIAL MANUFACTURES.
They have now much pleasure in calling attention to one of the
BEST AND MOST VARIED STOCK
of Ready-made Clothing in the Colonies. The classification and general assortment of the various goods will enable visitors to make a minute inspection of the
STYLE AND QUALITY,
and satisfaction cannot fail to result from an examination of the extensive
SPRING AND SUMMER STOCKS
FOR
THE PRESENT SEASON.

COLONIAL MANUFACTURED
Summer suits, from 35s to 45s
Angola ditto, from 45s to 60s
Tweed ditto, from 38s to 50s
Diagonal suits, from 45s to 60s
Silk mixed suits, from 45s to 55s
Venetian cloth ditto, from 50s to 63s.

COLONIAL MANUFACTURED
Black frock coats from 42s to 63s
Black Palmerston ditto, from 28s to 40s
Black Edinboro' ditto, from 35s to 45s
Black Paget ditto, from 28s to 38s
Black sac ditto, from 18s to 25s
Black Venetian ditto, from 25s to 35s

COLONIAL MANUFACTURED
Summer tweed sacs, from 12s 6d to 18s 6d
Alpaca sac coats, from 7s 6d to 10s 6d
Lustre ditto ditto, from 10s 6d to 15s 6d
Diagonal sac ditto, from 17s 6d to 30s
Silk-mixed ditto, from 22s to 30s
Angola sac ditto, from 21s to 32s.

COLONIAL MANUFACTURED
Trousers and vests, from 18s 6d to 30s
Summer trousers, from 10s 6d to 15s
Black dress trousers, from 18s to 25s
Fancy tweed ditto, from 15s to 18s 6d
Fancy doe ditto, from 12s 6d to 17s 6d
Silk mixed ditto, from 15s to 22s.

COLONIAL MANUFACTURED
Summer vests from 5s 6d to 8s
Light tweed ditto, from 7s to 9s 6d
Black alpaca ditto, from 5s to 7s 6d
Black cloth ditto, from 7s 6d to 12s 6d
White marsella ditto, from 6s 6d to 10s 6d
Black velvet ditto, from 18s to 24s.

COLONIAL MANUFACTURED
Boys' sensation suits, from 17s to 25s
Boys' Zouave suits, from 15s to 22s
Boys' Swiss ditto, from 18s to 25s
Boys' Knickerbocker ditto, from 15s to 21s
Boys' Eton ditto, from 20s to 30s
Boys' Albert ditto, from 22s 6d to 35s.

Method of trading—
All goods marked in plain figures.
No abatement from the price.
Any article exchanged if not approved of.
COHEN, BROTHERS, and CO., Monster Clothing Hall, 402, George-street.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S UNDERCLOTHING. Tucked petticoats 4s 6d, 6s 9d; with 14 tucks, 8s 6d; slip bodies, 2s 6d, trimmed; trimmed chemises, 2s 11d, 3s 11d; very superior, 4s 6d; tucked drawers, 2s 11d, 3s 11d; night dresses, 4s 11d, 5s 11d; print wrappers, 8s 9d, 10s 9d; grass cloth and white check muslin wrappers in the latest styles. Baby linen, a full assortment remarkably cheap. Orders promptly executed.
Note the address—Mrs. FRANCIS, 273, Pitt-street, next door Farmer, Painter, and Pope's.

LADIES' and Children's Underclothing and Baby Linen.—Having purchased a large lot of the above, we are able to offer the same at considerable reductions on former prices. Waterproof sheeting, accouchement belts, cot silk, infants' richly worked dresses, capes, pelisses, robes, gowns, &c.; embroiderers' squares and cloaks, hoods and hats (new styles), ladies' nightdresses, chemises, drawers, petticoats, &c., bought at English cost, will be sold for a small profit, in order to clear quickly, at
Mrs. WAY'S, 263 and 265, Pitt-street.

REOPENING of C. KINGSBOROUGH'S, Wellington House,
531, Brickfield-hill.
The public are respectfully informed that the alterations in the above well-known and old-established premises are now completed, and they will be RE-OPENED THIS DAY, 23rd instant, with an entirely new and really choice selection of seasonable and useful Drapery, consisting of
Every variety in white calicoes and longcloths
Grey calicoes and sheetings
Prints, in endless variety
French and organdi muslins
Mohairs, challis, grenadines, and French delaines
Various other dress materials
Lace mantles and shawls
Flannels, tonvillings, bellends, linens
Hosiery, haberdashery, muslin and lace goods
Ladies' and children's straw hats, new shapes
Black broadcloths, doeskins, tweeds, gambroons, drills, &c.
A very carefully-selected stock of ready made clothing, in black cloth, doeskin, tweed, drill, cashmere, and alpaca, suitable for the present season
Moleskin trousers. Scotch twill and crimean shirts, unusually cheap.
The public are reminded that all the above goods are quite new, and, being chiefly bought at auction, will be sold at prices unusually low.
C. KINGSBOROUGH,
531, Brickfield-hill,
Opposite Wilshire-buildings.
N.B.—Wanted, a smart Junior. None other need apply.

P. M'CARROLL.
LIST OF PRICES.

	per lb.		per lb.
Hind quarter mutton ..	2½d	Spice beef	.. 4d
Fore ditto ditto	2d	Round beef, cooked	.. 4d
By whole or half sheep ..	2d	German sausage	.. 4d
Mutton chops	.. 2½d	Black pudding	.. 3d
Rump steaks	.. 3d	Beef sausage	.. 2d
Beef steaks	.. 1½d	Pork ditto	.. 6d
Boiling beef	.. 1½d	Legs of pork	.. 5d
Corn beef	.. 1½d	Loins of pork	.. 5½d
Ribs of roasting beef ..	2½d	Veal	.. 4d
Sirloin ditto	.. 3d	Suet	.. 8d
Hind quarter of beef ..	1½d	Ox tongues	1s 6d each.
Fore quarter of beef ..	1½d		

Whitechapel Market, Botany Road, Redfern.
Corner of Pitt and Market streets, Sydney.
William-street, Woolloomooloo.
Parramatta-street, nearly opposite the Newtown Road.
189, South Head Road.
Botany, near Hollinshed's.
Cumberland-street, near the Watch-house.
Kent-street, near the Gas Hotel.

TO PERSONS OF WEAK AND IMPERFECT SIGHT.
FLAVELLE, BROTHERS, and CO. respectfully inform ladies and gentlemen requiring the assistance of SPECTACLES that they have lately received a supply of the PATENT PANTOSCOPIC PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
The great advantage of this "patent" over every other kind of spectacle, for long or aged sight, is, that owing to the peculiar formation of the lenses and the angle at which they are held by the frames, the object is seen DIRECTLY through, instead of slantwise, and distortion avoided, they also give free scope for the eyes above the lenses, and at the same time are always ready and in the best position for reading or working.
Ordinary pebble spectacles, per pair 10s
The best quality, ditto 12s 6d.
354, George-street.

BRAZILIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES 10s. 6d. Superior Thermometers, for hot weather, 2s. 6d. Useful Pocket Microscope, with objects, 10s. 6d. W. MAC DONNELL and CO., 326, George-st., Sydney.

MATTRESSES and Palliasses, Horsehair Fibre and Fur Mattresses. J. LAWLER, 316, Pitt-street.

MATTRESSES Cleaned and Remade by steam. J. LAWLER, 316, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-street.

FOR SALE, two Patent SAFETYS, two Horses and Harness. JOHN WARD, 210, Parramatta-st, Glebe.

APPRENTICES Wanted for the MILLINERY Business. F. F. Dalton, Hibernian House, 90, King-st.

A LIBERAL DOUCEUR given in proportion to salary obtained by a steady man as Clerk, Collector, or in any other capacity. Address Confidence, HERALD Office.

A FIRST-CLASS PENMAN and ENGROSSER wanted immediately. Reply, stating address, before 1 o'clock this day, Tuesday, to Beta, HERALD Office.

A JOBBING CARPENTER Wanted. Apply Mr. J. Hitchcock, No. 21, Union-street.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, competent ASSISTANTS, also Apprentices and improvers. 19, Bligh-st.

EMPTY KEROSENE CASES.—A large quantity required. 1s 6d will be given for each case containing 2 tins, if in first rate condition, and carefully opened. Apply to R. NOTT, 305, George-street.

PAINTER wanted. 29, Botany Road, near Parramatta-street.

REQUIRED, a Furnished BEDROOM, for a Lady. Address Permanent, 21, Stanley-street.

SMALL Furnished COTTAGE wanted. Rent and particulars to R. E. M., HERALD Office.

£5 WILL be given for a SITUATION, for a respectable youth. Is a good penman, quick at accounts. Country preferred. F. L., HERALD Office.

THE Advertiser desires to secure comfortable ACCOMMODATION for his family (two) during his absence from Sydney. Two furnished rooms are sought, and in a home where privacy can be enjoyed. The neighbourhood of Upper Fort-street preferred. Address M., HERALD Office.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, a business MAN, with small capital, to take an interest in a first rate concern. State full particulars and real name, to R. H. B., HERALD Office.

TWO SALESWOMEN Wanted; also a Milliner. 630, Brickfield hill.

TO BAKERS.—Wanted, third HAND. Apply Mr. J. Boylson, Canterbury.

TO BAKERS.—Wanted, a good steady MAN, in a single hand place. Apply to G. Neil (late Newell), Newtown Road. None but steady men need apply.

TO CUTTERS.—A LETTER for H. L., at HERALD Office.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted an active JUNIOR. J. R. Hoare and Co., 333, George-street.

WANTED, a healthy MAN, to suit meat and to make himself useful. T. Hambly, butcher, S. H. Road.

WANTED, COAT HANDS, at Cohen, Brothers, 402, George-street.

WANTED, MACHINE HANDS, to make Boys' Suits. City Wardrobe, 249, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a smart YOUTH, who can write a good hand. Marsden and Son, Circular Quay.

WANTED, HANDS to make Alpaca Sacs. City Wardrobe, 229, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Apply 102, King street.

WANTED, a good CLICKER, one who understands his business. Apply 300, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, BOYS, accustomed to riveting; also a FINISHER. 788, George-street South.

WANTED, a GIRL of 14, to make herself useful. Matthews, shoemaker, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 15, to be generally useful. Apply Mrs. Roberts, 124, South Head Road.

WANTED, a PLASTERER. Apply Mr. B. Williams, Comber-street, near Paddington Brewery.

WANTED, to SELL Pagnel and Spring Carts, cheap. DOUGLASS, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, APPRENTICES to the Waistcoat-making. Apply 48, Stanley-street.

WANTED, a BOY, to assist at a toll-gate near town. Pierce, William-street

WANTED, a Young MAN, to deliver bread; a baker preferred. Apply 262, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a BRICKLAYER. Apply to J. Parsons, Glenmore Road, Paddington, op. Rose and Crown.

WANTED, a NURSE-GIRL. Apply 12, South Head Road.

WANTED, a strong useful GIRL, about 16. Apply, between 9 and 10, at 289, Palmer-street.

WANTED, a PARTNER, to join in a payable business. Address J.D., F. Lester, South Head Road.

WANTED, a good CARPENTER and Joiner, none other need apply. 361, Crown-st., Surry Hills.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 84, South Head Road.

WANTED, a LADY'S MAID, who understands her duties. Apply all this week to Mrs. Capps.

WANTED, a Female SERVANT, Currency Lass Hotel.

WANTED, an active LAD, to mind a horse and make himself useful. 319, Kent-street, between 9 and 10.

WANTED, a young WOMAN, as Cook and Laundress. Apply 157, Liverpool-street, Hyde-park.

WANTED, to SELL, first-class TURNING LATHE, with slide rest. Apply J. Fenson, 351, Pitt-st.

WANTED, an active General SERVANT; also a Nursegirl. Between 10 and 11, Dawson's Foundry.

WANTED, PLASTERERS, to finish four houses. George Hopgood, King and Kent streets.

WANTED, a GIRL, to make herself useful, accustomed to children. 64, Buckingham-street.

WANTED, a GIRL, able to wash and iron. Must sleep at home. Apply, early, 101, South Head Rd.

WANTED, APPRENTICE to the Dressmaking. 233, Macquarie-street, opposite the Infirmary.

WANTED, to SELL, horse, spring-cart, and harness, £9. Fruit Shop, Lyons-ter., Liverpool-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply, after 10, Mrs. Barnett, 2, Rose-terrace, William-street.

WANTED, a MAN, as Billiard-marker and otherwise useful. 9 a.m., Sir John Young Hotel, William st.

WANTED, a CARPENTER, also a Labouring MAN 9 a.m., corner of King and George streets.

WANTED, a Man as COOK, &c. Apply A. Long, corner of Elizabeth and Bathurst streets.

WANTED, Light WORKMEN. Apply Sweetman, bootmaker, 42, King-street West.

WANTED, a HAIRDRESSER Apply at F. Jackson's, 76, King-street.

WANTED, a Furnished BEDROOM for a married couple. Apply Mrs. Ross, 76, Elizabeth-st. N.

WANTED, a little GIRL, Mrs. Billinghurst, 114, Campbell-street, near Haymarket.

WANTED, a young GIRL, to make herself useful. Apply to Mrs. Cohen, City Wardrobe, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a NURSEMAID. Apply to Mrs. Garran, 147, Phillip-street.

WANTED, to Lease a FARM between Sydney and Liverpool. State particulars to A. Black, Concord.

WANTED, by two gentlemen, private residence. Partial Board. Address A., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a strong GIRL; one accustomed to children. Apply corner of Bligh and Hunter streets.

WANTED, MEN to make kip boots; and strong Youths, as Apprentices. E. Kennedy, 313, George-st.

WANTED to SELL and Buy Furniture, at Rushton's, opposite Wesleyan Church, York-street.

WANTED, a CANDLE MAKER. Apply to J. H. Leonard, 8, Burton-lane, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, experienced MILLINER, for Parramatta. Apply, Wednesday, M'Arthur and Co.'s, York-st.

WANTED, a clean, active little GIRL. Apply after 9, at 149, Macleay-street, Woolloomooloo Heights.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply after 10, Mrs. Barnett, Rose-terrace, 131, William-street.

WANTED, two BOYS, about 15. Apply 125, Lower George-street.

WANTED, an experienced NURSE, with references. Mrs. F. Milford, 261, Elizabeth-st., This Morning.

WANTED, Hotel Runners, and a Barmaid and Waitress. Mr. Haigh, labour agent, 221, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a PLASTERER. George Orchard, Curtis Road, Balmain.

WANTED, MEN, to make elastic sides; also, Improvers. Crown-street, 2 doors from Liverpool-st.

WANTED, a respectable young Girl, as General SERVANT. Apply at 19, O'Connell-street.

WANTED, 2 first-class SALESWOMEN. Parry, Brothers, King-street.

WANTED, a good HOUSEMAID; must understand waiting at table. Mrs. Williams, Star Hotel, Bridge-st.

WANTED, a tidy little GIRL. Apply 325, Elizabeth-street South.

WANTED, a strong active LAD, about 17; reference required. Apply Mrs. Harris, 4, Carlton-terrace.

WANTED, smart young LADY for the shop; good character. Flore Australienne, 317, George street.

WANTED, a competent General SERVANT Apply 244, George-st, opposite Church hill.

WANTED, thoroughly respectable NURSEGIRL. Apply, after 9, 151, Castlereagh-street North.

WANTED, respectable young Woman as General SERVANT. Apply, after 9 o'clock, 649, George-st.

WANTED, a young GIRL, to make herself generally useful. Apply 345, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a CHIEF OFFICER. Barque Charlotte Andrews, Smith's Wharf.

WANTED, a LAD, to make himself generally useful. W. Saber, general importer, 500 and 502, George-st.

WANTED, 4 good FENCERS for the Gwydir district. ARCHER'S Stables, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a young GIRL, for general work. One to sleep at home preferred. 62, King-street.

WANTED, BOY, to attend to horse and buggy. Address Smith, Pyrmont Bridge Road.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Able to milk a cow. Apply Mrs. Brown, 86, Hunter-street.

WANTED, Two Straw SEWERS and two IMPROVERS. Apply T. Gill, 571, George-st. South.

WANTED, BOARD and RESIDENCE (quiet) by Two Gentlemen, near Hunter-st. A. and B., HERALD.

WANTED, a BOY; one accustomed to a boot shop. Swyny and Son, 124, William-street.

WANTED, FINISHERS, men to make elastic-sides and women's sewed work. Swyny and Son, Wm-st.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID. Cohen's Family Hotel, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, Sufferers from Rheumatism to Read Advertisement. Professor MAC.

WANTED, a Young GIRL to go to Richmond. Apply 21, Windmill-street, Miller's Point.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Mrs. Henry Paker, 459, Pitt-street, below Liverpool-street.

WANTED,